## DESIGN REVIEW BOARD



**December 15, 2020** 

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## Design Review Board (Mesa Code of Ordinance, Title 2)

## **Composition:**

Seven members appointed by the Mayor with City Council's approval

## **Qualifications:**

- Two architects
- Two other design professionals (i.e. planning, landscape architecture, interior design, etc.)
- One contractor
- Two Mesa citizens

## **Authority of the Design Review Board**

(Mesa Code of Ordinance, Title 2)

## **Powers and Duties:**

- Advise the City Council on exterior design and landscaping guidelines for buildings, structures, and open space areas
- Review and decide on design and architectural elements of development proposals as specified by "Ordinance"
- Perform other functions as assigned by the Mayor or City Council

# Authority of the Design Review Board (Zoning Ordinance - Chapter 71)

## Purpose of the Design Review:

- Compliance with Zoning Ordinance
- Ensure high quality and aesthetic pleasing developments
- Adherence to the City's Comprehensive Plan, Sub-Area Plan and other Council policies (e.g., design guidelines)

# Authority of the Design Review Board (Zoning Ordinance)

## **Review Criteria:**

- Compliance with General Plan, Zoning Ordinance and other applicable policies
- Improvement to the natural and built environment
- Design of the project, including scale, massing, site plan, exterior design and landscaping enhances the project site
- Provide architectural interest especially those visible from the street, sidewalks, and public areas

# Authority of the Design Review Board (Zoning Ordinance)

## **Review Criteria:**

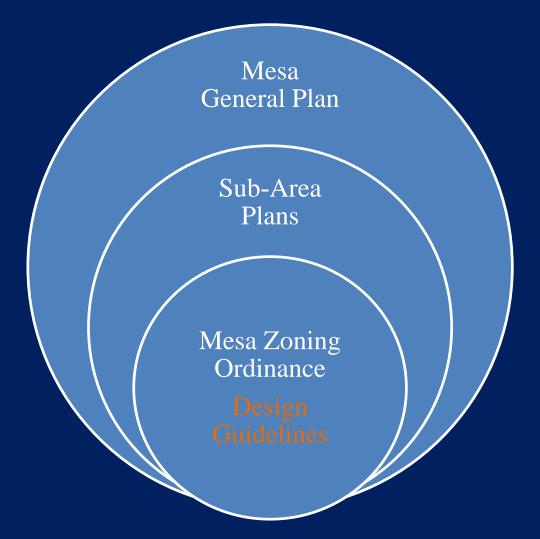
- Integration of color, materials and landscaping to create well integrated development
- Compatibility of project with surrounding neighborhood
- Provide different building style and designs that are well integrated and avoid bulky or big box styles

# Authority of the Design Review Board (Zoning Ordinance)

## **Review Criteria:**

- Attractive streetscapes, including street trees. lighting, and pedestrian furniture consistent with activity centers
- Pedestrian scale development to attract pedestrians and create greater safety through pedestrian surveillance
- Appropriate landscaping suitable for the development and plant material appropriate for the drought conditions

## Tools for Land Use Reviews





# Land Use Review Process Design Review

Development
Application Reviews &
Recommendation

Public Hearings
(DRB, P&Z & City
Council)

Land Use Entitlement/Designation





## QUALITY DEVELOPMENT DESIGN GUIDELINES



# DESIGN REVIEW BOARD

**December 15, 2020** 

Rachel Prelog, Senior Planner

## RESIDENTIAL

## **Key Elements:**

- Neighborhood character & sense of place
- Architectural variety
- Centrally located open space
- Visually interesting streetscapes
- Durable, high-quality building materials
- Prominent entries
- Changes in wall plane and architectural detailing











#### SUBDIVISION DESIGN

- Entryway monumentation
- Perimeter wall articulation
- Architecture variation based on subdivision size/number of lots

## RS & RSL DESIGN STANDARDS

- Maximum lot coverage
- 2 materials -- 15% minimum
- 1 change in wall plane
- Minimum dimensions for porches
- No more than 50% of front yard paved

#### RM DESIGN STANDARDS

- Maximum lot coverage
- 2 materials -- 25% minimum
- Wall articulation every 25'
- Distributed guest parking
- Detached garages designed to building standards if publicly visible
- Attached garages- recessed and no more than 3 doors in a row









## COMMERCIAL

#### Key Elements:

- Buildings that engage the street
- Sense of entry & arrival
- Cohesive design that complements surrounding development
- Changes in wall plane and massing of elements
- Mixture of materials and architectural design elements
- Varying roof lines
- Prominent building entries
- Pedestrian scaled design & amenities
- Landscaping & shade elements



#### CHARACTER & IMAGE

- Cohesive design without being monotonous
- Careful utilization of corporate architecture

#### DESIGN STANDARDS

- Maximum lot coverage
- 3 materials -- 50% max of one material
- Wall articulation every 50 ft
- Roof articulation every 100 ft
- Base & top treatment
- All sided architecture
- Loading areas away from public view

# LARGE COMMERCIAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

- Required open space with amenities e.g. seating, kiosks, water features, shade structures etc.
- No more than 50% of parking between the building and street









## INDUSTRIAL

#### Key Elements:

- Changes in wall plane & massing of elements
- Mixture of materials & architectural design elements
- Varying roof lines
- Prominent building entries
- Pedestrian scaled design and amenities
- Landscaping & shade elements
- Screened loading & service areas
- Smaller, segmented parking lots











#### CHARACTER & IMAGE

- Cohesive design without being monotonous
- Visitor & amenity space for buildings over 30,000 sq ft
- Open space must contain 75% landscaping if not used for active recreation

#### DESIGN STANDARDS

- Maximum lot coverage
- 3 materials -- 50% max of one material
- Wall articulation every 50 ft
- Roof articulation every 100 ft
- Base & top treatment
- Loading areas away from public view
- Prominent entries with roof variation, projections or recessions or overhangs
- Parking lot screening











## QUALITY DEVELOPMENT DESIGN GUIDELINES



## QUESTIONS