

City of Mesa, Arizona

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014





City of Mesa, Arizona

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

John Giles Mayor

Dave Richins Councilmember, District 1

Alex Finter Councilmember, District 2

Dennis Kavanaugh Councilmember, District 3 Christopher Glover Councilmember, District 4

David Luna *Councilmember, District 5*

Scott Somers Councilmember, District 6



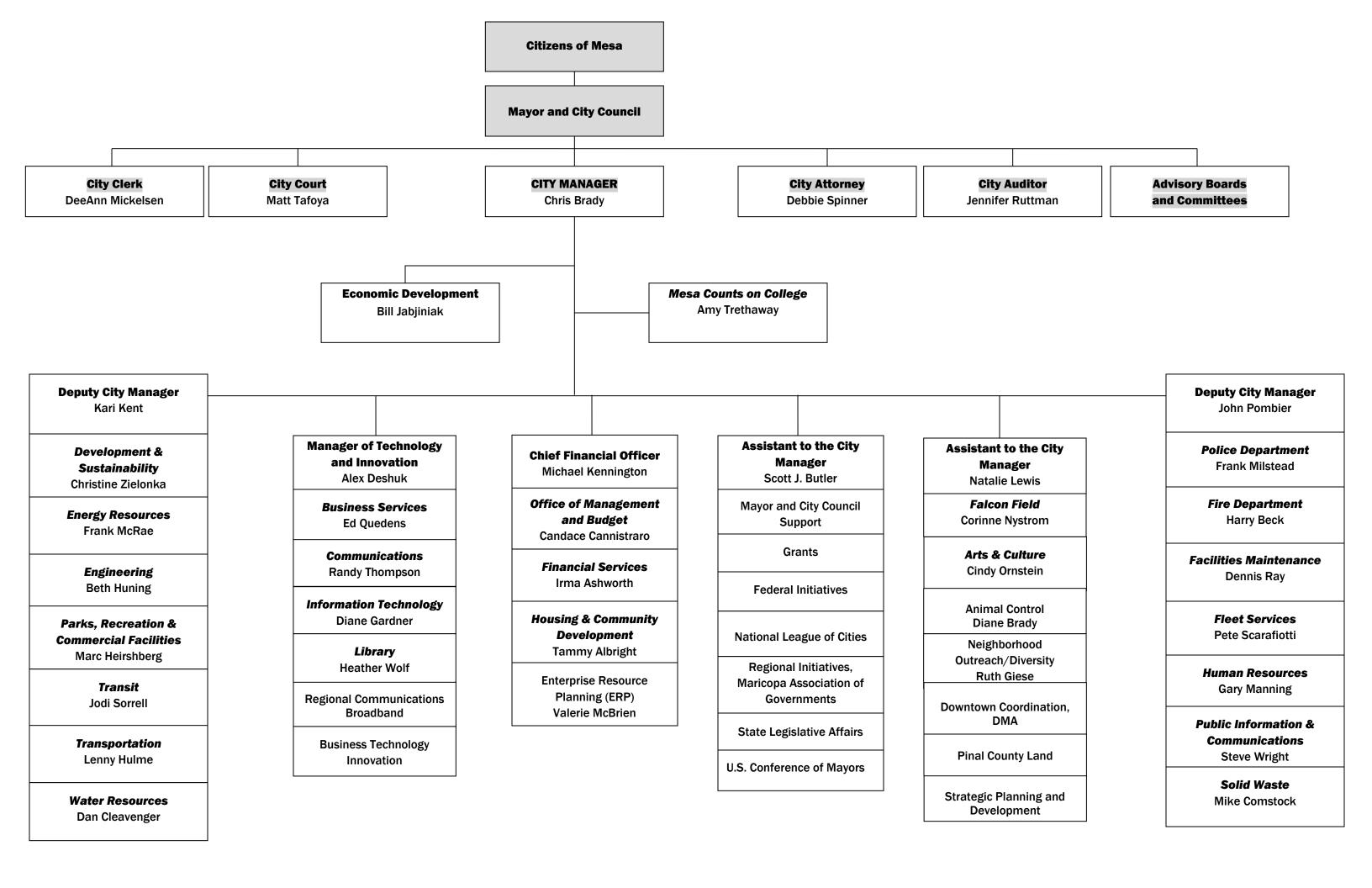
Kari Kent Deputy City Manager



Chris Brady City Manager



John Pombier Deputy City Manager



Introductory Section

Banner Health Cardon Children's Medical Center



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December 16, 2014

To the Citizens, Honorable Mayor, City Council and City Manager:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Mesa (the "City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is hereby submitted.

Prepared by the Financial Services Department, this report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Mesa. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the government's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City's financial statements have been audited by CliftonLarsonAllen, LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the City was part of a broader, federally mandated "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in the City's separately issued Single Audit Report.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) and should

be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the City

The City was founded in 1878 and incorporated July 15, 1883 with an approximate population of 300 and an area of one square mile. Today, the City's estimated population is 454,981 compared with the 2000 decennial census count of 397,760, within an incorporated area of approximately 141 square miles. Total land area encompasses 182 square miles. The City is the 38th largest city in the United States and is the third largest city in the State of Arizona. Mesa is located 16 miles east of Phoenix, the State Capitol. The City operates under a charter form of government with citizens electing a Mayor and six Councilmembers to set policy for the City. City Councilmembers are elected from districts and serve terms of four years, with three members being elected every two years. The Mayor is elected at-large every four years. The Mayor and Council are elected on a non-partisan basis, and the Vice Mayor is selected by the City Council.

The Mayor and City Council are responsible for appointing the City Manager, City Attorney, City Auditor, City Clerk and the Presiding City Magistrate. The City Manager has full responsibility for carrying out City Council policies and administering City operations and is responsible for the hiring of City employees. Additionally, City employees are hired under merit system procedures as specified in the City Charter.

An allocated staff of 3,520 full-time (equivalent) City employees working within twenty-eight different City departments undertakes the various functions of Mesa's city government and its operation. The City provides a full range of municipal services, including police and fire protection, parks and recreation, library, transportation, health and certain social services and general administration; and, the City owns and operates enterprises including operations of electric, gas, water, wastewater, solid waste, airport and golf courses. The Mesa Art Center, which includes 212,755 square feet of performing arts, visual arts and art education facilities, is the largest comprehensive arts campus in the state. The Mesa Art Center was awarded the Venue Excellence Award by the International Association of Venue Managers. This prestigious award recognizes venues such as stadiums, convention centers, arenas, performing arts centers, and academic institutions that demonstrate excellence in the following four criteria: service to the community, team building/professional development, safety and security, and operational excellence.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. Historical data is analyzed during the creation of a multi-year financial forecast. The forecast provides a framework to assist Mesa's elected officials and executive team make important decisions about the direction of the City.

The City Council sets the City's long-term strategic direction and provides staff with budget priorities for the upcoming fiscal year. A proposed budget is presented to the City Council for review and discussion in mid spring with the final adoption of the operating budget by resolution in late spring. The City of Mesa begins the fiscal year on July 1st.

Legal control over the budget derives from State statutes that prohibit the City from exceeding its adopted budget in total, and from the resolution itself that sets the limit. The residents of Mesa approved a Home Rule exemption to the State of Arizona's expenditure limitation requirement. The City can determine the budget level as long as the City can identify resources to cover the expenses.

The budget appropriated by the City Council consists of all planned expenditures and the associated resources to cover them. While the State does not require trust fund expenditures to be appropriated, the City chooses to include them in order to fully represent City activity.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the City operates.

Local Economy

The City's economic indicator for residential construction in fiscal year (FY) 2013/2014 is up 15% from FY 2012/2013. During FY13/14 the City issued 1,081 permits for new residential construction. This is 12% more than the previous fiscal year. The corresponding dollar valuation associated with all FY13/14 permits increased approximately \$83 million from the prior fiscal year. Analysis of the recent data indicates a steady level of construction activity in both the residential and commercial sectors. Activity levels have been increasing for the past four years and may indicate some level of sustained recovery from the economic slowdown of the prior years.

The increase in construction activity resulted in an associated increase in sales tax revenues. For the year ending June 30, 2014, overall sales tax revenues were up 4.9%, an increase of 4.1% from the adopted budget. Other financial resources followed the economy's continuation of a slow and steady recovery. The City incorporated this in the preparation of the FY14/15 budget.

Conservative budget practices and willingness to respond to economic indicators continues to allow the City to maintain unrestricted fund balance reserve levels as established in the City's financial policies. The FY14/15 budget continues the City's fiscally conservative approach and reinforces the City's effort to invest in economic development, improve public safety and attract and retain excellent employees. All fund balances were maintained at or above the levels prescribed by financial policy and prudent practice.

Major Initiatives

During the year, several major accomplishments have continued to be realized. Some of these were:

- The Mesa Riverview area is getting a massive boost to its hospitality accommodations in the form of Starwood Hotels and Resorts' Sheraton River View Hotel. The four-story, 160,000-plus-square-foot facility, directly adjacent to Cubs Park, will feature views of the park and easy access to games. This will allow baseball fans to stay as close to the action as physically possible. With 180 rooms, including seven VIP suites and one presidential suite with a balcony, the hotel is designed from top to bottom to provide an upscale environment. The resort includes a courtyard, patios with views of the mountains and the stadium, a sun terrace with a direct view of the scoreboard, fitness facilities, a full restaurant, a conference center and a ballroom and sports bar.
- The Oakland A's are putting the finishing touches on their upgrades to Hohokam Park and the training facility at the adjacent Fitch Park in preparation for the 2015 Spring Training season. The A's have added nearly 26,000 square feet to the facilities at Fitch Park, including a strength-training room nearly three times larger than the team previously had, a hydrotherapy room that will include an underwater treadmill, and locker rooms designed to accommodate up to 200 players and about 50 coaches at one time. At Hohokam Park, the A's have upgraded the seating bowl, patio areas, the home clubhouse and the scoreboard. The project is expected to cost \$27 million with Mesa's portion capped at \$17.5 million of the cost.
- This fall, Benedictine University began its second academic year at its Mesa branch campus with more than 200 students more than doubling its enrollment since the school opened its doors in fall 2013. One reason for the strong enrollment increase is the University's commitment to making higher education affordable and attainable by providing as much financial assistance as possible to those in need so that a private, Catholic education can become a reality for them. Student-athletes have begun competing in men's and women's cross country, golf, tennis and volleyball this fall as the Benedictine University at Mesa "Redhawks."
- The City of Mesa, in partnership with Arizona State University (ASU), has announced the Business Academy at LAUNCHPOINT, a free program to train entrepreneurs in a variety of methodologies, to validate business ideas, and to position their companies for funding opportunities. The first class at the Business Academy at LAUNCHPOINT began in the fall 2014 and will run through May 2015. The participants will be directed through an eight-month, structured program that will give entrepreneurs the competitive edge when pursuing funding opportunities. LAUNCHPOINT will provide each participant with free private office space and furniture, business center access, phone and Internet service, 24/7 facility access, on-site parking and mail service.
- OneSource Virtual (OneSource), a leading cloud-based Business Process Outsourcing (BPO) provider, announced it is opening a 21,182 sq. ft. processing facility that will create approximately 120 jobs in Mesa by the end of 2015. The new office will allow OneSource to strategically service an established and growing customer base in the Pacific and Mountain Time Zones through expanded hours of operations.
- Phoenix Rising Investments, LLC has acquired and will renovate the Valley East Plaza Shopping Center, located in the heart of the Fiesta District. The remodeled complex will be known as Centrica and is expected to be completed by early 2015. Centrica will

feature more than 110,000 sq. ft. of single story contiguous Class A office space, more than 700 parking spots and fiber optic backbone connectivity. Centrica will be located in prime real estate due to the proximity to both the U.S. 60 and Loop 101 freeways, easy access to public transit and the amenities surrounding the area. "Centrica will be within walking distance to an abundance of restaurants, retail, and educational facilities – and just a twenty-minute commute for over one million well-educated people," Michael Hsiung, Principal of Phoenix Rising Investments, LLC said.

- American Traffic Solutions (ATS), a market leader in road safety camera installations in North America, will move its corporate headquarters and 600 employees to a new office building planned at Mesa Riverview in northwest Mesa. Arizona developers, Lincoln Property Co. and Harvard Investments are building the 250,000 sq. ft. Waypoint office complex, which will complete the partially built Riverview Point Office Park. ATS will occupy 108,000 sq. ft. in the smaller building of the two-building Waypoint complex. The new facility will allow ATS to bring its fleet services and government solutions business units into one location, according to company CEO James Tuton. The company expects to add as many as 170 more employees at the location by 2017.
- According to recent lists published by the Phoenix Business Journal, Mesa's Empire Southwest with more than 1,400 employees was ranked the 2nd largest family-owned business and the 6th largest privately-owned business in Arizona. Empire Southwest is currently completing the 90,000 sq. ft. expansion of its Mesa facility and adding a two-story, 25,000 sq. ft. office area that will contain Empire's fluids lab and 10 service and support teams.
- A groundbreaking was held in August for El Rancho Apartments on the site of a blighted motel that will become a four-story apartment community with 66 units to house families with children. The \$13.6 million El Rancho development is a collaboration led by Community Development Partners (CDP) with the City of Mesa, Arizona Department of Housing, non-profit partner Integrity Housing, and supportive service provider A New Leaf, with the goal of providing life-enhancing safe, quality affordable housing in Downtown Mesa.
- In September 2014, Bridgestone Americas, Inc., a subsidiary of the world's largest tire and rubber manufacturer, Japan-based Bridgestone Corporation, held a grand opening for its new Biorubber Process Research Center in the Mesa Gateway area to investigate the use of the Guayule plant as an alternative natural rubber source. The 10-acre site includes an 8,300 sq. ft. single-story office and laboratory building; a four-platform, 3,500 sq. ft. shrub prep building; a 5,500 sq. ft., two-level process building for rubber extraction, coproduct and solvent recycling; and a 3,100 sq. ft. mechanical and electrical building. The facility will employ more than 30 researchers and technicians.
- The U.S. Army has recently awarded Boeing a \$103.8 million contract to produce parts for Apache Helicopters. The parts will be produced at Boeing's facility located in Mesa. Boeing's Mesa facility was recently ranked by the Phoenix Business Journal as the third largest manufacturer in the Phoenix-Mesa metro area.

- The new section of State Route 24, which provides a direct connection between the Loop 202 (Santan Freeway) and Ellsworth Rd., opened in early May 2014. Construction of the \$73 million project began in March 2012. The City of Mesa accelerated the start of construction by several years through a transportation-bonding program. The program allowed Mesa to borrow money through the bond market, transfer the money to ADOT for construction, then repay the bonds with money the City has and will receive from Maricopa County's Prop 400 sales tax. This approach allowed the State and City to save millions of dollars. Mesa was able to avoid inflationary costs of building the freeway five to 10 years from now, and because of the recession, many contractors competed for the work resulting in bid prices coming in below engineering estimates.
- The METRO light rail Mesa drive extension project continues to progress with an estimated completion scheduled for late 2015. The project will add 3.1 miles of transit service through downtown Mesa. Four stations will serve the Mesa extension and support an estimated 5,000 passengers per day. In addition to light rail track, the project included new streetscape being built along the extension to better serve drivers, pedestrians, light rail passengers and bicyclists.

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. This was the 31st consecutive year the City has received this prestigious award. The Certificate of Achievement for the comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013 is currently under review by the GFOA. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The efficient and dedicated services of the City's Financial Services Director, Irma Ashworth, and the devoted staff of the Financial Services Division has made the preparation of the comprehensive annual financial report possible. Also, I want to thank the Mayor, members of the City Council and the City Manager for their continued interest and support of the staff's efforts in planning and conducting the financial operations of the City.

Respectfully submitted,

Michael Kennington, Chief Financial Officer

Financial Section

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Honorable Mayor and the City Council City of Mesa, Arizona

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mesa, Arizona (City) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mesa, Arizona as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement (GASBS) No. 65, *Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities.* As a result, the City reported a change in accounting principle (See Note 18.) Beginning net position was restated as debt issuance costs, except any portion related to prepaid insurance costs, are now recognized as an expense in the period incurred. Debt issuance costs were previously reported as an asset and recognized as an expense in a systematic and rational manner over the duration of the related debt. The auditors' opinion was not modified with regards to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System Schedule of Funding Progress, the Other Post Employment Benefit Plan Schedule of Funding Progress and the budgetary comparison information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Mesa, Arizona's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules and the introductory and statistical sections are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2014, on our consideration of the City of Mesa, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Mesa, Arizona's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Phoenix, Arizona December 16, 2014

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Mesa, Arizona (the City), we offer this discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. This discussion and analysis is designed to 1) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, 2) provide an overview of the City's financial activities, 3) identify changes in the City's financial position, 4) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved annual budget), and 5) identify individual fund issues and concerns.

The management's discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with the transmittal letter presented on pages V-X, as well as the financial statements beginning on page 16 and the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The City's net position at the end of the fiscal year was \$1.42 billion, of which \$57.9 million is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- ➤ The City's total revenues increased by \$76M from \$782.4 million to \$858.9 million. The increase is primarily from State Shared Revenues.
- As of the end of fiscal year 2014, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$288.6 million, a \$30.7 million decrease from the previous year. Approximately 33.0% of the total fund balance amount, or \$94.9 million is designated by the City as committed, assigned, or unassigned. The remaining 67.0% or \$193.8 million is designated as non-spendable or restricted.
- The City's total long-term liabilities remained comparable to prior year and were \$2.1 billion at June 30, 2014. The current year increases were offset by equal amounts of reductions.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This management discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (pages 16-18) are designed to provide a broad overview of the City's finances in a manner similar to private businesses. All the activities of the City, except fiduciary activities, are included in these statements.

The *statement of net position*, Exhibit A-1, presents information on all the City's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources with the difference being reported as *net position*. Over time increases and decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities*, Exhibit A-2, presents information showing how the City's net position changed over the most recent fiscal year. All changes to net position are reported at the time that the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. This

is the accrual basis of accounting. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities divide the functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*Governmental Activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their cost through user fees and charges (*Business-Type Activities*):

- The *governmental activities* include the City's basic services including general government (administration), public safety, cultural-recreational, and community environment. Taxes and general revenues generally support these activities.
- The *business-type activities* include private sector type activities such as the City-owned electric, gas, water, wastewater, and solid waste systems, as well as the City-owned airport, golf courses, stadiums, convention center, and district cooling. These activities are primarily supported by user charges and fees.

The City restated the beginning net position for the governmental activities and business type activities due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 65. This resulted in a decrease to beginning net position of \$4.1 million and \$5.4 million in the governmental activities and business type activities, respectively. See Note 18 to the basic financial statements for additional details of these restatements.

Government-Wide Financial Statement Analysis

The following tables, graphs and analysis discuss the financial position and changes to the financial position for the City as a whole as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Condensed Statement of Net Position As of June 30

(In thousands of dollars)

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Total Government			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013		
		As Restated		As Restated		As Restated		
Cash and Other Assets	\$ 610,158	\$ 569,087	\$456,593	\$ 542,024	1,066,751	1,111,111		
Capital Assets	1,282,555	1,261,873	1,428,825	1,371,362	2,711,380	2,633,235		
Total Assets	1,892,713	1,830,960	1,885,418	1,913,386	3,778,131	3,744,346		
Deferred Amounts on Refundings	4,949		19,431		24,380			
Non-current Liabilities Outstanding	936,843	931,360	1,188,235	1,151,357	2,125,078	2,082,717		
Other Liabilities	154,735	124,839	101,169	106,263	255,904	231,102		
Total Liabilities	1,091,578	1,056,199	1,289,404	1,257,620	2,380,982	2,313,819		
Net Position:								
Net Investment in Capital Assets	866,332	902,397	393,720	346,352	1,260,052	1,248,749		
Restricted	60,555	56,719	43,023	37,795	103,578	94,514		
Unrestricted	(120,803)	(188,406)	178,702	266,265	57,899	77,859		
Total Net Position	\$ 806,084	\$ 770,710	\$615,445	\$ 650,412	\$ 1,421,529	\$ 1,421,122		

Net Position - As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City's net position, the amounts by which assets plus deferred outflows of resources, exceeded liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, was \$1.4 billion at the close of the most recent year.

The largest portion of net position (\$1.3 billion or 88.6%) reflects the City's investment in capital assets (land, buildings, equipment, infrastructure, etc.) less any outstanding related debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. Such restrictions include debt service payments, transportation programs, and required bond indentures. The City's restricted assets increased \$9.1 million from \$94.5 million in fiscal year 2013 to \$103.6 million in fiscal year 2014 primarily due to increase in debt service restrictions.

The unrestricted net position may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Unrestricted net position decreased from \$77.9 million in fiscal year 2013 to \$57.9 million in fiscal year 2014 primarily due to the change in net position as shown on page 9.

Capital Assets – The following table provides a breakdown of the City's capital assets at June 30, 2014 and 2013:

Capital Assets (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization) As of June 30 (In thousands of dollars)

	Government	Governmental Activities		pe Activities	Total Government			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Land	\$ 297,398	\$ 278,120	\$ 54,167	\$ 57,847	\$ 351,565	\$ 335,967		
Infrastructure - Nondepr	3,292	23	17,666	17,560	20,958	17,583		
Buildings	223,178	215,299	64,255	29,927	287,433	245,226		
Other Improvements	67,565	59,548	80,670	52,049	148,235	111,597		
Machinery & Equipment	48,590	48,762	35,113	17,889	83,703	66,651		
Intangibles	10,482	12,685	9,042	9,813	19,524	22,498		
Infrastructure	467,476	479,063	932,917	906,013	1,400,393	1,385,076		
Construction-in-Progress	164,574	168,373	234,995	280,264	399,569	448,637		
Total	\$1,282,555	\$1,261,873	\$1,428,825	\$1,371,362	\$2,711,380	\$2,633,235		

The City's net investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities amounts to \$2.7 billion (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization) as of June 30, 2014. This net investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, other improvements, machinery and equipment, intangibles, and infrastructure. Infrastructure assets are items that are normally immovable and have value only to the City, such as streets, street lighting systems, and storm drainage systems.

The largest capital asset completed during the current fiscal year was the new Spring Training Facility for the Chicago Cubs Major League Baseball team in 2014. The City's cost to design and construct the stadium and related facilities is limited to \$84 million, with an additional cost to design and construct public infrastructure limited to \$15 million. These limits were established by a voter-approved election.

The remaining capital assets and construction projects were consistent with prior year additions and projects and primarily related to storm sewer projects, transportation projects, water projects and wastewater projects.

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of the notes to the financial statements.

Debt Administration – The following schedule shows the outstanding long-term debt of the City as of June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Outstanding Long-term Debt As of June 30 (In thousands of dollars)

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities			Total Government					
		2014	4 2013		2014		2013 2014		2014	2013	
General Obligation Bonds	\$	344,040	\$324,683	\$	605	\$	887	\$	344,645	\$	325,570
Utility System Revenue Bonds		-	-		991,995		978,160		991,995		978,160
Highway User Revenue Fund Bonds		107,705	114,650		-		-		107,705		114,650
Excise Tax Obligations		-	-		94,060		94,060		94,060		94,060
Special Assessment Bonds		-	-		-		-		-		-
with Governmental Commitment		3,574	4,318		-		-		3,574		4,318
Community Facility District		5,897	2,712		-		-		5,897		2,712
Capital Leases		72	140		-		-		72		140
Notes Payable		77,835	122,835		2,244		2,370		80,079		125,205
Total	\$	539,123	\$569,338	\$	1,088,904	\$	1,075,477	\$	1,628,027	\$ 1	1,644,815

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total outstanding debt of \$1.6 billion. Of this amount, \$438.7 million comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City and \$1.1 billion represents bonds secured by specified revenue sources (i.e., Utility System Revenue and Highway User Revenue). An additional amount of \$9.5 million are special assessment and community facility district bonds where the City is contingently liable in the event that the assessment revenues are insufficient to satisfy the debt payments.

The City's outstanding long-term debt (considering new borrowings, debt retirements, and refunding) decreased \$16.8 million. The change in debt includes new borrowings during the fiscal year totaling \$77.2 million and principal payments of \$94 million.

The City's current bond ratings are as follows:

	Standard and Poor's <u>Corporation</u>	Moody's Investors <u>Service</u>			
General Obligation Bonds	AA-	Aa2			
Highway User Revenue Bonds	AA	A2			
Utility Systems Revenue Bonds	AA-	Aa2			

The Arizona Constitution provides that the general obligation bonded indebtedness of a city for general municipal purposes may not exceed 6 percent of the secondary assessed valuation of the taxable property in that city. In addition to the 6 percent limitation for general municipal purpose bonds, cities may issue general obligation bonds up to an additional 20 percent of the secondary assessed valuation for supplying such city with water, artificial light, or sewers, and for the acquisition and development of land for open space preserves, parks, playgrounds and recreational facilities, public safety, law enforcement, fire and emergency services facilities, and streets and transportation facilities.

The City's total debt margin available at June 30, 2014 was \$153.0 million in the 6% capacity and \$167.9 million in the 20% capacity. Additional information on the City's long-term obligations can be found in Note 8 of the notes to the basic financial statements and also Table X in the Statistical Section.

Changes in Net Position

The following table shows the revenues and expenses of the City for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013.

Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30

(In thousands of dollars)

			Busine Activ	ss-type vities	Total I Gover	rimary nment	
		2013, as	2013, as			2013, as	
	2014	Restated	2014	Restated	2014	Restated	
REVENUES							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for Services	\$ 61,193	\$ 58,198	\$ 304,554	\$ 308,088	\$ 365,747	\$ 366,286	
Operating Grants & Contributions	29,514	55,312	9,056	9,402	38,570	64,714	
Capital Grants & Contributions	20,714	25,049	17,331	7,998	38,045	33,047	
General Revenues:							
Sales Taxes	140,567	137,280	-	-	140,567	137,280	
Property Taxes	22,549	14,354	-	-	22,549	14,354	
Occupancy Taxes	1,919	1,903	851	825	2,770	2,728	
Unrestricted Intergovernmental	135,075	104,462	-	-	135,075	104,462	
Contributions	88,646	49,570	-	-	88,646	49,570	
Unrestricted Investment Income	966	1,692	1,453	860	2,419	2,552	
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	-	-	18,697	-	18,697	-	
Miscellaneous	5,550	7,424	288	-	5,838	7,424	
Total Revenues	506,693	455,244	352,230	327,173	858,923	782,417	
EXPENSES							
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	103,819	106,042	-	_	103,819	106,042	
Public Safety	277,614	289,872	-	_	277,614	289,872	
Cultural-Recreational	49,275	62,124	-	_	49,275	62,124	
Community Environment	125,700	129,756	-	_	125,700	129,756	
Interest on Long-term Debt	24,431	23,443	_	_	24,431	23,443	
Business-type Activities:	24,431	23,113			24,431	23,773	
Electric	_	_	30,044	28,897	30,044	28,897	
Gas	_	-	35,020	35,653	35,020	35,653	
Water	_	-	93,871	106,112	93,871	106,112	
Wastewater	_	-	65,637	94,419	65,637	94,419	
Solid Waste	_	-	32,908	33,693	32,908	33,693	
Airport	_	_	4,343	4,300	4,343	4,300	
Golf Course	_	_	2,555	3,353	2,555	3,353	
Convention Center	_	_	3,060	3,946	3,060	3,946	
Hohokam Stadium/Fitch Complex	_	_	2,879	9,094	2,879	9,094	
Cubs Stadium	_	_	6,201	-	6,201	-	
District Cooling	_	_	1,153	1,081	1,153	1,081	
Economic Investment	-	-	-	3,653	-	3,653	
Total Expenses	580,839	611,237	277,671	324,201	858,510	935,438	
-							
Increase (decrease) in Net	(74.146)	(155.002)	74.550	2.072	412	(152.021)	
Position Before Transfers	(74,146)	(155,993)	74,559	2,972	413	(153,021)	
Transfers	109,520	83,615	(109,520)	(83,615)			
Change in Net Position	35,374	(72,378)	(34,961)	(80,643)	413	(153,021)	
Total Net Position - As Adjusted	770,710	843,088	650,406	731,049	1,421,116	1,574,137	
Net Position - ending	\$ 806,084	\$ 770,710	\$ 615,445	\$ 650,406	\$ 1,421,529	\$ 1,421,116	

Governmental Activities

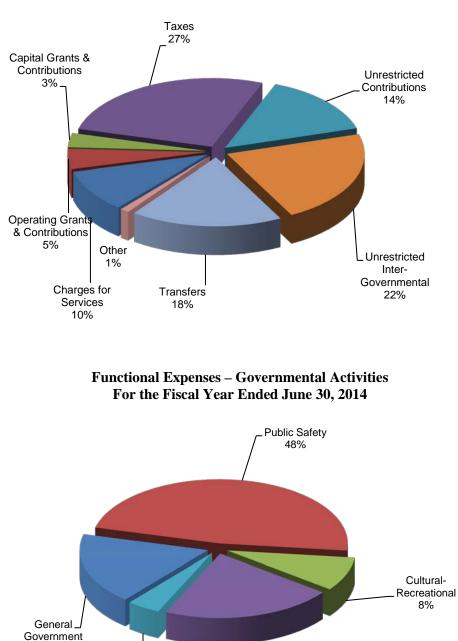
18%

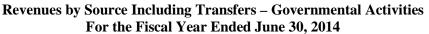
Interest on

Long-Term Debt

4%

As presented in the following two graphs, the largest funding sources, including transfers, for the governmental activities are taxes (27%), Unrestricted Intergovernmental (22%), and transfers (18%). The largest users of resources for the governmental activities are Public Safety (48%), Community Environment (22%), and General Government (18%).





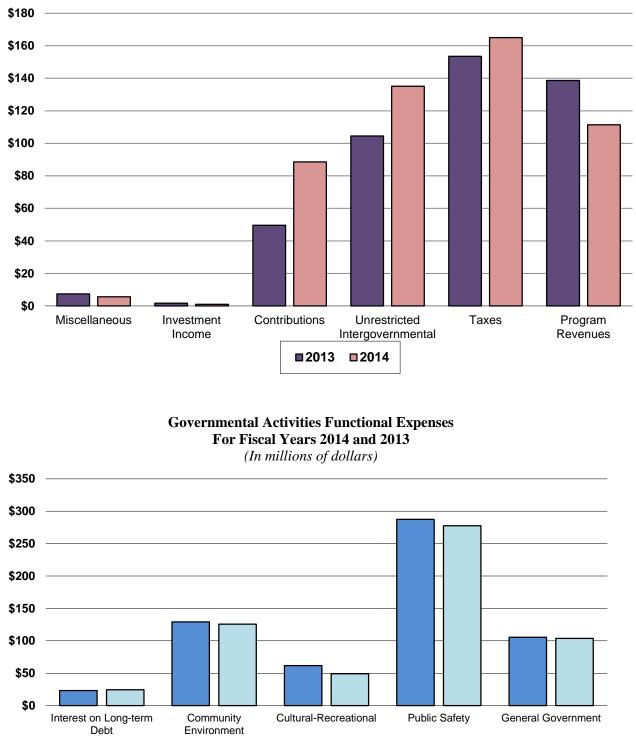
Community

Environment

22%

Governmental Activities Revenues For Fiscal Years 2014 and 2013

(In millions of dollars)





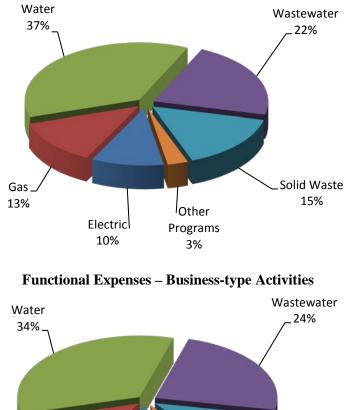
The graphs above compare governmental activities revenues and expenses from fiscal year 2014 to fiscal year 2013. Total governmental activities revenues increased \$51.5 million from \$455.2 million to \$506.7 million. Total governmental expenses decreased by \$26.4 million from \$607.2 million to \$580.8 million.

Key factors in this change include:

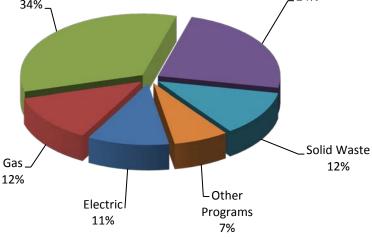
- Unrestricted inter-governmental revenue increased by \$30.6 million over the previous year. Increase is primarily due state shared revenues, reflecting an overall improvement in the local economy.
- Contributions increased \$39 million primarily due to an increase in donated capital assets.
- There was an overall decrease in accruals related Post-Employment Benefits.

Business-type Activities

As presented in the following two graphs, the largest funding sources and users of resources for the business-type activities are Water, Wastewater, Solid Waste, Gas, and Electric.



Revenues by Source – Business-type Activities



Total business-type activities program and general revenues increased by \$25 million from \$327.2 million to \$352.2 million. The business-type activities total expenses decreased by \$41.2 million from \$318.9 million to \$277.7 million. The largest decrease in expenses was primarily in the wastewater fund, and related to the post employment expense and depreciation expense.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits A-3 through A-10 beginning on page 19 of this report. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements as well as for managerial control to demonstrate fiduciary responsibility over the assets of the City. Traditional fund financial statements are presented for Governmental Funds (Exhibits A-3 through A-6), Proprietary Funds (Exhibits A-7 through A-9), and Fiduciary Funds (Exhibit A-10).

Governmental funds – Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information is useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements. Since the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term spendable resources, while the governmental activities on the government-wide financial statements have a longer-term focus, a reconciliation of the differences between the two is provided with the fund financial statements and also in Note 2 to the basic financial statements.

Proprietary funds – The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its fleet support; materials and supplies; printing and graphics; property and public liability; workers' compensation and employee benefits self-insurance programs. Since the primary customers of the internal service funds are the government-wide statement of net position. The costs of internal service funds are allocated to the various user functions on the government-wide statement of activities. The proprietary fund financial statements are prepared on the same long-term focus as the government-wide financial statements. The enterprise funds provide the same information as the government-wide financial statements. Additional detail of the internal service funds can be found in the combining statements (Exhibits C-3 through C-5).

Fiduciary funds – Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of others outside the City government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are not available to support the City's programs. The fiduciary fund financial statement is prepared on the same basis as the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements – The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and should be read with the financial statements.

Other information – Governments have an option of including the budgetary comparisons statements for the General Fund as either part of the fund financial statements within the basic financial statements or as required supplementary information after the notes to the financial statements. The City has chosen to present the budgetary statements as required supplementary information beginning on page 84.

Fund Financial Statement Analysis

As previously mentioned, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The following is a brief discussion of the financial highlights from the fund financial statements.

Governmental Funds - The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$288.6 million, a \$30.7 million decrease from the previous year. \$72.0 million of this total amount is in unassigned fund balance, available for spending in the coming year. Included in the remainder is \$193.8 million in restricted and nonspendable fund balance.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City and accounts for many of the major functions of the government including general government, public safety, cultural-recreational, and community environment services. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance of the General Fund was \$77.3 million, while unassigned fund balance was \$72.7 million.

Total fund balance of the City's General Fund increased by \$23.7 million during the current fiscal year from \$53.6 million to \$77.3 million. Total revenues of \$253.4 million were \$6.4 million higher than the previous year.

Proprietary Funds - The City's Enterprise Fund provides the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, except in more detail. The total net position of the Enterprise Fund decreased by \$35 million in fiscal year 2014 from \$650.4 million (as restated) in fiscal year 2013 to \$615.4 million. The unrestricted net position of the Enterprise Fund amounted to \$178.7 million. Other factors concerning the finances of the Enterprise Fund have already been addressed in the discussion on the City's business-type activities.

Budgetary Highlights

The City's annual budget is the legally adopted expenditure control document of the City. Budgetary comparison schedules are required for the General Fund and can be found in Exhibit B-3. This schedule compares the original adopted budget, the budget as amended throughout the year, and the actual expenditures prepared on a budgetary basis.

Amendments to the adopted budget may occur throughout the year in a legally permissible manner (see Note 1.f. of the notes to the financial statements for more information on budget policies). No amendments increasing the City's total adopted budget of \$1.3 billion occurred during fiscal year 2014.

General Fund revenues of \$245.4 million, on a budgetary basis, were comparable to budgeted revenues of \$253.5 million. Expenditures of \$323.0 million were also comparable to the budgeted expenditures.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

In May 2014, the City Council approved a \$1.3 billion budget, which is equal to prior year's budget. The fiscal year 2014–15 budget includes \$1.1 billion for operations and \$265.6 million for scheduled bond capital improvements.

The adopted fiscal year 2014-15 budget continues the City's fiscally conservative approach to budget development, while still providing quality services to the citizens. Rather than simply surviving budget reductions, the City has reorganized and retooled to focus on community priorities and innovative approaches. The goal has been to help Mesa grow and prosper despite a challenging national, state, and local economy.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Mesa, Arizona's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to City of Mesa Finance Director, P.O. Box 1466, Mesa, Arizona, 85211-1466.



Basic Financial Section

Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport



CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT A-1 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

JUNE 30, 2014					
(in thousands)	Primary Government				
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total		
ASSETS					
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 259,947	\$ 27,546	\$ 287,493		
Accounts Receivable, Net	25,400	29,256	54,656		
Accrued Interest Receivable	548	399	947		
Due from Other Governments	35,847	2,992	38,839		
Inventory	5,841	-	5,841		
Prepaid Costs	1,869	449	2,318		
Deposits Restricted Assets:	526	45	571		
Pooled Cash and Investments	7,818	118,596	126,414		
Cash with Fiscal Agent	61,857	48,742	110,599		
Cash with Trustee	10,312	2,435	12,747		
Accounts Receivable	5,961	2,100	5,961		
Due from Other Governments	68,655	-	68,655		
Customer Deposits	-	3,534	3,534		
Joint Venture Construction Deposits	-	4,805	4,805		
Investment in Joint Ventures	125,577	217,794	343,371		
Capital Assets:		,			
Non-Depreciable	465,264	306,828	772,092		
Depreciable, Net	817,291	1,121,997	1,939,288		
Total Assets	1,892,713	1,885,418	3,778,131		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4.040	10 424	24.200		
Deferred Amounts on Refundings Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,949	19,431	24,380		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,949	19,431	24,380		
LIABILITIES					
Warrants Outstanding	3,991	-	3,991		
Accounts Payable	23,015	8,204	31,219		
Other Accrued Expenses	46,538	5,217	51,755		
Customer and Defendant Deposits	8,099	-	8,099		
Compensated Absences	507	-	507		
Liabilities Payable from Restricted Assets	72,585	87,748	160,333		
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Due Within One Year	32,512	24,720	57,232		
Due in More Than One Year	904,331	1,163,515	2,067,846		
Total Liabilities	1,091,578	1,289,404	2,380,982		
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	866,332	393,720	1,260,052		
Restricted For:					
Convention Center	-	316	316		
Airport	-	8,514	8,514		
Golf Courses	-	10	10		
Hohokam Stadium/Fitch Complex	-	571	571		
Court Projects	798	-	798		
Debt Service	6,571	-	6,571		
Bond Indentures	-	25,274	25,274		
Public Safety	2,649	-	2,649		
Grant Programs	1,445	-	1,445		
Quality of Life Programs	3,704	-	3,704		
Transportation Programs	44,151	-	44,151		
Water, Wastewater & Solid Waste Improvements	-	3,533	3,533		
Construction Missellangous Restrictions	-	4,805	4,805		
Miscellaneous Restrictions Unrestricted	1,237	- 170 700	1,237		
Total Net Position	(120,803) \$ 806,084	178,702 \$ 615,445	57,899 \$ 1,421,529		
	φ 000,004	φ 013,443	ψ 1,721,323		

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT A-2 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

(in thousands)	,			Progra	am Revenues	5	
Functions/Programs:	Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		tal Grants and tributions
Governmental Activities:							
General Government	\$	103,819	\$ 9,739	\$	296	\$	328
Public Safety		277,614	36,472		5,894		688
Cultural-Recreational		49,275	12,614		284		80
Community Environment		125,700	2,368		23,040		19,618
Interest on Long-Term Debt		24,431	-		-		-
Total Governmental Activities		580,839	 61,193		29,514		20,714
Business-type Activities:							
Electric		30,044	31,198		83		103
Gas		35,020	38,600		128		83
Water		93,871	112,003		4,313		10,135
Wastewater		65,637	66,457		4,223		6,400
Solid Waste		32,908	47,452		263		-
Airport		4,343	3,813		40		254
Golf Course		2,555	1,622		-		-
Convention Center		3,060	2,057		-		200
Hohokam Stadium/Fitch Complex		2,879	36		-		100
Cubs Stadium		6,201	174		6		56
District Cooling		1,153	 1,142		-		-
Total Business-type Activities		277,671	 304,554		9,056		17,331
Total Government	\$	858,510	\$ 365,747	\$	38,570	\$	38,045

General Revenues: Sales Taxes Property Taxes Occupancy Taxes Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs Investment Income Miscellaneous

Special Item - Gain on Sale of Capital Assets

Transfers In (Out)

Total General Revenues and Transfers

Change in Net Position

Total Net Position - As Reported Change in Accounting Principle Total Net Position - As Adjusted

Net Position - Ending

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

EXHIBIT A-2 (Continued)

	-		ry Governmen	t	
Gov	ernmental		iness-type		
Α	ctivities	A	ctivities		Total
\$	(93,456)	\$	-	\$	(93,456
	(234,560)		-		(234,560
	(36,297)		-		(36,297
	(80,674)		-		(80,674
	(24,431)		-		(24,431
	(469,418)		-		(469,418
			4 0 4 0		4.040
	-		1,340		1,340
	-		3,791		3,791
	-		32,580		32,580
	-		11,443		11,443
	-		14,807		14,807
	-		(236)		(236
	-		(933)		(933
	-		(803)		(803
	-		(2,743)		(2,743
	-		(5,965)		(5,965
	-		(11)		(11
	-		53,270		53,270
	(469,418)		53,270		(416,148
	140,567		-		140,567
	22,549		-		22,549
	1,919		851		2,770
	135,075		-		135,075
	88,646		-		88,646
	966		1,453		2,419
	5,550		288		5,838
	-		18,697		18,697
	109,520		(109,520)		
	504,792		(88,231)		416,561
	35,374		(34,961)		413
	774,761		655,766		1,430,527
	(4,051)		(5,360)		(9,411
	770,710		650,406		1,421,116
\$	806,084	\$	615,445	\$	1,421,529

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT A-3 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Gen	eral Fund		on-major vernmental Funds	Gov	Total /ernmental Funds
ASSETS				- unuo		
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	69,308	\$	124,739	\$	194,047
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowances)	·	17,850		5,445		23,295
Accrued Interest Receivable		342		117		459
Due from Other Governments		9,050		26,792		35,842
Due from Other Funds		286		· -		286
Advances to Other Funds		1,825		-		1,825
Prepaid Costs		1,131		23		1,154
Deposits		205		321		526
Restricted Assets:				-		
Pooled Cash and Investments		-		7,818		7,818
Cash with Fiscal Agent		-		61,857		61,857
Cash with Trustee		-		10,312		10,312
Accounts Receivable		-		5,961		5,961
Due from Other Governments		-		68,655		68,655
Total Assets	\$	99,997	\$	312,040	\$	412,037
		,	Ŧ	- ,	-	,
LIABILITIES						
Warrants Outstanding	\$	3,451	\$	8	\$	3,459
Accounts Payable		14,740		6,175		20,915
Other Accrued Liabilities		1,118		8,143		9,261
Due to Other Funds		-		286		286
Advances from Other Funds		-		1,825		1,825
Customer and Defendant Deposits		1,975		6,124		8,099
Compensated Absences		507		-		507
Payable From Restricted Assets:						
Accrued Bond Interest Payable		-		11,731		11,731
Unearned Revenue		895		9,756		10,651
Matured Bonds Payable		-		50,203		50,203
Total Liabilities		22,686		94,251		116,937
		,		- , -		-,
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Unavailable Revenue		-		6,453		6,453
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		6,453		6,453
		0.050		22		2.070
Nonspendable		2,956		23		2,979
Restricted		188		190,609		190,797
Committed		1,484		21,379		22,863
Unassigned		72,683		(675)		72,008
Total Fund Balances		77,311		211,336		288,647
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	99,997	\$	312,040	\$	412,037

Fund Balances - total governmental funds	\$ 288,647
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because (also see Note 2 to the basic financial statements):	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	1,280,897
Other assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	125,577
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and therefore not reported in the governmental funds.	(927,464)
Deferred outflows of resources from the refunding of bonds	4,949
Unavailable revenue for long-term rehabilitation loans, property taxes, amounts due from tenants, and special assessments is shown on the governmental funds, but is not unavailable on the statement of net position.	6,453
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds.	 27,025
Net position of the governmental activities - statement of net position	\$ 806,084

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT A-5 GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

(in thousands)			NL	on major		Total	
				on-major vernmental	Total Governmental		
	Gen	eral Fund		Funds		Funds	
REVENUES							
Sales Taxes	\$	95,177	\$	45,390	\$	140,567	
Property Taxes		-		22,500		22,500	
Occupancy Taxes		25		1,894		1,919	
Special Assessments		-		1,062		1,062	
Licenses and Permits		15,356		3,441		18,797	
Intergovernmental		112,304		72,999		185,303	
Charges for Services		20,829		11,277		32,106	
Fines and Forfeitures		8,012		1,878		9,890	
Investment Income		131		458		589	
Contributions		65		1,147		1,212	
Miscellaneous Revenue Total Revenues		1,498 253,397		3,026 165,072		4,524 418,469	
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
General Government		69,314		5,763		75,077	
Public Safety		205,433		25,931		231,364	
Cultural-Recreational		32,495		6,293		38,788	
Community Environment		8,050		48,523		56,573	
Debt Service:		·					
Principal		-		71,015		71,015	
Interest on Bonds		-		18,907		18,907	
Interest on Leases		-		7		7	
Interest on Notes		-		4,790		4,790	
Cost of Issuance		-		727		727	
Capital Outlay		7,853		94,804		102,657	
Total Expenditures		323,145		276,760		599,905	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures		(69,748)		(111,688)		(181,436)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		400 500		00.000		4.44.000	
Transfers In		109,520		32,389		141,909	
Transfers Out		(16,080)		(16,309)		(32,389)	
Face Amount of Bonds Issued		-		40,800		40,800	
Premium on Issuance of Bonds		- 02 440		430 57 310		430	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		93,440		57,310		150,750	
Net Change in Fund Balances		23,692		(54,378)		(30,686)	
Fund Balance - Beginning	. <u> </u>	53,619		265,714		319,333	
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	77,311	\$	211,336	\$	288,647	

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT A-6 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (30,686)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because (also see Note 2 to the basic financial statements):	
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the governmental funds.	(535)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(31,529)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the costs of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation (\$78,992) exceeded capital outlay (\$72,325) in the current period.	(6,667)
The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (e.g., donations, transfers and disposals) is to decrease net position.	27,608
Change in equity in Joint Venture	41,202
The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds and capital leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position.	30,215
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums and deferred amounts related to refunding when the new debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.	1,703
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The net revenue (expense) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 4,063
Change in net position of the governmental activities - statement of activities	\$ 35,374

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT A-7** STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2014

JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities - Internal Service
	Enterprise Fund	Funds
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 27,546	\$ 65,900
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowances)	29,256	2,105
Accrued Interest Receivable	399	89
Due from Other Governments	2,992	5
Inventory	-	5,841
Prepaid Costs	449	715
Deposits	45	-
Restricted Assets:		
Pooled Cash and Investments	27,050	-
Cash with Fiscal Agents	48,742	-
Cash with Trustees	2,435	-
Customer Deposits	3,534	-
Joint Venture Construction Deposits	4,805	-
Total Current Assets	147,253	74,655
Noncurrent Assets: Restricted Pooled Cash and Investments:		
Impact & Development Fees	3,533	_
Bond Replacement, Extensions and Reserves	25,274	-
Capital Projects	62,739	_
Investment in Joint Ventures	217,794	-
Capital Assets:		
Land	54,167	-
Water Rights	17,560	-
Collections of Art	106	-
Buildings	87,735	2,061
Other Improvements	125,523	430
Machinery and Equipment	73,558	6,489
Intangibles	27,753	3
Infrastructure	1,587,173	32
Construction in Progress	234,995	252
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(779,745)	(7,609)
Total Capital Assets, Net	1,428,825	1,658
Total Noncurrent Assets	1,738,165	1,658
Total Assets	1,885,418	76,313
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred Amounts on Refundings	19,431	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	19,431	-
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,904,849	\$ 76,313
		(Continued)

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT A-7 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

I IXOI		 0
	30 2014	

ActivitiesActivitiesActivitiesInternal ServeEnterprise FundFundsLIABILITIESEnterprise FundFundsCurrent Liabilities-Payable From Current Assets:\$ • • \$ • 5Warrants Outstanding\$ • • \$ • 5Accounts Payable\$ \$ • 5Current Liabilities-Payable From Restricted Assets:5,217Bond Replacement, Extensions and Reserves-Accounts Payable698Capital Projects-Accounts Payable698Capital Projects-Accounts Payable22,812Customer Deposits and Prepayments30,585Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:23,860Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable123Current Portion of Kevenue Bonds Payable123Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities:125,889Revenue Bonds Payable94,060Notes Payable21,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Enployment Benefits7,0,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,289,40449,2Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:1,289,404	JUNE 30, 2014	Business-type	Governmental
LIABILITIESEnterprise FundFundsCurrent Liabilities-Payable From Current Assets:\$55Warrants Outstanding\$-\$5Accounts Payable8,2042,1Other Accrued Expenses5,21737,2Current Liabilities-Payable From Restricted Assets:69826,910Bond Replacement, Extensions and Reserves-Accounts Payable69826,910Accrued Bond Interest Payable22,8324Current Droiton of Long-Term Liabilities:00,5856Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable23,8606Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable1286Current Portion of Compensated Absences6016Total Current Liabilities:125,88939,55Long-Term Liabilities:125,88939,55Current Portion of Compensated Absences6016Total Current Liabilities:125,88939,55Compensated Absences3,30666Post Employment Benefits70,0958,7Total Long-Term Liabilities1,289,40449,2Net Investment in Capital Assets393,7201,6Net Investment in Capital Assets393,7201,6	(in thousands)		Activities -
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities-Payable From Current Assets: Warrants Outstanding \$ - \$ 5 Accounts Payable 8,204 2,1 Other Accrued Expenses 5,217 37,2 Current Liabilities-Payable From Restricted Assets: 8 688 Bond Replacement, Extensions and Reserves-Accounts Payable 688 Capital Projects-Accounts Payable 7,723 Accrued Bond Interest Payable 22,832 Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities: 30,585 Current Portion of Compensated Absences 601 Current Portion of Compensated Absences 601 Total Current Liabilities: 125,889 39,59 Long-Term Liabilities: 968,135 30,585 Current Portion of Compensated Absences 601 601 Total Current Liabilities: 125,889 39,59 Long-Term Liabilities: 968,135 66,135 Revenue Bonds Payable 21,16 144 Excise Tax Obligations 94,060 3,306 6 Notes Payable 21,16 3,306 6 Compensated Absences 3,306 6 6,7 <th></th> <th></th> <th>Internal Service</th>			Internal Service
Current Liabilities-Payable From Current Assets:\$ - \$ 5Warrants Outstanding\$ - \$ 5Accounts Payable8,204Other Accrued Expenses5,217Current Liabilities-Payable From Restricted Assets:698Bond Replacement, Extensions and Reserves-Accounts Payable698Capital Projects-Accounts Payable7,723Accrued Bond Interest Payable22,832Customer Deposits and Prepayments30,585Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:23,860Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable131Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable125,889Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities:125,889Revenue Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable21,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Corrent Dotion of Notes Payable3,306Current Liabilities:70,095Revenue Bonds Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,515Uter Position N1,289,404Vest Position N1,289,404Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Compensited For:393,720		Enterprise Fund	Funds
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Accounts Payable8,2042,1Other Accrued Expenses5,21737,2Current Liabilities-Payable From Restricted Assets:50,21737,2Bond Replacement, Extensions and Reserves-Accounts Payable698698Capital Projects-Accounts Payable6987,723Accrued Bond Interest Payable22,83222,832Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:30,58530,585Current Portion of Compensated Absences601128Current Portion of Compensated Absences60139,95Total Current Liabilities:125,88939,95Cong-Term Liabilities:968,1356General Obligation Bonds Payable47444,060Notes Payable21,16116Unamortized Bond Premium25,3296Compensated Absences3,3066Post Employment Benefits70,0958,7Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,5159,3Total Long-Term Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITION1,289,40449,2Net Investment in Capital Assets393,7201,6Restricted For:303,7201,6	•	¢	¢ 500
Other Accrued Expenses5,21737,2Current Liabilities-Payable From Restricted Assets:698Bond Replacement, Extensions and Reserves-Accounts Payable698Capital Projects-Accounts Payable7,723Accrued Bond Interest Payable22,832Customer Deposits and Prepayments30,585Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:30,585Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable131Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable131Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities:125,889Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306General Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,515Opensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITION393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:393,720			\$
Current Liabilities-Payable From Restricted Assets:Bond Replacement, Extensions and Reserves-Accounts Payable698Capital Projects-Accounts Payable7,723Accrued Bond Interest Payable22,832Customer Deposits and Prepayments30,585Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:30,585Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable131Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable128Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities:125,889Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable21,16Ung-Term Liabilities:94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,515Post Employment Benefits70,095Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:1,62	-		
Bond Replacement, Extensions and Reserves-Accounts Payable698Capital Projects-Accounts Payable7,723Accrued Bond Interest Payable25,910Matured Bonds Payable22,832Customer Deposits and Prepayments30,585Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:30,585Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable131Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable128Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities:125,889Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,5159.31,163,5159.31,289,40449,2NET POSITIONNet Investment in Capital AssetsNet Investment in Capital Assets393,7201,6Restricted For:393,720		5,217	57,277
Capital Projects-Accounts Payable7,723Accrued Bond Interest Payable25,910Matured Bonds Payable22,832Customer Deposits and Prepayments30,585Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities: Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable23,860Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable131Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable131Current Portion of Ocompensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities: Revenue Bonds Payable125,889Long-Term Liabilities: Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,5159.3Total LiabilitiesNET POSITION Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:1,68		608	_
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Matured Bonds Payable22,832Customer Deposits and Prepayments30,585Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:23,860Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable131Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable128Current Portion of Notes Payable128Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities:125,889Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,515Post Employment Benefits71,163,515Total Liabilities1,289,404Met Investment in Capital Assets393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:393,720			_
Customer Deposits and Prepayments30,585Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities:23,860Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable23,860Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable131Current Portion of Notes Payable128Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities:125,889Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Liabilities1,163,515MET POSITION1,289,404Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:393,720			_
Current Portion of Long-Term Liabilities: Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable23,860Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable131Current Portion of Notes Payable128Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities125,889Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITION1,289,404Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:393,720			_
Current Portion of Revenue Bonds Payable23,860Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable131Current Portion of Notes Payable128Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities125,889Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITION393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:393,720		00,000	
Current Portion of General Obligation Bonds Payable131Current Portion of Notes Payable128Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities125,889Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,289,40449,22NET POSITION393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:393,720		23 860	-
Current Portion of Notes Payable128Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities125,889Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,5159.31,163,5159.49,2			-
Current Portion of Compensated Absences601Total Current Liabilities125,889Long-Term Liabilities:968,135Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,515Otal Liabilities1,289,404Hey Restricted For:393,720			-
Total Current Liabilities125,88939,9Long-Term Liabilities: Revenue Bonds Payable968,135968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,515Otal Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITION Restricted For:393,720			1
Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,515Otal Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITIONNet Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:	•		39,910
Revenue Bonds Payable968,135General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,515Otal Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITIONNet Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:	Long-Term Liabilities:		
General Obligation Bonds Payable474Excise Tax Obligations94,060Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,515Yotal Liabilities1,289,404Horst Employment in Capital Assets393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:1,68		968,135	-
Notes Payable2,116Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,5159,31,289,404Total Liabilities1,289,404NET POSITION393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:1,289,404			-
Unamortized Bond Premium25,329Compensated Absences3,306Post Employment Benefits70,095Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,5159,31,289,404Total Liabilities1,289,404NET POSITION393,720Net Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:1,289,404	Excise Tax Obligations	94,060	-
Compensated Absences3,30666Post Employment Benefits70,0958,7Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,5159,3Total Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITION393,7201,6Net Investment in Capital Assets393,7201,6Restricted For:393,7201,6	Notes Payable	2,116	-
Post Employment Benefits70,0958,7Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,5159,3Total Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITION393,7201,6Net Investment in Capital Assets393,7201,6Restricted For:111	Unamortized Bond Premium		-
Total Long-Term Liabilities1,163,5159,3Total Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITION393,7201,6Net Investment in Capital Assets393,7201,6Restricted For:393,7201,6	Compensated Absences	3,306	632
Total Liabilities1,289,40449,2NET POSITION1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Post Employment Benefits	70,095	8,746
NET POSITIONNet Investment in Capital Assets393,720Restricted For:1,6	Total Long-Term Liabilities	1,163,515	9,378
Net Investment in Capital Assets393,7201,6Restricted For:393,7201,6	Total Liabilities	1,289,404	49,288
Restricted For:	NET POSITION		
	Net Investment in Capital Assets	393,720	1,658
Convention Center 316	Restricted For:		
	Convention Center	316	-
Airport 8,514	Airport	8,514	-
Golf Courses 10	Golf Courses	10	-
Hohokam Stadium\Fitch Complex 571			-
Bond Indentures 25,274			-
Water, Wastewater & Solid Waste Improvements 3,533	•		-
Construction 4,805			-
			25,367
Total Net Position \$ 615,445 \$ 27,0	I otal Net Position	\$ 615,445	\$ 27,025

Operating Revenues: Electric Sales Pledged as Security for Revenue Bonds Gas Sales Pledged as Security for Revenue Bonds Water Sales Pledged as Security for Revenue Bonds Wastewater Charges Pledged as Security for Revenue Bonds Solid Waste Charges Pledged as Security for Revenue Bonds Airport Fees Golf Course Fees Convention Center Fees Hohokam Stadium/Fitch Complex Fees Cubs Stadium Fees District Cooling Charges Charges For Services Self-Insurance Contributions Other Revenue Total Operating Revenues Operating Expenses: Electric Gas Water Wastewater Solid Waste Airport Golf Course Convention Center Hohokam Stadium/Fitch Complex	\$ 31,198 38,600 112,003 66,457 47,452 3,813 1,622 2,057 36 174 1,142 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 28,29 70,79 94 100,03
Electric Gas Water Wastewater Solid Waste Airport Golf Course Convention Center		
Gas Water Wastewater Solid Waste Airport Golf Course Convention Center		
Water Wastewater Solid Waste Airport Golf Course Convention Center	22,983	
Wastewater Solid Waste Airport Golf Course Convention Center	26,778	
Solid Waste Airport Golf Course Convention Center	40,997 21,689	
Airport Golf Course Convention Center	32,431	
Golf Course Convention Center	2,410	
Convention Center	2,052	
	2,825	
	1,992	
Cubs Stadium	970	
District Cooling	706	
Warehouse, Maintenance & Services	-	29,49
Self-Insurance	-	66,63
Total Operating Expenses	155,833	96,120
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation and Amortization	148,721	3,913
Depreciation and Amortization	(63,914)	(33)
Operating Income (Loss)	84,807	3,58

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA

EXHIBIT A-8 (Continued)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES

AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)	Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses):		
Investment Income Pledged as Security for Revenue Bonds	1,325	-
Investment Income Unpledged	128	377
Intergovernmental	2,284	-
Interest Expense:		
Bonds	(44,787)	-
Notes Payable and Other Long-Term Obligations	(16)	-
Bond Administrative Costs	(36)	-
Net Loss from Joint Venture	(12,676)	-
Utility Development Fees	7,026	-
Bond Issuance Costs	(409)	-
Occupancy Tax	851	-
Miscellaneous Revenue	288	-
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	(46,022)	377
Income before Transfers and Capital Contributions	38,785	3,960
Capital Contributions	17,077	93
Transfers Out	(109,520)	-
Special Item - Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	18,697	6
Change in Net Position	(34,961)	4,059
Total Net Position - As Reported	655,766	22,966
Change in Accounting Principle	(5,360)	
Total Net Position - As Adjusted	650,406	22,966
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ 615,445	\$ 27,025

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT A-9 STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

(in thousands)		ctivities	Activities		
		nterprise	Internal Service		
		Fund		Funds	
Cash Flows From Operating Activities:					
Cash Received from Customers	\$	311,991	\$	-	
Cash Received from Users		-		99,829	
Cash Payments to Suppliers		(95,112)		(86,422)	
Cash Payments to Employees		(49,063)		(10,647)	
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities		167,816		2,760	
Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities:					
Intergovernmental		4,761		-	
Transient Occupancy Tax		851		-	
Other Non-Operating Expense		282		-	
Transfers Out to Other Funds		(109,520)		-	
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Noncapital Financing Activities		(103,626)			
Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:					
Proceeds from Bond Sales		36,643		-	
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets		(130,861)		(58)	
Proceeds from Sale of Capital Assets		24,867		-	
Principal Paid on Bonds, Leases and Notes Maturities		(22,591)		-	
Interest Paid on Bonds, Leases and Notes		(44,316)		-	
Contributions from Other Governments		-		93	
Developer Contributions		7,617		-	
Net Cash Used For Capital and Related Financing Activities		(128,641)		35	
Cash Flows From Investing Activities:					
Interest Received on Investments		1,385		355	
Net Cash Provided By Investing Activities		1,385		355	
Net Change in Pooled Cash and Investments		(63,066)		3,150	
Total Cash and Investments at Beginning of Year		260,385		62,750	
Total Cash and Investments at End of Year	\$	197,319	\$	65,900	
				(Continued)	

Business-type

Governmental

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT A-9 (Continued)** STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

(in thousands)		ctivities	Activities -		
	E	nterprise	Internal Service		
		Fund	F	unds	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash					
Provided By Operating Activities:					
Operating Income	\$	84,807	\$	3,583	
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income					
to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities:					
Depreciation and Amortization		63,914		330	
Changes in Assets and Liabilities:					
(Increase) Decrease in Receivables		3,071		(211)	
Increase in Inventory		-		268	
Increase in Deposits and Prepaid Costs		4,018		(144)	
Increase in Accounts Payable		7,355		(127)	
Increase in Other Accrued Expenses		4,651		(939)	
Total Adjustments		83,009		(823)	
,		,			
Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities	\$	167,816	\$	2,760	
Noncash Transactions Affecting Financial Position:					
Contributions of Capital Assets	\$	16,490			
Gain on Disposal of Capital Assets	Ŧ	18,697			
Amortization of Bond Premium		(3,282)			
Amortization of Deferred Amounts on Refunding		2,393			
5					

Business-type

Governmental

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT A-10** FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Payroll Agency		
ASSETS Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 14,06 ⁻		
Total Assets	\$	14,061	
LIABILITIES			
Accounts Payable	\$	1,719	
Accrued Payroll Payable		12,342	
Total Liabilities	\$	14,061	

The City of Mesa, Arizona, (the "City") was incorporated July 5, 1883 with an approximate population of 300 and an area of one square mile. Today, the City's estimated population is 454,981 within an area of approximately 141 square miles. The City's charter was adopted August 18, 1967 providing for a Council-Manager form of government. The City provides a full range of municipal services including police and fire protection, parks and recreation, library, transportation, health and certain social services and general administration. In addition, the City owns and operates an enterprise whose activities include operations of electricity, gas, water, wastewater, solid waste, airport, golf courses, convention center, stadium and district cooling.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The City's other significant accounting policies are described below:

a. **<u>Reporting Entity</u>**

The accompanying financial statements include the City and its blended component units, the City of Mesa Municipal Development Corporation and Community Facilities District, collectively referred to as "the financial reporting entity". In accordance with GASB No. 14, and as amended by GASB 61, the component units discussed below have been included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationship with the City.

City of Mesa Municipal Development Corporation ("Corporation") is a nonprofit corporation that is organized under the laws of the State of Arizona to assist the City in the acquisition and financing of municipal projects and facilities. The Corporation is governed by a board of directors which is responsible for approving the Corporation's bond sales. Bond sales must also be approved by the City Council. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Corporation is reported as if it is part of the primary government because its sole purpose is to finance the acquisition and or construction of public facilities for the City. Separate financial statements for the corporation are not prepared.

Community Facilities District ("District") is a municipal corporation political subdivision of the State of Arizona that is organized to provide a vehicle for financing certain public infrastructure that is necessary for development of the land within the boundaries of the District. The City Council serves as the board of directors of the District and the City Manager of the City currently serves as the District Manager. Although it is legally separate from the City, the District is reported as if it is part of the primary government because the District's governing body is substantively the same as the governing body of the City and management of the City has operational responsibility for the District. Separate financial statements for the District are not prepared.

b. Jointly Governed Organizations

Phoenix – Mesa Gateway Airport Authority ("PMGAA") is a nonprofit corporation established and funded by the City, the City of Phoenix, and Towns of Gilbert and Queen Creek, and the Gila River Indian Community. The purpose of the entity is the redevelopment of Williams Air Force Base that was closed in September 1993 to become PMGAA. The Board of Directors consists of the mayors for the

respective municipalities and the governor of the tribal community. The City contributed \$1.7 million to the PMGAA operating and capital budget during this fiscal year.

Regional Public Transportation Authority (**"RPTA"**) is a voluntary association of local governments, including the cities of Mesa, Tempe, Scottsdale, Glendale, Phoenix and Maricopa County. Its purpose is to create a regional public transportation plan for Maricopa County. The Board of Directors consists of the mayors of those cities and a member of the County Board of Supervisors.

Arizona Municipal Water Users Association ("AMWUA") is a nonprofit corporation established and funded by cities in Maricopa County for the development of an urban water policy and to represent the cities' interests before the Arizona legislature. In addition, AMWUA contracts with the cities jointly using a multi-city sanitary sewer system to perform certain accounting, administrative and support services.

c. Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report on the City as a whole, excluding fiduciary activities. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for services. The government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the City as an entity and the change in aggregate financial position resulting from the activities of the fiscal period.

For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements. Net interfund activity and balances between governmental activities and business-type activities are shown in the government-wide financial statements. Certain charges between the Enterprise Fund's utility systems and the various functional activities are not eliminated, as this would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

The government-wide statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the City, excluding fiduciary funds. It is presented in a format of assets plus deferred outflows of resources less liabilities, plus deferred inflows of resources, equals net position, with the assets and liabilities shown in order of their relative liquidity. Net position is required to be presented in three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted and unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets is capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, capital leases, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted net position are those with constraints placed on their use externally either imposed by creditors (such as bond covenants), grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net position are those when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of the various functional activities and segments of the City are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific functional activity (General Government, Public Safety, Cultural-Recreational, etc.) or segment. Expenses reported for the various functional activities or segments include indirect expenses, such as overhead costs. Interest on long-term debt is not allocated to the various functions in the governmental activities. Program revenues include charges to customers or

applicants who directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment. Program revenues also include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment, including special assessments. Taxes and other items not properly included as program revenues are reported as general revenues. The general revenues support the net costs of the functions and segments not covered by program revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements are, in substance, very similar to the financial statements presented in the previous model. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds. However, the fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The focus of the fund financial statements is on major funds, as defined by GASB Statement No. 34. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. The City has only one enterprise fund, which is reported as a major fund. Non-major governmental funds, as well as the internal service funds, are summarized into a single column on the fund financial statements and are detailed in combining statements included as supplementary information after the basic financial statements.

d. Measurement Focus, Basis Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., -measurable and available to finance the City's operations. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current period. Principal revenue sources considered to be susceptible to accrual are City sales taxes, property taxes, intergovernmental revenues and interest on investments.

In applying the susceptible to accrual concept to intergovernmental revenues pursuant to GASB Statement No. 33, receivables and revenues are recognized when all the applicable eligibility requirements, including time requirements, have been met. Resources transmitted before the eligibility requirements are met are reported as unearned revenue. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

City sales taxes collected and held by merchants at year-end on behalf of the City are recognized as revenue. State shared revenues, including sales and income taxes, highway user and auto lieu taxes, and lottery distributions for transportation assistance, which are collected and held by the State at year-end, on behalf of the City, are also recognized as revenue. Special assessments are recognized as revenue only to the extent that individual installments are considered current assets. Annual installments not currently receivable are reflected as unavailable revenue.

Licenses and permits, charges for services and miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received as cash because they are generally not available until actually received. Changes in the fair value of investments are recognized in revenue at the end of each year.

Expenditures are generally recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. An exception to this general rule is interest on long-term debt which is recorded when due.

Since the governmental fund financial statements are presented on a different measurement focus and basis of accounting than the government-wide financial statements, a reconciliation is presented on the page following each governmental fund financial statement, which briefly explains the adjustments necessary to transform the fund-based financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements. Additional reconciliations are also provided in Note 2.

Proprietary Funds Financial Statements: The financial statements of the proprietary fund are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting, similar to the government-wide financial statements described above.

The proprietary fund financial statements distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition, such as investment income and interest expense are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

Internal service funds of the City, which provide services primarily to the other funds of the City, are presented in summary form as part of the proprietary fund financial statements. Since the principal users of the internal services are the City's governmental activities, financial statements of the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental activities column when presented at the government-wide level. The costs of these services are reflected in the appropriate functional activity (General Government, Public Safety, Cultural-Recreational, etc.) on the government-wide statement of activities and the revenues and expenses within the internal service funds are eliminated from the government-wide financial statements to avoid any doubling up effect of these revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary Funds Financial Statements: The City's fiduciary fund is presented in the fund financial statements. The City's fiduciary fund is an agency fund, which is custodial in nature and does not involve measurement of results of operations. The agency fund is accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide financial statements.

e. Fund Accounting

The financial transactions of the City are recorded in individual funds. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses. The various funds are reported by generic classification within the fund financial statements. GASB Statement No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria for the determination of major funds. The non-major funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements and detailed in the combining section.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The City reports the following non-major governmental funds:

Ten non-major **Special Revenue Funds** are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes.

Six non-major **Debt Service Funds** are used to account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of long-term obligation principal, interest and service charges.

Seven non-major **Capital Project Funds** are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds.

The City reports the following major proprietary fund:

The **Enterprise Fund** has been established to account for all enterprise functions. This includes the City-owned electric, gas, water, wastewater and solid waste systems, as well as the City-owned airport, golf courses, convention center, stadiums and district cooling.

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types:

The **Internal Service Funds** are used to account for operations that provide services to other departments of the government on a cost-reimbursement basis. These services include fleet support, materials and supply, printing and graphics, and self-insurance for property and public liability, workers' compensation and employee benefit programs.

The **Agency Fund** is used to account for assets being held by the City as an agent in a temporary custodial capacity. The Payroll Agency Fund accounts for all payroll transactions.

f. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Each year, the City Manager issues a budget calendar giving specific completion dates for various phases of the budget preparation process. The final adoption of the operating budget is by ordinance.

Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Public hearings are conducted by the City to obtain citizen comments.

Prior to June 30, the budget for the ensuing year is legally adopted through passage of an ordinance; these appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Legal control over the budget derives from State statutes that prohibit the City from exceeding its adopted budget in total, and from the resolution itself that limits expenditures by fund and by departmental groupings. Transfers of sums within a specific fund or departmental group may be made upon City Manager approval.

The legally adopted budget consists of all funds except the Agency Fund. Capital Projects are budgeted as one item and governmental debt service expenditures are budgeted in the Special Revenue Funds or Debt Service Fund. A budget schedule for the General Fund is presented in the Required Supplementary Information Section, and the other funds are located in the Supplementary Information Section.

On June 3, 1980, the voters of Arizona approved an expenditure limitation for all local governments. This limitation restricts the growth of expenditures to a percentage determined by population and inflation, with certain expenditures excluded from the limitation. The State Economic Estimates Commission determines and publishes, prior to April 1st of each year, the expenditure limitation for the following fiscal year for each governmental unit. Fiscal year 1979-80 is the base year for calculations.

Budgets for all funds are adopted in accordance with the requirements of the Arizona Constitution, Arizona Revised Statutes and the Mesa City Charter. There are certain differences between the basis used for budgetary purposes and that used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. For additional detail, see the note to required supplementary information and the individual budget schedules in the supplemental information exhibits. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted by the City Council on June 17, 2013.

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make a number of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and net position, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

h. Pooled Cash and Investments

The City maintains an invested pool that is available for use by all City funds. Each funds portion of this pool is reported on the financial statements as "pooled cash and investments". A single master custodian holds all assets of the invested pool. In addition, certain cash deposits and investments are also held separately by various City funds in separate accounts.

The City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

The City's investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is based on quoted market prices as of the valuation date.

i. Inventory

Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The warehouse inventory is valued at the lower of average cost or market, while fleet support services inventory is valued at cost on a first-in, first out (FIFO) basis. The cost of inventory is reported as an expenditure at the time individual items are consumed.

j. Capital Assets

Capital assets, including infrastructure (streets, sidewalks, street lighting, storm drainage and other assets that are immovable and of value only to the City) are defined as assets with an initial cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Intangible assets for the City include goodwill, right of way, easements and computer software. The City has elected to capitalize software with an initial cost of \$100,000 or more. All capital assets, whether owned by governmental activities or business-type activities are required to be recorded and depreciated in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are recorded at cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Contributions of assets are stated at fair market value based on appraisals or engineering estimates of value at the time of receipt. When assets are retired or sold, the costs of the assets and the related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the accounts, and any resultant gain or loss is charged to income or expense.

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful lives of the assets. Amortization of capital leased assets has been provided using the straight-line method based on the shorter of the lease period or estimated useful lives of the leased assets.

The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings	15-50 Years
Other Improvements	5-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	3-30 Years
Intangibles	6-15 Years
Infrastructure	5-50 Years

Gain or loss is recognized when assets are retired from service or are otherwise disposed of. Capital assets transferred between funds are transferred at their net book value (cost less accumulated depreciation) or net realizable value, if lower, as of the date of the transfer.

k. Compensated Absences

Vacation, compensatory time and sick leave benefits are accrued as liabilities as employees earn the benefits to the extent that they meet both of the following criteria: 1) the City's obligation is attributable to employees' services already rendered; and 2) it is probable that the City will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means, such as cash.

For governmental funds a liability for vacation, compensatory time and sick leave are reported only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. The entire amount of accumulated unpaid vested vacation pay, compensatory time and an estimated amount for sick leave related to the proprietary funds is included as a liability in the fund financial statements. The remaining long-term balances related to governmental activities are included in the government-wide financial statement.

1. Reserve for Loss and Loss Adjustment Expenses

The Property and Public Liability, Workers' Compensation and Employee Benefits Internal Service Funds establish claim liabilities based on actuarial estimates of the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and of claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claim liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made.

m. Long Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position.

Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses.

n. Fund Balance Policies

In the fund financial statements, fund balance is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. The classifications of fund balance are Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Nonspendable and Restricted fund balances represent restricted classifications and Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned, and Unassigned represent unrestricted classifications.

Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because either 1) it is not in a spendable form, such as inventory or prepaid items or 2) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance has externally (outside the City) enforceable limitations imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws and regulations of other governments, or laws through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation (changes in City Charter). Committed fund balance has self-imposed limitations imposed at the highest level of decision making authority, namely, Mayor and Council. Mayor and Council approval is required by resolution to commit resources or to rescind the commitment. Assigned fund balance represents limitations imposed by management. Assigned fund balance requests are submitted to the Chief Financial Officer for approval/nonapproval. City Charter authorizes the City Manager or Designee the authority to perform all financial transactions. The City Manager has authorized the Chief Financial Officer this responsibility. Unassigned fund balance represents the residual net resources in excess of the other classifications. The General Fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance and any governmental fund can report a negative unassigned fund balance.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for specific expenditures, restricted resources are considered spent before unrestricted resources. Within unrestricted resources, committed and assigned are considered spent (if available) before unassigned amounts.

o. Statement of Cash Flows

A statement of cash flows classifies cash receipts and payments according to whether they stem from operating, non-capital financing, capital and related financing, or investing activities.

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. This includes repurchase agreements and all monies in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool since the City may deposit or withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty.

p. Contingency Services

The principal purpose of a contingency is to cover any unforeseen expenditures that may arise after the budget is adopted, and to cover expenditures resulting from prior year encumbrances. It is impossible to estimate revenues exactly or to determine in a prior year the exact expenditure of each program or activity for the ensuing year. Thus a contingency is essential for budgetary purposes.

Any balance of a contingency appropriation not used during one fiscal year is available to help finance the following year's budget. The contingency applications are reflected in the budget basis financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 and are made in accordance with State Statutes.

q. Property Taxes

The City's secondary property tax is levied each year on or before the third Monday in August based on the previous January 1 full cash value as determined by the Maricopa County Assessor. Levies are due and payable in two installments, on October 1 and March 1, and become delinquent after November 1 and after May 1, respectively. A lien attaches to the property on the first day of January preceding the assessment and levy of taxes. Delinquent amounts bear interest at the rate of 16 percent. Maricopa County, at no charge to the taxing entities, bills and collects all property taxes. Public auctions of properties which have delinquent real estate taxes are held in February.

Secondary property taxes are levied to pay principal and interest on bonded indebtedness. The dollar amount of the secondary property tax is "unlimited" and the actual full cash value of property is used in determining the tax rate.

In fiscal year 2013-2014, current property tax collections were \$21,755,083 or 98.45% of the tax levy, and were recognized as revenue when received. At fiscal year end, the delinquent property tax is recorded as a receivable. Revenue is recognized for those payments expected to be collected within 60 days and the remaining balance is reported as unavailable revenue. The receivable at June 30, 2014 was \$611,487 of which \$298,841 was recorded as revenue and \$312,646 as unavailable revenue.

r. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, establishes accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities and recognizes, as outflows of resources or inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The City has implemented this statement in fiscal year 2014, see Note 18 for the current year effect of implementing GASB Statement No. 65.

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, improves accounting and financial reporting for pensions. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, as well as the requirements of Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures, as they relate to pensions that are provided through pension plans administered as trusts or equivalent arrangements that meet certain criteria. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2014. The City will implement this Statement in fiscal year 2015.

GASB Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations, establishes accounting and financial reporting standards related to government combinations and disposals of government operations. As used in this Statement, the term government combinations includes a variety of transactions referred to as mergers, acquisitions, and transfers of operations. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal periods beginning after December 15, 2013. The City will implement this Statement in fiscal year 2015.

GASB Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees, improves accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments that extend and receive nonexchange financial guarantees. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The City implemented for fiscal year 2014 with no impact to this Statement.

Although expected to be significant, the City has not fully determined the effects that implementation of Statement No. 68 will have on the City's financial statements. The City has also not fully determined the effects that implementation of Statement No. 69 will have on the City's financial statements.

2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The governmental fund financial statements are presented on a current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual accounting basis while the government-wide financial statements are prepared on a long-term economic resources measurement focus and accrual accounting basis. Reconciliations briefly explaining the adjustments necessary to transform the fund financial statements into the governmental activities column of the government-wide financial statements immediately follow each governmental fund financial statement.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the government-wide Statement of Net Position (in thousands):

(in mousands).		Total vernmental Funds	Asset s/		Internal Service Funds(2)		Reclassifications and Eliminations		Statement of Net Position Total	
Assets										
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	194,047	\$	-	\$	65,900	\$	-	\$	259,947
Account and Misc Receivables, Net		23,295		-		2,105		-		25,400
Accrued Interest Receivable		459		-		89		-		548
Due from Other Governments		35,842		-		5		-		35,847
Due from Other Funds		286		-		-		(286)		-
Advances from Other Funds		1,825		-		-		(1,825)		-
Inventory		-		-		5,841		-		5,841
Prepaid Costs		1,154		-		715		-		1,869
Deposits		526		-		-		-		526
Restricted Assets:				-		-		-		-
Pooled Cash and Investments		7,818		-		-		-		7,818
Cash with Fiscal Agent		61,857		-		-		-		61,857
Cash with Trustee		10,312		-		-		-		10,312
Accounts Receivable		5,961		-		-		-		5,961
Due from Other Governments		68,655		-		-		-		68,655
Investment in Joint Ventures		-		125,577		-		-		125,577
Capital Assets		-		1,280,897		1,658		-		1,282,555
Total Assets		412,037		1,406,474		76,313		(2,111)		1,892,713
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Deferred amounts on refundings		-		4,949		-				4,949
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		-		4,949		-		-		4,949
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	412,037	\$	1,411,423	\$	76,313	\$	(2,111)	\$	1,897,662
Liabilities										
Warrants Outstanding	\$	3,459	\$	-	\$	532	\$	-	\$	3,991
Accounts Payable		20,915		-		2,100		-		23,015
Other Accrued Expenses		9,261		-		37,277		-		46,538
Due To Other Funds		286		-		-		(286)		-
Advances to Other Funds		1,825		-		-		(1,825)		-
Customer and Defendant Deposits		8,099		-		-		-		8,099
Compensated Absences		507		-		-		-		507
Restricted Bond Interest Payable		11,731		-		-		-		11,731
Restricted Unearned Revenue		10,651		-		-		-		10,651
Matured Bonds Payable		50,203		-		-		-		50,203
Long-term Liabilities		-		927,464		9,379		-		936,843
Total Liabilities		116,937		927,464		49,288		(2,111)		1,091,578
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unavailable Revenue										
		6,453		(6,453)		-		-		=
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		6,453		(6,453)		-		-		-
Fund Balance/Net Position										
Total Fund Balance/Net Position Total Liabilities and Fund		288,647		490,412		27,025		-		806,084
Balance/Net Position	\$	412,037	\$	1,411,423	\$	76,313	\$	(2,111)	\$	1,897,662

(1) When capital assets (land, buildings, equipment, etc.) that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the costs of those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds, and thus a reduction in fund balance. However, the statement of net position includes those capital assets among the assets of the City as a whole.

Costs of capital assets	\$2,026,310
Accumulated depreciation	(745,413)
-	\$1,280,897

Investment in joint ventures that are to be used in governmental activities are also reported in the governmental funds as expenditures as constructed. These assets are included in the statement of net position for the City as a whole.

Investment in jo	oint ventures	<u>\$ 125,577</u>

Long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period, and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental fund statement.

Bonds payable	\$ 461,216
Notes payable	77,835
Capital leases	72
Compensated absences	25,462
Post-employment benefits	344,159
Unamortized bond premiums	18,720
_	\$ 927 464

For current refundings and advance refundings resulting in defeasance of debt reported by governmental activities, the difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt should be reported as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources.

Deferred charge on refunding	<u>\$ 4,949</u>
------------------------------	-----------------

Unavailable revenues shown on the governmental fund statements are not deferred on the statement of net position.

Unavailable property tax revenues	\$ 313
Unavailable special assessment revenue	5,886
Unavailable rehabilitation loan revenue	73
Amounts due from tenants not yet available	 181
•	\$ 6,453

(2) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as fleet support, materials and supplies, printing and graphics, and self-insurance, to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the statement of net position, but are not included on the governmental funds balance sheet.

\$ <u>27,025</u>

(Continued)

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance to the Government-wide Statement of Activities (in thousands):

	Total Governmental Funds	Long-term Revenues/ Expenses(1)	Capital - Related Items(2)	Internal Service Funds(3)	Long-term Debt (4)	Eliminations (5)	Statement of Activities
Revenues and Other Sources							
Revenues:							
Sales Taxes	\$140,567	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 140,567
Property Taxes	22,500	49	-	-	-	-	22,549
Occupancy Taxes	1,919	-	-	-	-	-	1,919
Special Assessments	1,062	(662)	-	-	-	-	400
Licenses and Permits	18,797	-	-	-	-	-	18,797
Intergovernmental	185,303	-	-	-	-	-	185,303
Charges for Services	32,106	-	-	-	-	-	32,106
Fines and Forfeitures	9,890	-	-	-	-	-	9,890
Investment Income	589	-	-	377	-	-	966
Contributions	1,212	-	68,855	18,579	-	-	88,646
Miscellaneous	4,524	78	-	948	-	-	5,550
Other Sources:							-
Transfers In	141,909	-	-	-	-	(32,389)	109,520
Face Amount of Bonds Issued	40,800	-	-	-	(40,800)	-	-
Premiums on Issuance of Bonds	430	-	-	-	(430)	-	-
Total Revenue and Other Sources	\$ 601,608	\$ (535)	\$ 68,855	\$ 19,904	\$ (41,230)	\$ (32,389)	\$ 616,213
Other Financing Uses Expenditures/Expenses: Current: General Government Public Safety Cultural-Recreational Community Environment	\$75,077 231,364 38,788 56,573	\$7,308 20,518 1,645 2,058	\$14,384 20,540 7,017 67,428	\$7,071 5,932 2,147 691	\$ (21) (740) (322) (1,050)	\$ - - -	\$ 103,819 277,614 49,275 125,700
Debt Service:					,		
Principal Interest on Bonds Interest on Leases Interest on Notes	71,015 18,907 7 4,790	- - -	- - -	- - -	(71,015) - - -	- - -	- 18,907 7 4,790
Cost of Issuance	727	-	-	-	-	-	727
Capital Outlay	102,657	-	(102,657)	-	-	-	-
Other Financing Uses: Transfers Out	32,389					(32,389)	
Total Expenditures\Expenses & Other Financing Uses	632,294	31,529	6,712	15,841	(73,148)	(32,389)	580,839
Net Change for the Year	\$ (30,686)	\$ (32,064)	\$ 62,143	\$ 4,063	\$ 31,918	\$ -	\$ 35,374

(1) Revenues that are "unavailable" and do not provide current financial resources are not reported in the governmental funds. These revenues are reported in the statement of activities. However, the subsequent collection of these revenues in the governmental funds will reduce the amount reported in the statement of activities.

Property tax revenue	\$ 49
Special assessment revenue	(662)
Rehab Loan Program & Tenant Revenue	78
Total	<u>\$ (535)</u>

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.

Accrual of long-term compensated absences	\$ (3,093)
Accrual of post-employment benefits	(28,436)
Total	<u>\$ (31,529)</u>

(2) When capital assets that are to be used in the governmental activities are purchased or constructed the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. As a result, fund balance decreases by the amount of the financial resources expended, whereas net position decreases by the amount of depreciation expense charged for the year.

Capital outlay for capital assets	\$ 72,325
Depreciation expense	(78,992)
Total	<u>\$ (6,667)</u>

The net effect of miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (donations, transfers and disposals) and investment in joint venture activity is to increase net position.

Donated capital	\$ 27,653
Change in equity interest for joint venture	41,202
Loss on disposal of capital assets	(45)
Total	<u>\$ 68,810</u>

(3) Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as fleet support, materials and supplies, printing and graphics, and self-insurance, to the individual funds. The adjustments for internal service funds "close" those funds by charging the additional amounts to participating governmental activities to completely cover the internal service funds' costs for the year.

Revenue and other sources	\$19,904
Expenditures and other uses	<u>(15,841</u>)
Change in net position	<u>\$ 4,063</u>

(4) Bond and note proceeds are reported as financing sources and the repayment of principal consumes financial resources in the governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on the statement of activities.

New debt issued (including refunded debt):	
General Obligation bond proceeds	\$ (37,550)
Community Facility District Bonds	(3,250)
Principal repayments	71,015
Total	\$ <u>30,215</u>

Governmental funds report bond premiums and deferred amounts relating to refunding when first issued. In the statement of activities these amounts are amortized.

Amortization of deferred refunding amounts	\$ (1,259)
Amortization of bond premiums	3,392
Premiums on bonds	(430)
Total	<u>\$ 1,703</u>

(5) Interfund transfers between governmental activities, other than Internal Service Funds, are eliminated in the consolidation of these activities for the statement of activities. The elimination is reflected as a reduction of transfers in and transfers out to eliminate the doubling up effect of these transactions within the governmental activities. Elimination of transfers to/from the Internal Service Funds is netted into the results of the Internal Service Funds in (3) above.

Transfers out	\$ (32,389)
Transfers in	32,389
Total	<u>\$</u>

3. FUND BALANCE

As of June 30, 2014 the fund balance details by classification are listed below (in thousands):

Fund Balances:	e ne ral Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Nonspendable:						
Prepaid Costs	\$ 1,131	\$	23	\$	1,154	
Advances to Other Funds	 1,825		-		1,825	
Nonspendable Sub-total	2,956		23		2,979	
Restricted:						
Debt Service	-		78,208		78,208	
Capital Projects	-		58,843		58,843	
Quality of Life Projects	-		3,704		3,704	
Streets Projects	-		44,152		44,152	
Public Safety	-		2,649		2,649	
Cultural-Recreational	184		346		530	
Community Environment	4		1,184		1,188	
Court	-		798		798	
Vehicle Replacement	-		725		725	
Restricted Sub-total	 188	190,609			190,797	
Committed To:						
Debt Service	-		370	370		
Capital Projects	-		6,631		6,631	
Cultural-Recreational	-		1,752		1,752	
Public Safety	-		3,396	3,396		
Building Safety	1,347		-	1,347		
Community Environment	137		6,499		6,636	
Vehicle Replacement	-		2,731		2,731	
Committed To Sub-total	 1,484		21,379		22,863	
Unassigned	 72,683		(675)		72,008	
Total Fund Balances	\$ 77,311	\$	211,336	\$	288,647	

The Mayor and Council has established a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund of eight to ten percent of budgeted expenditures. The fund balance in the General Fund as of June 30, 2014 as reported in Exhibit B-3 is 23% of General Fund expenditures budgeted for fiscal year 2014-2015.

4. POOLED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

At year-end, City cash totaled \$5,115,925 which included \$260,065 of petty cash. The carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$4,855,860 and the bank balance was \$1,367,744. The entire balance was covered by federal depository insurance. The difference of \$3,488,116 represents deposits in transit and other reconciling items.

Interest Rate Risk. The City's investment policy for limiting its exposure from rising interest rates complies with Arizona Revised Statute §35-323, which limits investments of public monies to maturities of less than three years.

The City has purchased its own Special Improvement District Bonds with maturities that exceed three years.

Credit Risk. The City's Policy is consistent with the City Charter which authorizes the investment of City funds in accordance with Arizona Revised Statute §35-313. These investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, certificates of deposit in eligible depositories, repurchase agreements, obligations of the State of Arizona or any of its counties or incorporated cities, towns or duly organized school districts, improvement districts in this state and the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool offer four investment pools to participate in which are overseen according to Arizona State Statute by the State Board of Deposit. The City of Mesa participates in State Treasurer Investment Pools 7 and 700. Pool 7 is a short-term fund and Pool 700 is a medium-term fund; both funds invest only in products backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government. At June 30, 2014 Pool 7 had a Net Asset Value of \$1 per share and Pool 700 had a Floating Net Asset Value of \$1.007 per share. The Pools carried weighted average credit ratings of AAA and AA+ respectively.

The City's investment in the Federal Agency Securities are rated AA+ by Standard & Poor's. The City's Special Improvement District bonds have no credit rating.

The City's investments at June 30, 2014 are as follows (in thousands):

			Investment Maturities (in Years)						
Investment Type	Fa	ir Value	Les					Concentration of Credit Risk %	
U.S. Treasuries	\$	240,874	\$	12,976	\$	128,263	\$	99,635	71.57 %
U.S. Agencies:									
Federal Home Loan Bank		25,015		6,065		12,907		6,043	7.43
Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corp.		15,180		8,675		6,505			4.51
Federal National Mortgage Assn		44,604		4,107		31,112		9,385	13.25
Federal Farm Credit Bank		7,976		-		7,976		-	2.37
City of Mesa Special Improvement									
District Bonds		2,623		343		359		1,921	0.78
JP Morgan MMF		277		277		-		-	0.08
Total	\$	336,549	\$	32,443	\$	187,122	\$	116,984	100.00 %

Total Pooled City Cash and Investments at fair value are as follows (in thousands):

Cash on Hand	\$ 260
Carrying Amount of City Deposits	4,856
Investments in Local Govt Invest Pool	38,690
Repurchase Agreement	47,613
Cash with Trustee (1)	12,747
Cash with Fiscal Agent (2)	110,599
Long-Term Investments	336,549
Pooled Cash and Investments	551,314
Less: Cash in Agency Fund	(14,061)
Total City Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 537,253

(1) Represents bond and note proceeds held with trustee in compliance with bond/note agreements. Proceeds are invested in the Local Govt Investment Pool and are used by the City for authorized capital projects.

(2) Represents cash sent by the City to fiscal agents on June 30, 2014 for debt service payments due to bondholders on July 1, 2014.

Interest income from investments is recorded as revenue within the fund that made the investment, with the exception of the Debt Service, Capital Projects and Agency Funds. Income from investments within these funds is recorded in the General or Enterprise Fund based upon their general governmental or enterprise related function.

The City had a net increase in the fair value of investments during fiscal year 2013-2014 of \$698,706. This amount takes into account all changes in fair value (including purchases and sales) that occurred during the year.

5. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

Accounts receivable are recorded in the various funds and displayed in the financial statements net of an allowance for uncollectibles as follows (in thousands):

Fund	Re	ceivables	All	owance	Net	
Governmental Activities:						
General Fund:						
Taxes	\$	11,005	\$	(2,503)	\$	8,502
Courts		4,650		-		4,650
Other Customers		6,108		(1,410)		4,698
Due from Other Governments:						
State Shared Revenues		5,465		-		5,465
Other		3,585		-		3,585
Non-Major Governmental Funds:						
Taxes		3,592		-		3,592
Other Customers		1,853		-		1,853
Restricted-Spec. Assessments		5,886		-		5,886
Restricted-Other		75		-		75
Restricted-Property Taxes		611				611
Restricted-Due from Other Governments		68,044		-		68,044
Due from Other Governments		26,792		-		26,792
Internal Service Funds						
Customers		2,105		-		2,105
Due from Other Governments		5		-		5
Total Governmental Activities	\$	139,776	\$	(3,913)	\$	135,863
Business-Type Activities:						
Utility Customers	\$	26,878	\$	(1,102)	\$	25,776
Other Customers		3,976		(496)		3,480
Due from Other Governments		2,992		-		2,992
Total Business-type Activities	\$	33,846	\$	(1,598)	\$	32,248

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Additionally, governmental funds record unearned revenue when resources have been received, but not yet earned At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unavailable and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows (in thousands):

<u>Unearned Revenue</u>	General Fund		Non-Major Funds	
Mesa Arts Center advanced ticket sales	\$	770	\$ 37	
Grants received prior to meeting				
all eligibility requirements		-	1,900	
Amounts paid in advance		125	 7,819	
	\$	895	\$ 9,756	

	Non-Major Funds	
Unavailable Revenue		
Rehabilitation Revolving Loans not yet due	\$	73
Amounts due from tenants not yet available		181
Delinquent Property Taxes		313
Special Assessments not yet due		5,886
	\$	6,453

Unbilled Accounts Receivable

Unbilled utility service receivables are recorded in the year in which the services are provided. At June 30, 2014, unbilled utility service receivables are recorded in the Enterprise Fund as follows (in thousands):

Electric	\$ 1,245
Gas	1,120
Water	5,103
Wastewater	2,493
Solid Waste	 1,776
	\$ 11,737

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The following interfund activities are included in the fund financial statements at June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

	Inte	erfund	Interfund			
Fund	Rece	ivables	Pay	ables		
General Fund	\$	286	\$	-		
Non-major Governmental Funds		-		286		
Total Governmental Funds	\$	286	\$	286		

The interfund balances at June 30, 2014 are short-term loans to cover temporary cash deficits in various funds. All interfund balances outstanding at June 30, 2014 are expected to be repaid within one year.

The following advances are included in the fund financial statements at June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

	Ad	vances to		Advances from				
Fund	Other Funds		Othe	r Funds				
General Fund	\$	1,825	\$	-				
Non-major Governmental Funds				1,825				
Total Governmental Funds	\$	1,825	\$	1,825				

The advances at June 30, 2014 are long-term loans to the Development Impact Fees fund to cover expenses which exceeded revenues received. The advances outstanding at June 30, 2014 are not expected to be repaid within one year.

The following interfund transfers are reflected in the fund financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

Fund	Trar	sfers Out	Tra	insfers In
Governmental Funds:				
General Fund	\$	16,080	\$	109,520
Non-major Governmental Funds		16,309		32,389
Total Governmental Funds		32,389		141,909
Proprietary Funds:				
Enterprise Fund		109,520	_	-
Total	\$	141,909	\$	141,909

Transfers from business-type activities to governmental activities on the government-wide statement of activities include a \$90,000,000 operational subsidy from the Enterprise Fund to the General Fund. The remaining interfund transfers generally fall within one of the three following categories: 1) debt service payments made from a debt service fund but funded from an operating fund; 2) subsidy transfers; 3) open new funds and/or close old funds.

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of capital asset activity, for the government-wide financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2014 follows (in thousands):

	Balance						Balance		
	Ju	ly 1, 2013	Additions		Retirements		Jui	ne 30, 2014	
Governmental Activities:									
Non-depreciable Assets:									
Land	\$	278,120	\$	19,278	\$	-	\$	297,398	
Infrastructure		22		3,270		-		3,292	
Construction-in-Progress		168,373		77,304		(81,103)		164,574	
Total Non-depreciable Assets		446,515		99,852		(81,103)		465,264	
Depreciable Assets:									
Buildings		289,794		16,551		(90)		306,255	
Other Improvements		142,156		16,427		(1,642)		156,941	
Machinery & Equipment		164,640		9,273		(6,516)		167,397	
Intangibles		13,547		-		(36)		13,511	
Infrastructure		887,028		41,728		(2,547)		926,209	
Total Depreciable Assets		1,497,165		83,979		(10,831)		1,570,313	
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:									
Buildings		(74,494)		(8,663)		80		(83,077)	
Other Improvements		(82,608)		(8,219)		1,451		(89,376)	
Machinery & Equipment		(115,878)		(9,453)		6,524		(118,807)	
Intangibles		(862)		(2,186)		19		(3,029)	
Infrastructure		(407,965)		(50,801)		33		(458,733)	
Total Accum. Depreciation		(681,807)		(79,322)		8,107		(753,022)	
Total Depreciable Assets, net		815,358		4,657		(2,724)		817,291	
Governmental Activities	_								
Capital Assets, net	\$	1,261,873	\$	104,509	\$	(83,827)	\$	1,282,555	

Depreciation and Amortization expense was charged to governmental functions in the government-wide financial statements as follows (in thousands):

General Government	\$ 12,199
Public Safety	17,363
Cultural - Recreational	5,938
Community Environment	43,492
Capital assets held by the City's Internal Service	
funds are charged to the various functions	
based on their usage of the assets	 330
	\$ 79,322

	Balance							Balance
	Jı	ıly 1, 2013	Α	Additions		Retirements		ne 30, 2014
Business-type Activities:								
Non-depreciable Assets:								
Land	\$	57,847	\$	130	\$	(3,810)	\$	54,167
Water Rights		17,560		-		-		17,560
Collections of Art		-		106		-		106
Construction-in-Progress		280,264		117,753		(163,022)		234,995
Total Non-depreciable Assets		355,671		117,989		(166,832)		306,828
Depreciable Assets:								
Buildings		52,086		36,243		(594)		87,735
Other Improvements		94,352		33,492		(2,321)		125,523
Machinery & Equipment		54,039		22,106		(2,587)		73,558
Intangibles		27,016		741		(4)		27,753
Infrastructure		1,508,988		79,999		(1,814)		1,587,173
Total Depreciable Assets		1,736,481		172,581		(7,320)		1,901,742
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:								
Buildings		(22,159)		(1,620)		299		(23,480)
Other Improvements		(42,303)		(4,239)		1,689		(44,853)
Machinery & Equipment		(36,150)		(4,748)		2,453		(38,445)
Intangibles		(17,203)		(1,508)		-		(18,711)
Infrastructure		(602,975)		(51,799)		518		(654,256)
Total Accum. Depreciation		(720,790)		(63,914)		4,959		(779,745)
Total Depreciable Assets, net		1,015,691		108,667		(2,361)		1,121,997
Business-type Activities								
Capital Assets, net	\$	1,371,362	\$	226,656	\$	(169,193)	\$	1,428,825

Depreciation and Amortization expense was charged to enterprise functions in the government-wide financial statements as follows (in thousands):

Electric	\$ 5,942
Gas	4,675
Water	26,161
Wastewater	21,124
Solid Waste	407
Airport	1,932
Golf Course	489
Convention Center	235
Hohokam Stadium/Fitch Complex	887
Cubs	1,615
District Cooling	 447
	\$ 63,914

Construction in progress and related construction commitments are composed of the following (in thousands):

	Construction	
Governmental Activities	in Progress	Commitments
General Government	\$ 29,515	\$ 1,401
Public Safety	6,449	3,614
Cultural-Recreational	6,754	2
Community Environmental	121,604	1,437
Warehouse, Maintenance & Services	252	30
Total	\$ 164,574	\$ 6,484
Business-type Activities		
Electric	\$ 20,248	\$ 211
Gas	29,418	710
Water	112,928	138
Wastewater	37,718	2
Solid Waste	12,827	-
Airport	4,415	18
Golf Course	276	-
Convention Center	478	21
Hohokam Stadium/Fitch Complex	79	-
Cubs Stadium	16,406	5,470
District Cooling	202	12
Total	\$ 234,995	\$ 6,582

(Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2014, the City capitalized net interest costs of \$6,280,832. Total interest expense in the Business-type Activities Enterprise Fund before capitalization was \$51,084,767.

Special Item – Gain on Sale of Capital Assets

During the year ended June 30, 2014, the City sold land holdings in Pinal County with an historical cost of \$3,809,706 for \$23,329,786 which resulted in a gain of \$19,520,080. In addition, the City sold various other capital assets resulting in an overall net gain of \$18,696,518. While a gain on the sale of capital assets is not unusual in nature, the total net gain is reported as a special item as the City generally does not sell large amounts of land.

8. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

a. Changes in Long-Term Obligations

The following is a summary of changes in long-term obligations (in thousands).

	eginning alances	Ac	lditions	Re	ductions	Ending alances	Du	mounts e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities:								
Bonds Payable:								
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 324,683	\$	37,550	\$	(18,193)	\$ 344,040	\$	21,014
Highway User Revenue Bonds	114,650		-		(6,945)	107,705		7,255
Special Assessment Bonds								
with Governmental Commitment	4,318		-		(744)	3,574		744
Community Facility District	2,712		3,250		(65)	5,897		135
Total Bonds Payable	446,363		40,800		(25,947)	 461,216		29,148
Capital Leases	140		-		(68)	72		72
Notes Payable	122,835		-		(45,000)	77,835		-
Unamortized Premiums	21,682		430		(3,392)	18,720		-
Post Employment Benefits	323,554		43,192		(13,841)	352,905		-
Compensated Absences	 22,995		24,059		(20,959)	 26,095		3,292
Governmental Activities Total	\$ 937,569	\$	108,481	\$	(109,207)	\$ 936,843	\$	32,512
Business-type Activities:								
Bonds Payable:								
Revenue Bonds	\$ 978,160	\$	36,385	\$	(22,550)	\$ 991,995	\$	23,860
General Obligation Bonds	887		-		(282)	605		131
Excise Tax Revenue Obligations	94,060		-			 94,060		
Total Bonds Payable	1,073,107		36,385		(22,832)	 1,086,660		23,991
Notes Payable	2,370		-		(126)	2,244		128
Unamortized Bond Premiums	28,353		258		(3,282)	25,329		-
Post Employment Benefits	65,495		6,770		(2,170)	70,095		-
Compensated Absences	 3,856		3,233		(3,182)	 3,907		601
Business-type Activities Total	\$ 1,173,181	\$	46,646	\$	(31,592)	\$ 1,188,235	\$	24,720

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities. At year end \$9,379,003 of internal service funds post-employment benefits and compensated absences are included in the above amounts. Also, for the governmental activities, post-employment benefits and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the general fund.

b. Bonds Payable

At June 30, 2014, long-term bonds payable consisted of:

Classified in Governmental Activities on the government-wide financial statements:

General Obligation Bonds	Bonds Outstanding (In Thousands)
\$24,720,000 2002 general obligation refunding serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$59,706 to \$9,498,229, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 3.75 percent to 5.375 percent through July 1, 2015.	
\$46,230,300 2004 general obligation refunding serial bonds, due in annual installments ranging from \$34,839 to \$31,852,800, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 2.4 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2018.	
\$11,705,000 2005 general obligation serial bonds, due in annual installments ranging from \$500,000 to \$3,250,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2024.	
\$9,710,000 2006 general obligation serial bonds, due in annual installments ranging from \$135,000 to \$4,225,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.40 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2025.	
\$15,915,000 2007 general obligation serial bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$615,000 to \$5,500,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.125 percent to 6.0 percent through July 1, 2027.	
\$15,450,000 2008 general obligation serial bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$375,000 to \$6,675,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.25 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2028.	13,450
\$61,830,000 2009 general obligation serial bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$1,750,000 to \$10,125,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.0 percent to 4.625 percent through July 1, 2029.	
\$30,865,000 2010 general obligation bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$1,115,000 to \$13,225,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.75 percent to 5.85 percent through July 1, 2030.	

Bonds Outstanding (In Thousands) \$29,320,000 2011 general obligation serial bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$800,000 to \$6,825,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 2 percent to 4.25 percent through July 1, 2031. \$ 26,350 \$27,290,000 2012 general obligation serial bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$840,000 to \$8,550,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 2 percent to 4 percent through July 1, 2032. 25.600 \$31,148,160 2012 general obligation refunding serial bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$419,601 to \$7,350,252, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 2 percent to 4 percent through July 1, 2022. 23,299 \$8,915,000 2013 general obligation refunding serial bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$30,000 to \$3,250,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from .7 percent to 5 percent through July 1, 2024. 8,885 \$59,960,000 2013 general obligation serial bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$1,635,000 to \$12,675,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 1.5 percent to 4 percent through July 1, 2023. 58,325 \$37,550,000 2014 general obligation serial bonds due in annual installments ranging from \$1,050,000 to \$5,575,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 2 percent to 3.6 percent through July 1, 2034. 37,550 **Total General Obligation Bonds** \$ 344,040 **Street and Highway User Revenue Bonds** \$26,805,000 2003 street and highway user revenue bonds, (partially refunded by street and highway user revenue refunding bonds, series 2012) due in annual principal installments ranging from \$500,000 to \$9,750,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.25 percent to 5.50 percent through July 1, 2018. \$ 3,200 \$9,585,000 2004 street and highway user revenue bonds (partially refunded by street and highway user revenue refunding bonds, series 2005), due in annual principal installments ranging from \$100,000 to \$225,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.00 percent to 5.00 percent through July 1, 2022. 1.075 \$17,760,000 2004 street and highway user revenue refunding bonds, due in annual installments ranging from \$20,000 to \$7,250,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 3.5 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2018. 17.740 \$23,800,000 2005 street and highway user revenue refunding bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$25,000 to \$8,000,000, plus semiannual interest ranging from 2.75 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2023. 23.750

(Continued)

Bonds Outstanding (In Thousands) \$10,225,000 2005 street and highway user revenue bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$50,000 to \$8,500,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2023. \$ 1,175 \$11,675,000 2006 street and highway user revenue bonds, due in annual installments ranging from \$850,000 to \$9,850,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.50 percent to 5.25 percent through July 1, 2025. 11.675 \$10,675,000 2007 street and highway user revenue bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$1,000,000 to \$3,900,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.25 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2027. 10.675 \$36,090,000 2012 street and highway user revenue refunding bonds, due in annual installments ranging from \$665,000 to \$9,700,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 3.0 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2022. 29,915 \$8,500,000 2013 street and highway user revenue refunding bonds, due in one installment of \$8,500,000 plus semi-annual interest of 5 percent through July 1, 2024. 8,500 **Total Street and Highway User Revenue Bonds** \$ 107,705 Special Assessment Bonds (payable from special assessments levied on the benefited properties) \$5,025,000 2005 special assessment district bonds, due in annual principal installments of \$335,000, plus semi-annual interest of 5.80 percent, through January 1, 2021. \$ 2,345 \$4,091,840 2007 special assessment district bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$408,840 to \$410,000, plus semi-annual interest of 5.0 percent, through January 1, 2017. 1,229 3,574 **Total Special Assessment Bonds Community Facilities District** \$2,712,000 2013 Eastmark Community Facilities District No. 1 (City of Mesa, Arizona) Assessment District No. 1 Special Assessment Revenue Bonds, due in annual principle installments ranging from \$62,000 to \$95,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.6 percent to 5.3 percent through July 1, 2038. \$ 2.647

	Bonds Outstanding (In Thousands)
\$3,250,000 2014 Eastmark Community Facilities District No. 1 (City of Mesa, Arizona) General Obligation Bonds, due in annual principle installments ranging from \$65,000 to \$225,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.8 percent to 5.3 percent through July 15, 2038.	\$ <u>3,250</u>
Total Community Facilities District Bonds	\$ <u>5,897</u>
Total bonds payable recorded in governmental activities	\$ <u>461,216</u>
Classified in Business-type Activities on the government-wide financial staten	ients:
General Obligation Bonds	
\$120,000 2002 general obligation refunding serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$294 to \$46,771, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 3.75 percent to 5.375 percent through July 1, 2015.	\$7
\$214,700 2004 general obligation refunding serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$35,000 to \$32,000,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 2.4 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2016.	212
\$ 516,840 2012 general obligation refunding serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$15,399 to \$269,748, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 2 percent to 4 percent through July 1, 2022.	386
Total General Obligation Bonds	\$ 605
Utility Systems Revenue Bonds	
\$57,950,000 2002 utility systems revenue serial bonds (partially refunded by 2004 & 2006 utility systems revenue refunding bonds), due in annual principal installments ranging from \$950,000 to \$1,000,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.25 percent to 5.75 percent through July 1, 2017.	\$ 3,000
\$129,000,000 2002 utility systems revenue refunding serial bonds, (partially refunded by 2012 and 2012 taxable utility systems revenue refunding bonds) due in annual principal installments ranging from \$65,000 to \$29,550,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 3.40 percent to 5.25 percent through July 1, 2017.	22,310
\$48,850,000 2002A utility systems revenue refunding serial bonds, (partially refunded by 2012 utility systems revenue refunding bonds) due in annual principal installments ranging from \$40,000 to \$17,890,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 3.00 percent to 5.00 percent through July 1, 2015.	17,890

(Continued)

Bonds Outstanding (In Thousands)

\$50,470,000 2003 utility systems revenue serial bonds, (partially refunded by 2006 (Series 2) and series 2012 utility systems revenue refunding bonds), due in annual principal installments ranging from \$970,000 to \$25,500,000, plus semi- annual interest ranging from 3.50 percent to 5.00 percent through July 1, 2019.	\$ 5,000
\$64,625,000 2004 utility systems revenue serial bonds, (partially refunded by 2006 (Series 2) utility systems revenue refunding bonds), due in annual principal installments ranging from \$1,125,000 to \$11,000,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 5.00 percent to 6.00 percent through July 1, 2028.	6,125
\$40,345,000 2004 utility systems revenue refunding serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$20,000 to \$21,010,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 3.50 percent to 5.00 percent through July 1, 2019.	40,325
\$91,200,000 2005 utility systems revenue serial bonds, (partially refunded by 2006 (and series 2012) utility systems revenue refunding bonds), due in annual principal installments ranging from \$750,000 to \$24,000,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.125 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2029.	71,200
\$105,400,000 2006 utility systems revenue serial bonds, (partially refunded by 2006 (Series 2) utility systems revenue refunding bonds), due in annual principal installments ranging from \$8,650,000 to \$36,750,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.375 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2030.	87,325
\$61,300,000 2006 utility systems revenue refunding serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$2,075,000 to \$18,000,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.0 percent through July 1, 2021.	58,075
\$127,260,000 2006 (Series 2) utility systems revenue refunding serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$50,000 to \$25,845,000, plus semi- annual interest ranging from 4.0 percent to 5.25 percent through July 1, 2028.	126,965
\$65,550,000 2007 utility systems revenue serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$2,500,000 to \$41,800,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.25 percent to 6.25 percent through July 1, 2031.	65,550
\$52,875,000 2008 utility systems revenue serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$700,000 to \$44,675,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.875 percent to 5.25 percent through July 1, 2032.	52,875
\$21,125,000 2008 utility systems revenue refunding serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$100,000 to \$2,200,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 3.00 percent to 4.00 percent through July 1, 2018.	8,275

	Bonds Outstanding (In Thousands)
\$59,900,000 2009 utility systems revenue serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$900,000 to \$48,250,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 5.875 percent to 6.375 percent through July 1, 2033.	
\$50,380,000 2010 utility systems revenue serial bonds, due in one principal installment, plus semi-annual interest of 6.10 percent through July 1, 2034.	50,380
\$53,950,000 2011 utility systems revenue serial bonds, due in one principal installment, plus semi-annual interest of 5.0 percent through July 1, 2035.	53,950
\$67,300,000 2012 utility systems revenue serial bonds, due in one principal installment, plus semi-annual interest of 4.0 percent through July 1, 2036.	67,300
\$31,580,000 2012 utility systems revenue refunding serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$7,440,000 to \$9,150,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.0 percent to 4.826 percent through July 1, 2021.	
\$80,295,000 2012 taxable utility systems revenue refunding serial bonds, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$3,225,000 to \$9,150,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 3.269 percent to 5.048 percent through July 1, 2035.	
\$47,290,000 2013 utility systems revenue bonds, due in one principal installment, plus semi-annual interest of 4.0 percent through July 1, 2037.	47,290
\$36,385,000 2014 utility systems revenue bonds, due in two principal installments of \$20,000,000 and \$16,385,000, plus semi-annual interest of 4.0 percent through July 1, 2038.	
Total Utility Systems Revenue Bonds	\$ 991,995
Excise Tax Revenue Obligations	
\$94,060,000 2013 excise tax revenue obligation, due in annual principal installments ranging from \$6,620,000 to \$10,785,000, plus semi-annual interest of 5.0 percent through July 1, 2032.	
Total bonds payable recorded in business-type activities	\$ <u>1,086,660</u>

The following tables summarize the City's debt service requirements to maturity for its long term bonds payable at June 30, 2014 (in thousands). The deferred amounts on refundings are not included.

Governmental Activities

		Gene	ral O	bligation	Bon	ds			Highwa	er Revenu	ue Bonds		
Fiscal Year	Р	rincipal]	Interest		Total	Fiscal Year	P	rincipal		Interest		Total
2015	\$	21,014	\$	13,758	\$	34,772	2015	\$	7,255	\$	5,186	\$	12,441
2016		17,156		13,016		30,172	2016		7,585		4,884		12,469
2017		17,923		12,493		30,416	2017		7,900		4,503		12,403
2018		41,764		11,743		53,507	2018		8,375		4,110		12,485
2019		13,406		9,849		23,255	2019		8,715		3,693		12,408
2020-24		76,177		40,976		117,153	2020-24		49,350		11,627		60,977
2025-29		95,225		23,903		119,128	2025-29		18,525		1,307		19,832
2030-34		61,375		5,216		66,591	2030-34		_				
TOTALS	\$	344,040	\$	130,954	\$	474,994	TOTALS	\$	107,705	\$	35,310	\$	143,015

Special Assessment Bonds

Community Facilities District

Fiscal Year	Pr	incipal	Interest		 Total	Fiscal Year	Principal		Interest		Interest		 Total
2015	\$	744	\$	178	\$ 922	2015	\$	135	\$	293	\$ 428		
2016		745		138	883	2016		150		274	424		
2017		745		98	843	2017		155		270	425		
2018		335		68	403	2018		160		266	426		
2019		335		48	383	2019		165		261	426		
2020-24		670		39	709	2020-24		940		1,191	2,131		
2025-29		-		-	-	2025-29		1,180		949	2,129		
2030-34		-		-	-	2030-34		1,505		623	2,128		
2035-38		-		-	 -	2035-38		1,507		197	 1,704		
TOTALS	\$	3,574	\$	569	\$ 4,143	TOTALS	\$	5,897	\$	4,324	\$ 10,221		

Business-type Activities

	General Obligation Bonds							Revenue Bonds					
Fiscal Year	Pri	ncipal	Inte	erest		Total	Fiscal Year	Р	rincipal	1	nterest		Total
2015	\$	131	\$	21	\$	152	2015	\$	23,860	\$	47,460	\$	71,320
2016		84		18		102	2016		24,800		46,224		71,024
2017		67		16		83	2017		26,070		45,015		71,085
2018		181		13		194	2018		31,880		43,827		75,707
2019		34		5		39	2019		34,825		42,277		77,102
2020-24		108		9		117	2020-24		165,730		187,315		353,045
2025-29		-		-		-	2025-29		209,270		143,718		352,988
2030-34		-		-		-	2030-34		262,945		90,891		353,836
2035-39				-		-	2035-39		212,615		19,167		231,782
TOTALS	\$	605	\$	82	\$	687	TOTALS	\$	991,995	\$	665,894	\$	1,657,889

Fiscal Year	Pr	rincipal	L	nterest	Total		
2015	\$	-	\$	4,703	\$	4,703	
2016		-		4,703		4,703	
2017		-		4,703		4,703	
2018		-		4,703		4,703	
2019		-		4,703		4,703	
2020-24		20,870		22,505		43,375	
2025-29		42,355		14,268		56,623	
2030-34		30,835		3,135		33,970	
TOTALS	\$	94,060	\$	63,423	\$	157,483	

Excise Tax Revenue Obligations

Special Assessment Bonds

The City acts as trustee for special assessment districts whereby it collects the assessments levied against owners of property within established districts and disburses the amounts collected to retire the bonds issued to finance the improvements. At June 30, 2014, the special assessments receivable, together with amounts paid in advance and interest to be received over the life of the assessment period, is adequate for the scheduled maturities of the bonds payable and the related interest.

Improvement bonds are collateralized by properties within the districts. In the event of default by the property owner, the City may enforce an auction sale to satisfy the debt service requirements of the improvement bonds. The City is contingently liable on special assessment bonds to the extent that proceeds from auction sales are insufficient to retire outstanding bonds. Special assessment bonds payable with governmental commitment currently outstanding as of June 30, 2014 are \$3,574,000.

General Obligation Bonds

The general obligation bonds are backed by the ultimate taxing power and general revenues of the City; however, \$605,451 of these bonds at June 30, 2014 is carried as a liability of the Enterprise Fund to reflect the intention of retirement from resources of that fund.

All bonds, except Special Assessment Bonds, are callable by the City at various dates and at various premiums.

The Arizona Constitution provides that the general obligation bonded indebtedness of a city for general municipal purposes may not exceed 6 percent of the secondary assessed valuation of the taxable property in that city. In addition to the 6 percent limitation for general municipal purpose bonds, cities may issue general obligation bonds up to an additional 20 percent of the secondary assessed valuation for supplying such city with water, artificial light or sewers, and for the acquisition and development of land for open space preserves, parks, playgrounds and recreation facilities, public safety, law enforcement, fire and emergency services facilities and streets and transportation facilities.

The total debt margin available July 1, 2014 is (in thousands):

\$ 152,973
<u>167,887</u>
\$ 320,860

City revenue bond indenture ordinances require that the net amount of revenues of the electric, gas, water, wastewater and solid waste systems (total revenues less operations and maintenance expenses) equal 120 percent of the principal and interest requirement in each fiscal year. The above covenant and all other bond covenants have been met.

c. Reserves for Bond Indentures

Pursuant to the provisions of the Bond Resolution of the City of Mesa Utility System Revenue and Refunding bonds, Replacement and Reserve Funds are required to be established, into which a sum equal to 2 percent of the gross revenues – as determined on a modified accrual basis – must be deposited until a sum equal to two percent of all tangible assets of the Utility System is accumulated. As of June 30, 2014, the amount provided in the Replacement and Extension Funds equaled \$25,273,850 which is in compliance with the bond provisions.

d. Notes Payable

Governmental Activities

The City issued \$122,835,000 of Highway Project Advancement Notes (HPAN) to provide funds to the Arizona Department of Transportation (ADOT) for the acceleration of the right-of-way acquisition, design and construction of highway improvements to State Route 24 between State Route 202L and Ellsworth Road. The City has entered into an intergovernmental agreement with ADOT and the Maricopa Association of Governments to advance the improvements to State Route 24. The agreement provides for repayment by ADOT to the City of the full amount of the City advance from monies available to ADOT for the project within a 60-month loan period. As of June 30, 2014, \$45,000,000 has

been repaid to the City by ADOT, subsequently these HPAN notes have been paid off by the City. The remaining repayments of \$77,835,000 are not secured by any lien upon or pledge of any particular revenues, monies or property of ADOT. No assurance can be given that ADOT will have funds available for repayments due at the times or in the amounts set forth under the agreement.

Business Type Activities

The City has entered into a loan agreement with the State of Arizona Department of Transportation Aeronautics Division State Aviation Fund for the construction of T-Hangars at the airport. The interest rate on the notes is 6.02 percent.

The City entered into four separate loan agreements with the Water Infrastructure Finance Authority of Arizona. The purposes of the loans are to make improvements and upgrades to existing water and wastewater projects. The loans utilize funds from the United States Environmental Protection Agency pursuant to the federal American Reinvestment and Recovery Act of 2009. Subject to the City meeting the required specifications of the loan documents, two of the loans include a combined interest and fee rate subsidy and the two remaining loans include a principal forgiveness portion. Total principal (without principal forgiveness) is \$3,486,902 and the loans have a 20 year repayment period. The total principal forgiveness is \$626,000. Total interest over the 20 years with principal forgiveness and the combined interest and fee rate subsidy is \$635,736.

The following table reflects the annual requirements to amortize all notes outstanding as of June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

		Governmental Activities							Business-type Activities					
Fiscal Year	Pı	rincipal	Ir	nterest		Total	Pri	incipal		Interest & Fees		Fotal		
2015	\$		\$	3,892	\$	3,892	\$	128	\$	49	\$	177		
2016		-		3,892		3,892		131		47		178		
2017		14,085		3,892		17,977		134		44		178		
2018		14,800		3,188		17,988		137		41		178		
2019		15,525		2,447		17,972		140		38		178		
2020-24		33,425		2,527		35,952		747		141		888		
2025-29								827		55		882		
TOTALS	\$	77,835	\$	19,838	\$	97,673	\$	2,244	\$	415	\$	2,659		

e. Lease Obligations

The following is a schedule by years of future minimum lease payments under capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2014 (in thousands).

		Governmental Activities										
Fiscal Year	Princ	cipal	Inte	rest	Total							
2015		72		3		75						
TOTALS	\$	72	\$	3	<u>\$</u>	75						

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows (in thousands):

		Governmental
	_	Activities
Asset:		
Machinery & Equipment	\$	430
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(277)
Total	\$	153

f. Short-term Debt

The City had no short-term debt activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

g. Series 2012 Special Activity Revenue Bonds

PMGAA issued \$19,220,000 in special facility Revenue Bonds on February 29, 2012. The City has entered into a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with PMGAA and Able Engineering and Component Services for the development, construction and lease of aircraft maintenance repair and overhaul facility at Phoenix-Mesa Gateway Airport. In general, the MOU addresses PMGAA issuing Special Facility Revenue Bonds, constructing the facility and leasing the facility to the City. The City, in turn, will sublease the facility to Able Engineering. The City pledged a portion of its excise taxes as security for payment of the base rent. The pledge of such excise taxes will be a junior lien subordinate to certain outstanding senior obligations. The bonds are payable from the future revenues from the City through 2038. During that time frame total principal and interest to be paid on the bonds will be \$35,216,300. The bonds are not considered the debt of the City.

h. Pledged Revenues

I. Utility System Revenue Bonds

The City has pledged future utility customer revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay approximately \$1.865 billion in utility system revenue bonds issued since 1997. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the construction of various utility related projects including new gas pipelines and water and wastewater treatment plants. The bonds are payable solely from utility customer net revenues and are payable through 2038. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds were 44.6 percent of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$1.658 billion. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$67,337,000 and \$150,832,000, respectively.

II. Highway User Revenue Bonds

The City has pledged future Highway User Taxes Revenue to repay \$224.4 million in highway user revenue bonds issued since 2002. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for streets projects. The bonds are payable solely from the state shared Highway User Tax revenues and are payable through 2027. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds were 40 percent of eligible revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$143,015,225. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total highway user tax revenues were \$12,416,900 and \$30,922,300, respectively.

III. Special Assessment Bonds

The special assessment revenues collected by the City are pledged to repay \$9.1 million of special assessment bonds issued since 2005. Proceeds from the bonds are used to finance improvements that property owners have agreed to pay. In the event of default by the property owner, an auction sale may be enforced by the City. If collections and auction proceeds are not sufficient to retire outstanding bonds the City is contingently liable. These bonds are payable through 2021. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to be covered 100% with collections from the property owners. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$4,142,260. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total assessments collected were \$961,400, and \$861,366, respectively

9. REFUNDED, REFINANCED AND DEFEASED OBLIGATIONS

Liabilities to be Paid from Assets Held in Escrow

Liabilities to be paid from assets held in escrow include bonded debt of the City that has been provided for through an Advanced Refunding Bond Issue. Under an advanced refunding arrangement, refunding bonds are issued and the net proceeds, plus additional resources that may be required, are used to purchase securities issued or guaranteed by the United States Government. These securities are then deposited in an irrevocable trust under an escrow agreement which provides that all proceeds from the trust will be used to fund the principal and interest payments of the previously issued bonded debt being refunded. The trust deposits have been computed so that the securities in the trust, along with future cash flow generated by the securities, will be sufficient to service the previously issued bonds.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 7, the refunded debt outstanding at June 30, 2014 as reflected below is not included in the City's financial statements (in thousands).

Utility System Revenue Refunding Bond Issue dated February 1, 2002	\$	43,385
Utility System Revenue Bond Issue dated June 1, 2005		20,000
Utility System Revenue Bond Issue dated June 1, 2006		18,075
General Obligation Bond Issue dated June 9, 2005		8,705
Street and Highway User Revenue Bond Issue dated June 9, 2005	-	8,500
Total Refunded Bonds Outstanding	<u>\$</u>	<u>98,665</u>

10. SELF-INSURANCE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

The Property and Public Liability, Workers' Compensation and Employee Benefits Internal Service Funds have been established to account for the costs of claims incurred by the City under self-insurance programs. The City is fully self-insured for all public liability risks, up to a maximum of \$3,000,000, per occurrence, for the current policy year under the Property and Public Liability Insurance program. In addition, the City carries full property insurance with a \$50,000 per occurrence deductible. Under the Workers' Compensation Program, the City is subject to a maximum deductible of \$1,000,000 liability per occurrence. In the Employee Benefits Fund, the City has excess insurance coverage when an individual's claims exceed \$225,000 per contract year. There were no changes in insurance coverage during this fiscal year for any of the three Self-Insurance Funds.

The Workers' Compensation Fund does not have a stop loss receivable at June 30, 2014. Over the past three fiscal years the Fund has received settlements in excess of insurance coverage of \$763,596 with \$307,416 received this current fiscal year. The Property and Public Liability Fund does not have a stop loss receivable at June 30, 2014, and the Fund has not received any settlements in excess of insurance coverage over the past three fiscal years. The Employee Benefits Fund does not have stop loss receivable at June 30, 2014. Over the past three fiscal years the Fund has received settlements in excess of insurance coverage of \$2,436,444 with \$1,356,261 received this current fiscal year.

The various funds of the City include, as expenditures, amounts contributed to each of the self-insurance funds during the fiscal year. The estimated liability for claims outstanding is determined by a yearly actuarial study in the Property and Public Liability Fund and the Workers Compensation Fund. The claims liability in the Employee Benefits Fund is generated by the claims processing software system maintained by City Staff.

_	& I	perty Public bility	orkers' pensation	mployee Senefits	Total		
Unpaid Claims, 6/30/12 Adjustments to Reserves-FY 12-13 Claim Payments-FY 12-13	\$	13,030 1,165 (829)	\$ 18,718 6,675 (3,686)	\$ 5,587 48,062 (49,803)	\$	37,335 55,902 (54,318)	
Unpaid Claims, 6/30/13	\$	13,366	\$ 21,707	\$ 3,846	\$	38,919	
Adjustments to Reserves-FY 13-14 Claim Payments-FY 13-14	\$	(486) (3,299)	\$ 4,186 (3,086)	\$ 53,014 (52,191)	\$	56,714 (58,576)	
Unpaid Claims, 6/30/14	\$	9,581	\$ 22,807	\$ 4,669	\$	37,057	

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two fiscal years are as follows (in thousands):

All unpaid claims are reported as current liabilities in the Statement of Net Position as the change in these amounts have already been expensed in the statement of activities.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

a. **Pending Litigation**

The City is subject to a number of lawsuits, investigations, and other claims (some of which involve substantial amounts) that are incidental to the ordinary course of its operations, including those related to wrongful death and personal injury matters. Although the City Attorney does not currently possess sufficient information to reasonably estimate the amounts of the liabilities to be recorded upon the settlement of such claims and lawsuits, some claims could be significant to the City's operations. While the ultimate resolution of such lawsuits, investigations, and claims cannot be determined at this time, in the opinion of City management, based on the advice of the City Attorney, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position.

b. Sick Leave Benefits

Sick leave benefits provided for ordinary sick pay are not vested with the employee. Fifty percent of unused benefits are payable only upon retirement of an employee. In accordance with the criteria, sick leave paid within 60 days of the year-end has been recorded as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements. Long-term liabilities of governmental funds are not shown on the fund financial statements. In the government-wide financial statements as well as the proprietary fund financial statements an amount of estimated sick pay to employees has been expensed and the liability is shown in the appropriate funds. These amounts have been calculated based on the vested method.

The total sick leave balance recorded as a liability at June 30, 2014, is \$10,616,584.

12. NET POSITION

a. **Restricted Net Position**

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$103.6M of restricted net position, of which \$47.9M is restricted by enabling legislation.

b. Designated Net Position

The net position in the Employee Benefits Self Insurance Fund is designated for anticipated future losses and is a result of excess premiums charged to increase the fund balance specifically for this purpose.

c. <u>Deficit Net Position</u>

The deficit in the Workers Compensation Self-Insurance Fund consists of prior years' deficit plus current year claims expenses exceeding revenues received. The City's funding plan calls for yearly contributions from various funds to equal the years estimated claims and claim related expenses. Future claim liabilities are not considered in determining funding for each year.

The deficit in the Warehouse, Maintenance and Services fund was a result of other post-employment benefit charges.

13. ENTERPRISE ACTIVITIES OPERATIONS DETAIL

The Enterprise Fund includes operations of electricity, gas, water, wastewater, solid waste, airport, golf course, convention center, stadiums and district cooling. Although the City's Enterprise Fund does not meet the requirements for disclosing segment information, these services provided by the City are of such significance as to warrant certain additional disclosures. Operating revenue, expenses and operating income loss for the year ended June 30, 2014 for these services are as follows (in thousands):

			Dep	reciation					
	Ol	perating		and			Ope rating		
Functions	Re	evenues	Amortization			Other	Income (Loss)		
Electric	\$	21 109	\$	5.042	\$	22 082	\$	2 272	
Electric	Ф	31,198	Ф	5,942	Ф	22,983	Ф	2,273	
Gas		38,600		4,675		26,778		7,147	
Water		112,003		26,161		40,997		44,845	
Wastewater		66,457		21,124		21,689		23,644	
Solid Waste		47,452		407		32,431		14,614	
Airport		3,813		1,932		2,410		(529)	
Golf Course		1,622		489		2,052		(919)	
Convention Center		2,057		235		2,825		(1,003)	
Hohokam /Fitch Complex		36		887		1,992		(2,843)	
District Cooling		1,142		447		970		(275)	
Cubs		174		1,615		706		(2,147)	
Total	\$	304,554	\$	63,914	\$	155,833	\$	84,807	

14. JOINT VENTURES

The City currently participates in five joint ventures. The Greenfield Water Reclamation Plant and TOPAZ Regional Wireless Cooperative are managed by the City of Mesa, while the Subregional Operating Group, the Val Vista Water Treatment Plant, and Valley Metro Rail, Inc. are managed externally.

	 ernmental ctivities	ness-Type ctivities	_	Total
Valley Metro Rail Inc	\$ 124,417	\$ -	\$	124,417
TOPAZ Regional Wireless Cooperative	1,160	-		1,160
Subregional Operating Group	-	94,259		94,259
Val Vista Water Treatment Plant	-	61,974		61,974
Greenfield Water Reclamation Plant	-	61,561		61,561
Joint Ventures Construction Deposits	 -	 4,805		4,805
Total Investment in Joint Ventures	\$ 125,577	\$ 222,599	\$	348,176

The City's investment in these Joint Ventures as of June 30, 2014 is as follows (in thousands):

Valley Metro Rail, Inc. "VMRI"

The City currently participates in the Central Phoenix/East Valley Light Rail Transit (LRT) along with the cities of Phoenix, Tempe and Glendale. Valley Metro Rail, Inc. (VMRI) is the management agency that was incorporated to administer the joint agreement between the cities and has oversight responsibility for the planning, design, construction and operation of the system. The agreement provides voting rights for members of the representative cities, including passage of an annual budget. The City has ongoing financial responsibility as a result of the joint agreement including participation in the cost to construct and to operate the light rail project less any Federal reimbursements and operating fares.

A total of \$1,194,302,583 has been spent on this project through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, of which the City's share and equity interest is \$124,417,230. The City has received and accrued \$56.8 million of funding from the Federal Transit Administration (FTA), Congestion Mitigation Air Quality (CMAQ) and Public Transit Funds (PTF) related to this project.

In March 2010, the Mesa City Council approved a 3 mile extension of the LRT system and in August 2010, the Federal Transit Administration approved the alignment for project development as the next step toward federal funding. The extension begins at the eastern limits of METRO's existing light rail system (Sycamore) and extends east on Main Street to Mesa Drive. The entire extension is within the City of Mesa. There are four stations on Main Street including a station at Alma School Road, Country Club Drive, Center Street, and Mesa Drive. The extension is planned to open in 2016 with ridership estimated at approximately 4,750 riders per day. The total capital cost of the project is \$199.0 million to be funded with a combination of federal and regional funds.

In May 2011, the City entered into an agreement with METRO for a developmental study to further extend the LRT system an additional two miles from Mesa Drive to Gilbert Road. Construction is expected to begin in 2016. The extension is expected to open in late 2018.

Separate financial statements for the activity can be obtained through Valley Metro Rail Inc. at 101 North First Avenue, Suite 1300, Phoenix, Arizona, 85003.

TOPAZ Regional Wireless Cooperative

The City of Mesa currently participates with the City of Apache Junction, Apache Junction Fire District the Town of Gilbert, the Town of Queen Creek and Rio Verde Fire District (the Parties) in an intergovernmental agreement to plan, design, construct, operate, maintain and finance the TOPAZ Regional Wireless Cooperative Network (Trunked Open Arizona Network) TOPAZ is a 700/800 MHz Network procured and built by the City of Mesa. The City acts as the lead agency and is responsible for the planning, budgeting, construction, operation and maintenance of the network. As lead agent, the City provides all management personnel and financing arrangements. The Parties participate in ownership of the network and are charged for operating and capital expenses based on six month rolling average of airtime. The City's equity in the joint venture is \$1,159,565 and is reflected in the governmental funds financial statements. Separate financial statements are not prepared.

Total investment in the joint venture as of June 30, 2014 is (in thousands):

City of Mesa	\$ 1,160
Town of Gilbert	255
City of Apache Junction	60
Apache Junction Fire District	29
Town of Queen Creek	15
Rio Verde Fire District	5
Total Joint Venture	<u>\$1,524</u>

Wastewater

Subregional Operating Group

The City participates with the cities of Phoenix, Glendale, Scottsdale and Tempe in the Subregional Operating Group (SROG). SROG was formed pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement (JEPA) in order to govern the construction, operation and maintenance of a multi-city sanitary sewer system (the "System"). The System includes the 91st Avenue Wastewater Treatment Plant, the Salt River outfall Sewer, the Southern Avenue Interceptor and related transportation facilities.

The City of Phoenix acts as the lead agency in SROG and is responsible for the planning, budgeting, construction, operation and maintenance of the plant in addition to providing all management personnel and financing arrangements. The various cities participate in ownership of the plant and are charged for operating expenses based on gallons of flow. The different agencies participate in each facility at varying rates depending on their needs at the time each facility was constructed. The City's equity in the joint venture is \$94,258,780 and is reflected in the proprietary funds financial statements.

SROG has no bonded debt outstanding. Separate financial statements for the activity under the joint venture agreement can be obtained through the AMWUA office at 3003 N. Central Avenue, Suite 1550, Phoenix, Arizona, 85012.

<u>Water</u>

Val Vista Water Treatment Plant

The City also participates with the City of Phoenix in the Val Vista Water Treatment Plant and Transmission Line. The City of Phoenix is responsible for the planning, budgeting, construction, operation and maintenance of the plant. As lead agency, Phoenix provides all management personnel and financing

arrangements. Phoenix and Mesa participate in ownership of the plant and are charged for operating expenses based on gallons of water treated. The City's investment in the joint venture is \$61,973,625 and is reflected in the proprietary funds financial statements.

The water treatment plant has no bonded debt outstanding. Separate financial statements for the activity can be obtained through the City of Phoenix, Finance Department, Financial Accounting and Reporting Division at 251 W. Washington Street, 9th Floor, Phoenix, Arizona, 85003.

Greenfield Water Reclamation Project

Construction of a joint water reclamation plant with the Towns of Gilbert and Queen Creek was completed on December 2, 2006. The City acts as the lead agency and is responsible for the planning, budgeting, construction, operation and maintenance of the plant. As lead agent, the City provides all management personnel and financing arrangements. Mesa, Gilbert and Queen Creek participate in ownership of the plant and are charged for operating expenses based on gallons of flow. The City's investment in the joint venture is reflected in the proprietary funds financial statements. Separate financial statements are not prepared.

Total investment in the joint venture as of June 30, 2014 is (in thousands):

Mesa's Share	\$ 61,562
Gilbert's Share	58,573
Queen Creek's Share	26,168
Total Joint Venture	<u>\$ 146,303</u>

15. RETIREMENT AND PENSION PLANS

All benefitted employees of the City are covered by one of three pension systems. The Arizona State Retirement System is for the benefit of the employees of the state and certain other governmental jurisdictions. All benefited City employees, except sworn fire and police personnel, the Mayor and City Council, are included in the plan that is a multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan. All sworn fire and police personnel participate in the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System that is an agent multiple-employer plan. In addition, the Mayor and Councilmembers contribute to the State's Elected Officials Retirement Plan that is also a multiple-employer cost-sharing pension plan.

Arizona State Retirement System Defined Benefit Plan:

a. Plan Description

All the City's eligible benefitted general employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System ("ASRS"), a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan. ASRS was established by the State of Arizona to provide pension benefits for employees of the state and employees of participating political subdivisions and school districts. ASRS is administered in accordance with Title 38, Chapter 5 of the Arizona Revised Statutes. ASRS provides for retirement, disability, and death and survivor benefits. ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to the Arizona State Retirement System, P.O. Box 33910, Phoenix, Arizona, 85067-3910 or by calling 1-800-621-3778.

b. Funding Policy

The Arizona Revised Statutes ("A.R.S.") provide statutory authority for determining the employees' and employers' contribution amounts as a percentage of covered payroll. Employers are required to contribute at the same rate as employees. Although the statutes prescribe the basis of making the actuarial calculation, the Arizona legislature is able to legislate a contribution rate other than the actuarially determined rate. Covered employees were required by state statute to contribute for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, 11.54 percent (11.30 pension plus 0.24 long-term disability), 11.14 percent (10.90 pension plus 0.24 long-term disability), and 10.74 percent (10.50 pension plus 0.25 long-term disability), respectively. The City's covered employee contributions to the System for the years ending June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$16,909,221, \$16,607,775, and \$14,563,437, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year. The City contributed equal amounts to ASRS for the same time period.

Additionally, the City is required to pay an ASRS Alternate Contribution Rate ("ACR") for retired members who return to work on or after July 1, 2012, in any capacity and in a position ordinarily filled by an employee of the City to mitigate the potential impact that retired members who return to work may have on the ASRS Trust Fund. The contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2014 was 9.20 percent. The City's ACR contributions to the System for the year ending June 30, 2014 were \$80,349.

Arizona State Retirement System Defined Contribution Plan:

a. Plan Description

Arizona Legislation passed House Bill HB 2562 which established a new defined contribution retirement plan (ASRS §38-955 Defined Contribution Retirement Plan "DC") to cover public employees who were deemed ineligible to participate in the ASRS established Defined Benefit Plan. The plan was effective September 13, 2013. Employees participating in the new DC plan are also required to participate in the ASRS Long-Term Disability Program. The DC plan is a multiple-employer, profit sharing plan with ASRS as the Principal Sponsor and managed by Nationwide Retirement Solutions, Inc. The DC plan is administered in accordance with Title 38, Chapter 5 of the Arizona Revised Statutes. The DC plan provides for retirement, with disability, and death and survivor benefits provided through the ASRS Long-Term Disability Program.

b. Funding Policy

The Arizona Revised Statutes ("A.R.S.") provide statutory authority for determining the employees' and employers' contribution amounts as a percentage of covered payroll. Employers are required to contribute at the same rate as employees. Covered employees were required by state statute to contribute for the year ended June 30, 2014, 8.51 percent (8.27 contribution plus 0.24 long-term disability). The City's covered employee contributions to the DC plan for the year ending June 30, 2014, were \$26,691 which was equal to the required contributions for the year. The City contributed equal amounts to the DC plan for the same time period.

Public Safety Personnel Retirement System:

a. Plan Description

The City contributes to the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System ("PSPRS"), an agent multipleemployer public safety employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for the various sworn fire and police agencies within the state. All sworn fire and police personnel are eligible to participate in the plan. The plan provides retirement, disability benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The PSPRS is jointly administered by the Fund Manager and 256 Local Boards and was established by Title 38, Chapter 5 Article 4 of the Arizona Revised Statutes. The PSPRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to Public Safety Personnel Retirement System, 1020 East Missouri, Phoenix, Arizona, 85014 or by calling 602-255-5575.

b. Funding Policy

Benefit and contribution provisions are established by state law and may be amended only by the State of Arizona Legislature (A.R.S. Section 38-843). PSPRS members are required to contribute 10.35 percent of their annual covered salary. The City is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate expressed as a percent of covered salary and a distribution of the net earnings of the Fund. The City's rates for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were 31.26 percent (29.66 pension plus 1.60 health care), 27.62 percent (25.94 pension plus 1.68 health care), and 23.12 percent (21.46 pension plus 1.66 health care), respectively, for fire personnel and 31.21 percent (29.39 pension plus 1.82 health care), 27.51 percent (25.63 pension plus 1.88 health care), and 23.34 percent (21.58 pension plus 1.76 health care), respectively, for police members.

c. Annual Pension Cost

Fire personnel contributed \$3,193,706 (\$3,159,985 regular members plus \$33,721 DROP members) and police personnel contributed \$6,224,577 (\$6,126,569 regular members plus \$98,008 DROP members) during fiscal year 2013-2014. For 2014, the City's annual pension cost of \$8,658,660 for fire and \$18,474,328 for police was equal to the City's required and actual contributions for the pension cost not including health care. The required contribution was determined as part of the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation using an individual entry-age actuarial cost method.

The City is also required to pay a PSPRS Alternate Contribution Rate ("ACR") for retired members who return to work in any capacity and in a position ordinarily filled by an employee of the City, unless the retired member is required to participate in another state retirement system and the retired member returned to work before July 20, 2011. The ACR rate is equal to the portion of the total required contribution that is applied to the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability for the fiscal year beginning July 1, based on the actuarial calculation of the total required contribution for the preceding fiscal year ended on June 30. The contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2014 was 17.07 percent for both fire and police. The City's ACR contributions for the year ending June 30, 2014 were \$28,390 for fire and \$66,331 for police.

d. Three Year Trend Information for PSPRS

(Excluding health insurance subsidy)

Fire

Fiscal Year	Annual Pension		Percentage of APC	Net Pension		
Ending	Cost	t (APC)	Contributed		Obligation	
2012	\$	5,972	100%	\$	-	
2013		7,657	100		-	
2014		8,687	100		-	

Police

Fiscal Year Ending	al Pension st (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation
2012	\$ 11,583	100%	\$ -
2013	16,692	100	-
2014	18,541	100	-

e. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The actuarial assumptions for both fire and police included (a) a rate of return on the investment of present and future assets of 8.0 percent investment rate of return, (b) projected salary increases of 5.0 percent attributable to inflation, (c) additional projected salary increases ranging from 0.0 percent to 4.0 percent per year, attributable to seniority/merit. The amortization method is a level percent of payroll closed. The actuarial value of PSPRS assets was determined using techniques that smooth the market value of assets over time. PSPRS's unfunded actuarial accrued liability is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll over an closed period of 30 years, 24 years remaining as of June 30, 2012 (if the actuarial value of assets exceeded the actuarial accrued liability, then the excess was amortized over an open period of 20 years).

f. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plans (excluding Health Insurance Subsidy) as of June 30, 2014 (Latest actuarial date available) is as follows:

	Fire		Police	
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	299,681	\$	542,745
Actuarial value of plan assets		164,241	_	278,811
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	135,440	\$	263,934
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		54.80%		51.4%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	30,782	\$	59,688
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		440.0%		442.2%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

g. <u>Annual Other Post-Employment Benefits Cost (Health Insurance Subsidy)</u>

For 2014 the City's annual Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) cost of \$1,083,360 for police and \$495,243 for fire was equal to the City's required contributions.

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the Health Insurance Subsidy plans as of June 30, 2014 (Latest actuarial date available) is as follows (in thousands):

	Fire		Police	
Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$	7,578	\$	16,585
Actuarial value of plan assets		7,364		10,193
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	\$	214	\$	6,392
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)		97%		61%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$	30,782	\$	59,688
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll		0.70%		10.71%

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the two preceding years were as follows (in thousands):

			Percentage of		
Fiscal Year	An	nual	Annual OPEB Cost	I	Net OPEB
Ending	OPE	B Cost	Contributed	_	Obligation
2012	\$	462	100%	\$	-
2013		490	100		-
2014		495	100		-

Police

			rencentage of		
Fiscal Year Annual		nnual	Annual OPEB Cost	Ne	et OPEB
Ending	OPE	B Cost	Contributed) bligation
2012	\$	945	100%	\$	-
2013		1,105	100		-
2014		1,083	100		-

Doroontogo of

Elected Officials Retirement:

a. Plan Description

The City's Mayor and Councilmembers participate in the Elected Officials Retirement Plan ("EORP") a multiple employer, cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan. The Fund Manager of the Public Safety Personnel Retirement System ("PSPRS") is the administrator for the EORP that was established by Title 38, Chapter 5, Article 3 of the Arizona Revised Statutes to provide pension benefits for state and county elected officials, judges and certain city elected officials. EORP provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. EORP was closed to new enrollees December 31, 2013 per Arizona Revised Statute A.R.S. §38-801. EORP issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. This report may be obtained by writing to the Elected Officials Retirement Plan, 1020 East Missouri Avenue, Phoenix, Arizona, 85014 or by calling 602-255-5575.

b. **Funding Policy**

The retirement plan's funding policy (required by State Statute) provides for periodic employer contributions at actuarially determined rates and employee contributions of 13.0 percent of their annual covered salary. Incorporated city or town employers are required to contribute an amount sufficient to meet both the normal cost of a level-cost method attributable to the EORP, plus the amount required to amortize the unfunded accrued liability for the employer. Such amounts are to be determined each year by actuarial valuation and paid as a level percent of compensation. The contribution requirements for plan members are established and may be amended by the Fund Manager, a five-member board. The City's rates for fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, were 39.62 percent (July 1, 2013 – December 31, 2013) and 23.5 percent (January 1, 2014 – June 30, 2014), 36.44 percent, and 29.79 percent respectively. The City's contributions to EORP for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012 were \$47,033, \$59,877, and \$49,518, respectively, which were equal to the required contributions for each year. The City's employees contributed \$19,265, \$18,896, and \$15,010, respectively, for the same time period.

16. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 15, the City provides post-retirement health care benefits to all eligible retirees in accordance with the compensation plan adopted by the City Council each fiscal year. These benefits include medical, dental and vision insurance programs and are the same as those offered to active employees. Retirees may select single or family coverage. As of June 30, 2014, approximately 1,700 former employees were eligible for these benefits, an increase of 85 participants from the prior year or a 5.3% increase.

The cost of post-employment healthcare benefits, from an accrual accounting perspective, similar to the cost of pension benefits, should be associated with the periods in which the cost occurs, rather than in the future year when it will be paid. In implementing the requirements of GASB Statement No. 45, the City recognizes the cost of post-employment healthcare in the year the employee services are received, reports the accumulated liability from prior years, and provides information useful in assessing potential demands on the City's future cash flows. Recognition of the liability accumulated from prior years will be amortized over 30 years, the first period commencing with the fiscal year ending June 30, 2008.

The unfunded actuarial accrued annual required contribution for current retirees as well as current active members for fiscal year 2013-2014 was \$33,950,603. A liability of \$4,600,746 is accrued in the business-type activities financial statements; the remaining \$29,349,857 has been accrued in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Plan Description

The City provides post-employment medical care (OPEB) for retired employees through a singleemployer defined benefit medical plan. The plan provides medical benefits for eligible retirees, their spouses and dependents through the City's self-insurance health insurance plan which covers both active and retired members. The benefits, benefit levels and contribution rates are determined annually by the City's Benefits Advisory Board and approved by the Mesa City Council. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund, as an irrevocable trust has not been established to account for the plan. The plan does not issue a separate financial report.

Benefits Provided

The City provides post-employment medical care benefits to its retirees. To be eligible for benefits, an employee must qualify for retirement under one of the state retirement plans for public employees and be covered under the City's medical plan during their active status. Employees must enroll in a City plan immediately after they retire or their eligibility for this benefit ceases. All medical care benefits are provided through the City's self-insured health plan. The benefit levels are the same as those afforded to active employees. Upon a retiree's death, the retiree's dependents are no longer eligible for City coverage.

As of July 1, 2013, Membership Consisted of:

Retirees and Beneficiaries Receiving Benefits	1,700
Active Employees	<u>2,996</u>
Total	<u>4,696</u>

Funding Policy

The plan premium rates are determined annually by the Benefits Advisory Board and approved by the City Council. The City's contribution to the retirees health insurance premium is determined by their length of service with the City and their original hire date. To receive maximum benefits an employee must meet the following:

Ten years of service for employees hired prior to January 1, 2001 Fifteen years of service for employees hired at January 1, 2001 but before January 1, 2006. Twenty years of service for employees hired on or after January 1, 2006. As of January 1, 2009, new hires are no longer eligible for benefits.

For fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City contributed \$16,010,780 to the plan (approximately 70.5 percent of total premiums). Plan members receiving benefits contributed \$6,694,056 or approximately 29.5 percent of total premiums.

Annual OPEB Costs / Net OPEB Obligation

The City's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. The City's annual OPEB cost for the current year and the related information for the plan are as follows at June 30, 2014 (in thousands):

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 56,339
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	17,507
Adjusted to Annual Required Contribution	(23,884)
Annual OPEB Cost	49,962
Contributions Made	(16,011)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	33,951
Net OPEB Obligation – Beginning of year	389,049
Net OPEB Obligation – End of year	\$ 423,000

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the three years ending June 30, 2012 through 2014 were as follows:

		Percentage of				
	Annual	Actual	OPEB Cost	Net OPEB		
Fiscal Year Ended	OPEB Cost	Contributions	Contributed	Obligation		
2012	82,463	14,328	17.4	320,157		
2013	83,569	14,677	17.6	389,049		
2014	49,962	16,011	32.0	423,000		

Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2013 was as follows (in thousands): (Latest actuarial date available)

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan understood by the employer and plan members) and include the type of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefits between the City and the plan members at that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant method and assumptions used for this fiscal year valuation were as follows:

Actuar Amorti Remain	ion Date ial Cost Method ization method ning amortization period Valuation Method	July 1, 2013 Entry age normal, level dollar amount 30 – year amortization open 30 years N/A, no assets in trust					
Discou	ial Assumptions: int rate care cost trend rate:	4.50%					
•	Medical, Drugs	8.5% in 2013-2014, grading down by 0.5% each year to an ultimate rate of 5.0%					
•	Dental, Mental Health, Vision Retiree contribution increase	5% Same as medical trend					

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 10, 2014 the City issued \$ 3,367,000 of 2014 Eastmark Community Facilities District No. 1 (City of Mesa, Arizona) Assessment District No. 2 Special Assessment Bonds. These bonds are due in annual principal installments ranging from \$87,000 to \$225,000, plus semi-annual interest ranging from 4.5 percent to 5.4 percent through July 1, 2039.

On October 15, 2014 the City issued \$102,945,000 of Series 2014 Utility System Revenue Refunding Bonds (refunding \$101,295,904 of the Series 2002, 2003, 2005 and 2006 Utility Revenue Bonds and accrued interest). The purpose of the issuance was to take advantage of lower interest rates and reduce future payments.

Arizona Legislation passed House Bill HB 2050 which closed the ASRS §38-955 Defined Contribution Retirement Plan "DC" established by HB 2562 in 2013. The effective date of the plan closure was July 24, 2014.

18. RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, GASB Statement No. 65 Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities ("the Statement") was implemented. The implementation of the statement resulted in the City eliminating the bond issuance costs that were previously capitalized and amortized over the life of the related debt. The City's government-wide net position and proprietary fund net position as of June 30, 2013, have been restated as follows (in thousands):

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Enterprise Fund	
Net Position at 06/30/13,						
as Previously Reported	\$	774,761	\$	655,766	\$	655,766
GASB Statement No. 65 adjustment		(4,051)		(5,360)		(5,360)
Net Position at 07/01/13, as Restated	\$	770,710	\$	650,406	\$	650,406

Required Supplementary Information

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Chicago Cubs Spring Training Opening Day



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CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT B-1** REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS PUBLIC SAFETY PERSONNEL RETIREMENT SYSTEM FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Fire

Valuation Date June 30,	١	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)		Percent Funded	U	nfunded AAL	Annual Covered Pavroll		Unfunded AAL as a % of Covered Payroll
2012	\$	166,996	\$	252,197	66.2%	\$	85,201	\$	28,075	303.5%
2013		170,547		268,821	63.4%		98,274		31,008	316.9%
2014		164,241		299,681	54.8%		135,440		30,782	440.0%

Police

Valuation Date June 30,	,	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Percent Funded	Unfunded AAL	Annual Covered Payroll	Unfunded AAL as a % of Covered Payroll	
2012	\$	277,907	436,074	63.7%	158,167	53,991	293.0%	
2013		283,841	472,691	60.0%	188,850	60,097	314.2%	
2014		278,811	542,745	51.4%	263,934	59,688	442.2%	

Other Post-Employment Benefits (Health Insurance Subsidy)

<u>Fire</u>

Valuation Date June 30,	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded ALL (UALL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UALL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c)	
2012	\$ -	7,129	7,129	0.0%	28,075	25.4%	
2013	-	7,331	7,331	0.0%	31,008	23.6%	
2014	7,364	7,578	214	97.0%	30,782	0.7%	

Police

Valuation Date June 30,	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)		Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	Unfunded ALL (UALL) (b - a)	Funded Ratio (a / b)	Annual Covered Payroll (c)	UALL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c)	
2012	\$	-	15,222	15,222	0.0%	53,991	28.2%	
2013		-	15,823	15,823	0.0%	60,096	26.3%	
2014		10,193	16,585	6,392	61.0%	59,688	10.7%	

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT B-2 REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)	Percent Funded	Unfunded AAL	Annual Covered Payroll	Unfunded AAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
July 1, 2009	-	916,616	0.0%	916,616	321,012	285.5%
July 1, 2011	-	992,016	0.0%	992,016	330,113	300.5%
July 1, 2013	-	650,918	0.0%	650,918	360,718	180.5%

Note: The Actuarial Accrued Liability decreased by 34%. The primary reason for the decrease is the cost of coverage has not increased at the rate assumed in the prior valuation and per capita costs are actually assumed to be significantly lower than previously assumed based on this favorable experience.

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT B-3** GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (BUDGET BASIS) FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

(in thousands)	Budgeted Amounts							
	(Driginal		Final	I	Actual - Budgetary Basis		ance with al Budget
Revenues:	•	00.044	•	00.044	•	07.007	•	(4.07.4)
Sales Taxes	\$	92,311	\$	92,311	\$	87,337	\$	(4,974)
Occupancy Taxes		-		-		25		25
Licenses and Permits		13,767		13,767		15,356		1,589
Intergovernmental		121,550		121,550		112,304		(9,246)
Charges for Services		15,025		15,025		20,829		5,804
Fines and Forfeitures		8,828		8,828		8,012		(816)
Investment Income		142		142		6		(136)
Contributions		103		103		65		(38)
Miscellaneous Revenues		1,813		1,813		1,498		(315)
Total Revenues		253,539		253,539		245,432		(8,107)
Expenditures: Current:								
General Government		60,424		62,079		69,142		(7,063)
Public Safety		207,672		210,188		205,433		4,755
Cultural-Recreational		32,677		33,979		32,495		1,484
Community Environment		11,900		11,326		8,050		3,276
Capital Outlay		259		4,631		7,853		(3,222)
Total Expenditures		312,932		322,203		322,973		(770)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(59,393)		(68,664)		(77,541)		(8,877)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
Transfers In		96,757		96,757		109,520		12,763
Transfers Out		(20,532)		(24,338)		(16,080)		8,258
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		76,225		72,419		93,440		21,021
Net Change in Fund Balances		16,832		3,755		15,899		12,144
Fund Balances - Beginning		37,511		37,511		46,359		8,848
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	54,343	\$	41,266	\$	62,258	\$	20,992

See accompanying note to Required Supplementary Information

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **NOTE TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

The financial statements for the City are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles – "GAAP basis". Since Mesa, like most other Arizona cities, prepares its annual budget on a modified cash basis that differs from the "GAAP basis", additional schedules of revenues and expenditures are presented for the General Fund to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results to budget on the "budget basis".

Adjustments necessary to convert the results of operations of the General Fund for the year ended June 30, 2014 on the "GAAP basis" to the "budget basis" as follows:

Net Change in Fund Balance-Budget Basis - Exhibit B-3	\$ 15,899
Basis Differences:	
Compensated Absences	(172)
Sales Tax Accrual	7,840
Unrealized Gain on Investments	 125
Net Change in Fund Balance-GAAP Basis -	
Exhibit A-5	\$ 23,692

Combining Statements

Auer Precision



NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditure for particular purposes.

Cemetery Fund is designed to provide an accumulation of monies from which the interest earnings will provide perpetual care of the Cemetery.

Development Impact Fees Fund is designed to provide a balance of monies to ensure that new development bears a proportionate share of the cost of improvements to the City's parks, cultural facilities, libraries, fire facilities and equipment, police facilities and equipment, general government facilities and storm sewers. These funds are provided through the collection of development impact fees.

Eastmark Community Facility District accounts for the operations of the Eastmark Community Facility District which are paid from special assessments levied against the benefited properties.

Environmental Compliance Fund accounts for expenditures that are a result of federal and state environmental requirements. Financing for this fund is derived from a monthly environmental compliance fee that is charged to each utility customer.

Grants and Special Programs accounts for federal and state grant expenditures and other City programs. The principle financing source is federal and state grant revenues.

Highway User Revenue Fund accounts for capital projects and maintenance of the City's streets and highways, as mandated by the Arizona Revised Statutes. Financing for this fund is provided by the state shared fuel taxes.

Mesa Arts Center Restoration Fund is designed to provide an accumulation of monies to be used to replace or refurbish the Mesa Arts Center facilities. These funds are provided through a fee on all ticketed events at the facility.

Mesa Housing Authority Fund accounts for expenditures of the City's housing assistance programs that provide rent subsidy payments to private sector owners of dwelling units. Financing for this fund is derived from grants from the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.

Quality of Life Sales Tax Fund accounts for expenditures of the voter-approved sales tax to improve the quality of life for Mesa residents.

Street Sales Tax Fund accounts for expenditures of the voter-approved sales tax that is used as the City match for the MAG Proposition 400 sales tax funds and also provides a local revenue source that is dedicated for street programs.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities other than those financed by proprietary funds and special revenue funds.

Eastmark Capital Projects accounts for the costs of construction of drains, basins, channels and other storm sewer improvements and street improvements in the Eastmark Community Facilities District.

General Capital Projects accounts for the costs of general City construction projects.

Law Enforcement Construction Fund accounts for the cost of public safety facilities.

Parks Bond Construction accounts for the costs of park facilities and improvements.

Storm Sewer Construction Fund accounts for the construction of drains, basins, channels and other storm sewer improvements.

Streets Construction Fund accounts for the cost of right-of-way acquisitions and street improvements.

Vehicle Replacement Fund accounts for expenditures related to the acquisition of replacement vehicles for the City's governmental funds. The funds are provided through transfers from the City's General Fund.

Debt Service Funds

These funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest not serviced by the Enterprise Fund.

Capital Lease Redemption Fund accumulates monies for the payment of principal and interest requirements of capital leases relating to the acquisition of land, computer equipment, communication equipment, police helicopters and various public improvements within the City.

Eastmark Debt Service accumulates monies for the payment of the Community Facility District Bonds that are issued to finance the costs of improvements which are to be paid from special assessments levied against the benefited properties.

General Obligation Bond Redemption Fund accumulates monies for the payment of principal and interest requirements of the City's General Obligation Bonds.

Highway Project Advancement Notes Fund accumulates monies for payment of principal and interest requirements for the Highway Project Advancement notes.

Highway User Revenue Bond Redemption Fund accumulates monies for the payment of principal and interest requirements of the City's Highway User Revenue Bonds.

Special Assessment Bond Redemption Fund accumulates monies for the payment of the Special Assessment Bonds that are issued to finance the costs of improvements which are to be paid from special assessments levied against the benefited properties.



CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT C-1 NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

(in thousands)	Special Revenue Funds										
400570	Ce	emetery		elopment bact Fees	Com Fac	tmark munity ilities strict		onmental npliance			
ASSETS Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	6,401	\$	1,147	\$	4	\$	4,057			
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowances)	Ψ	85	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	-,007			
Accrued Interest Receivable		13		3		-		6			
Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		-			
Prepaid Costs		-		-		-		-			
Deposits		-		-		-		-			
Restricted Assets:											
Pooled Cash and Investments		-		-		-		-			
Cash with Fiscal Agent		-		-		-		-			
Cash with Trustee		-		-		-		-			
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-		-			
Due from Other Governments	<u>_</u>	-	<u></u>	-	<u>^</u>	-	<u>^</u>	-			
Total Assets	\$	6,499	\$	1,150	\$	4	\$	4,063			
LIABILITIES											
Warrants Outstanding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Accounts Payable		-		-	·	-		518			
Other Accrued Liabilities		-		-		-		149			
Due To Other Funds		-		-		-		-			
Advances Due to Other Funds		-		1,825		-		-			
Customer and Defendant Deposits		-		-		-		-			
Payable From Restricted Assets:											
Accrued Bond Interest Payable		-		-		-		-			
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-			
Matured Bonds Payable		-		-		-		-			
Total Liabilities				1,825				667			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES											
Unavailable Revenue		-		-		-		-			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		-		-		-			
FUND BALANCES											
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-			
Restricted		-		-		4		-			
Committed		6,499		-		-		3,396			
Unassigned		-		(675)		-		-			
Total Fund Balances		6,499		(675)		4		3,396			
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of											
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	6,499	\$	1,150	\$	4	\$	4,063			
			-								

Special Revenue Funds											
Sp	rants and becial grams	Highway User Revenue Fund	Mesa Arts Center Restoration	Mesa Housing Authority	Quality of Life Sales Tax	Street Sales Tax	Total Special Revenue Funds				
\$	2,218 1,307 1,799 10 - - - 5,335	\$ - 7 2,910 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 1,368 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 794 195 - 3,087 - - - - - 73 - - - 73 - - - - - - - -	\$ 2,069 1,634 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 50,095 2,073 90 - 3 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 68,153 5,301 117 7,796 13 - - - - 73 - - 73 - - - 3 8 81,453				
\$	253 - - - - 837 - 1,090	\$ - 373 45 286 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ - 13 - - - 37 - 50	\$ 8 450 1,205 - - - 1,063 - 2,726	\$ - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ _ 1,288 2,907 - - 6,124 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ 8 2,895 4,306 286 1,825 6,124 - 1,937 - 17,381				
			 	<u>254</u> <u>254</u>		3	254 254 13				
\$	3,804 431 - 4,245 5,335	2,213 - - 2,213 \$ 2,917	1,321 - - - \$ 1,371	1,169 - - 1,169 \$ 4,149	3,704 - - - 3,704 \$ 3,704	41,939 - - 41,942 \$ 52,261	52,833 11,647 (675) 63,818 \$ 81,453				

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued)** NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

400570	Eastmark Capital Projects		C	eneral apital ojects	Enf	Law orcement		rks Bond	Storm Sewer	
ASSETS	¢	2 200	¢	7 007	¢	47.000	¢	44.000	¢	
Pooled Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowances)	\$	3,268	Ф	7,287	\$	17,228	\$	11,286	\$	-
Accrued Interest Receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		_		_		-		-		-
Prepaid Costs		-		10		-		-		-
Deposits		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted Assets:										
Pooled Cash and Investments		-		-		-		-		-
Cash with Fiscal Agent		-		-		-		-		-
Cash with Trustee		-		-		-		-		-
Accounts Receivable		-		-		-		-		-
Due from Other Governments		-		-	_	-	-	-		-
Total Assets	\$	3,268	\$	7,297	\$	17,228	\$	11,286	\$	-
LIABILITIES	\$		\$		¢		\$		\$	
Warrants Outstanding Accounts Payable	φ	- 60	Φ	- 657	\$	- 18	φ	- 59	φ	-
Other Accrued Liabilities		3,201		-		24		66		-
Due To Other Funds		- 0,201		-		- 27		-		-
Advances Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		-		-
Customer and Defendant Deposits		-		-		-		-		-
Payable From Restricted Assets:										
Accrued Bond Interest Payable		-		-		-		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		-		-
Matured Bonds Payable		-		-		-		-		-
Total Liabilities		3,261		657		42		125		-
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue										
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Total Deletted fillows of Resources										
FUND BALANCES										
Nonspendable		-		10		-		-		-
Restricted		7		-		17,186		11,161		-
Committed		-		6,630		-		-		-
Unassigned	_	-	_	-		-		-	_	-
Total Fund Balances		7		6,640		17,186		11,161		-
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of										
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	3,268	\$	7,297	\$	17,228	\$	11,286	\$	-
	Ψ	0,200	Ψ	.,201	Ψ	17,220	Ψ	11,200	Ψ	

Capital Projects Funds

Ca	pital Pr	ojects Fu	nds	Debt Service Funds							
Streets		ehicle acement	Total Capital Projects Funds	L	apital ease emption	Eastmark Debt Service		bt Bo		I	lighway Project vancement Notes
\$ 13,884 144	\$	3,633	\$ 56,586 144	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
-		-	-		-		-		-		-
18,996		-	18,996		-		-		-		-
- 321		-	10 321		-		-		-		-
521			521								
-		-	-		-		212		71		7,466
-		-	-		-		126		24,667		27,352 10,312
-		-	-		-		2,649		-		- 10,512
-		-	-		-	-	-	_	612	_	68,043
\$ 33,345	\$	3,633	\$ 76,057	\$	-	\$	2,987	\$	25,350	\$	113,173
\$-	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2,310 546		176	3,280 3,837		-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		-		-		-
-		-	-		-		70		6,474		2,352
-		-	-		-		-		-		7,819
2,856		- 176	- 7,117		-		65 135		18,193 24,667		<u>25,000</u> 35,171
2,000		170	7,117				135		24,007		55,171
							0.047		040		
							2,647 2,647		<u>313</u> 313		
							2,011		010		
			10								
- 30,489		- 725	59,568		-		- 205		-		- 78,002
-		2,732	9,362		-		-		370		-
-		- 3,457	-		-		-		-		-
30,489		<u> </u>	68,940				205		370		78,002
\$ 33,345	\$	3,633	\$ 76,057	\$	-	\$	2,987	\$	25,350	\$	113,173

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT C-1 (Continued) NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2014

JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)		De						
(Highway				-			
		User	S	pecial				
		evenue		essment		al Debt		l Nonmajor
		Bond	Bond		Service		Governmental	
ASSETS	Red	emption	Red	emption	F	unds		Funds
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	-	\$	124,739
Accounts Receivable (Net of Allowances)	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	5,445
Accrued Interest Receivable		-		-		_		117
Due from Other Governments		-		-		-		26,792
Prepaid Costs		-		-		-		23
Deposits		-		-		-		321
Restricted Assets:								
Pooled Cash and Investments		1		68		7,818		7,818
Cash with Fiscal Agent		9,681		31		61,857		61,857
Cash with Trustee		-		-		10,312		10,312
Accounts Receivable		-		3,239		5,888		5,961
Due from Other Governments	-	-	_	-		68,655	_	68,655
Total Assets	\$	9,682	\$	3,338	<u></u> 1	54,530	\$	312,040
LIABILITIES								
Warrants Outstanding	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8
Accounts Payable		-		-		-		6,175
Other Accrued Liabilities		-		-		-		8,143
Due To Other Funds		-		-		-		286
Advances Due to Other Funds		-		-		-		1,825
Customer and Defendant Deposits		-		-		-		6,124
Payable From Restricted Assets:		0 700		00		44 704		44 704
Accrued Bond Interest Payable Unearned Revenue		2,736		99		11,731		11,731
Matured Bonds Payable		- 6,945		-		7,819 50,203		9,756 50,203
Total Liabilities		9,681		99		<u>69,753</u>		94,251
		5,001				00,700		54,201
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES								0 4 5 0
Unavailable Revenue		-		3,239		6,199		6,453
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		-		3,239		6,199		6,453
FUND BALANCES								
Nonspendable		-		-		-		23
Restricted		1		-		78,208		190,609
Committed		-		-		370		21,379
Unassigned		-		-		-		(675)
Total Fund Balances		1		-		78,578		211,336
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of								
Resources and Fund Balances	\$	9,682	\$	3,338	\$1	54,530	\$	312,040



CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT C-2** NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Cer	netery		opment ct Fees	Comr Faci	mark nunity lities trict	Environmental Compliance		
Revenues:					•				
Sales Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	
Property Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Occupancy Taxes		-		-		-		-	
Special Assessments		-		-		2		-	
Licenses and Permits		-		3,172		-		-	
Intergovernmental		-		-		-		-	
Charges for Services		97		-		-		10,667	
Fines and Forfeitures		-		-		-		-	
Investment Income		58		32		-		24	
Contributions		-		-		-		-	
Miscellaneous Revenues		-		-		-		1	
Total Revenues		155		3,204		2		10,692	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
General Government		-		-		54		388	
Public Safety		-		-		-		1,462	
Cultural-Recreational		-		-		-		5,190	
Community Environment		-		-		-		2,447	
Debt Service:								,	
Principal Retirement		-		-		-		-	
Interest on Bonds		-		-		-		-	
Interest on Leases		-		-		-		-	
Interest on Notes		-		-		-		-	
Cost of Issuance		-		-		-		-	
Capital Outlay		-		41		-		234	
Total Expenditures		-		41		54		9,721	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over (Under) Expenditures		155		3,163		(52)		971	
Over (Onder) Experiatores		155		5,105		(32)		371	
Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
Transfers In		-		37		-		-	
Transfers Out		-		(3,146)		-		-	
Face Amount of Bonds Issued		-		-		-		-	
Premium on Issuance of Bonds		-		-		-		-	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		(3,109)		-		-	
Net Change in Fund Balances		155		54		(52)		971	
Fund Balances - Beginning		6,344		(729)		56		2,425	
Fund Balances - Ending	¢	6,499	\$	(675)	\$	1	\$	3,396	
r and balances Ending	Ψ	5,733	Ψ	(073)	Ψ		Ψ	0,000	

Special Revenue Funds

		Special	Revenue Fu	nds		
Grants and Special Programs	Highway User Revenue Fund	Mesa Arts Center Restoration	Mesa Housing Authority	Quality of Life Sales Tax	Street Sales Tax	Total Special Revenue Funds
\$-	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$20,639	\$24,751	\$45,390
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1,894	-	-	-	-	-	1,894
-	-	-	-	- 80	-	2 3,441
- 6,596	- 30,913	-	- 17,964	- 00	189 -	55,473
182	30,913 9	-	-	-	248	11,203
814	-	284	-	-	-	1,098
7	1	14	-	12	281	429
1,042	-	-	-	-	-	1,042
2,585			7		221	2,814
13,120	30,923	298	17,971	20,731	25,690	122,786
1,684	-	-	-	-	3,637	5,763
4,726	-	-	166	19,263	314	25,931
1,022	-	70	-	-	11	6,293
118	15,984	-	17,742	-	12,232	48,523
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 4,564	- 282	- 384	- 78	-	- 7,178	- 12,761
12,114	16,266	454	17,986	19,263	23,372	99,271
	10,200			10,200	20,012	
1,006	14,657	(156)	(15)	1,468	2,318	23,515
-	-	-	-	-	-	37
-	(12,418)	-	-	-	(725)	(16,289)
-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-			-	-	-
	(12,418)				(725)	(16,252)
1,006	2,239	(156)	(15)	1,468	1,593	7,263
3,239	(26)	1,477	1,184	2,236	40,349	56,555
\$ 4,245	\$ 2,213	\$ 1,321	\$ 1,169	\$ 3,704	\$41,942	\$63,818

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT C-2 (Continued) NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Capital Projects Funds

	Eastmark Capital Projects	General Capital Projects	Law Enforcement	Parks Bond Construction	Storm Sewer
Revenues:	¢	¢	¢	¢	¢
Sales Taxes	\$-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Property Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Occupancy Taxes	-	-	-	-	-
Special Assessments	4	-	-	-	-
Licenses and Permits	-	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	-	-
Charges for Services	-	-	-	-	-
Fines and Forfeitures	-	-	-	-	-
Investment Income	-	-	-	-	-
Contributions	66	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous Revenues	-	11	-		
Total Revenues	70	11			
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General Government	-	-	-	-	-
Public Safety	-	-	-	-	-
Cultural-Recreational	-	-	-	-	-
Community Environment	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service:					
Principal Retirement	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on Bonds	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on Leases	-	-	-	-	-
Interest on Notes	-	-	-	-	-
Cost of Issuance	226	-	209	135	-
Capital Outlay	5,480	8,930	2,022	14,497	234
Total Expenditures	5,706	8,930	2,231	14,632	234
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,636)	(8,919)	(2,231)	(14,632)	(234)
	(0,000)	(0,010)	(2,201)	(14,002)	(204)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers In	-	8,293	-	-	-
Transfers Out	(20)	-	-	-	-
Face Amount of Bonds Issued	3,250	-	15,655	10,155	-
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	49	-	159	103	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	3,279	8,293	15,814	10,258	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(2,357)	(626)	13,583	(4,374)	(234)
Fund Balances - Beginning	2,364	7,266	3,603	15,535	234
Fund Balances - Ending	<u>\$</u> 7	\$ 6,640	\$ 17,186	\$ 11,161	\$ -

Ca	pital Projects Fu	nds	Debt Service Funds					
Streets	Vehicle Replacement	Total Capital Projects Funds	Capital Lease Redemption	Lease Debt		Highway Project Advancement Notes		
\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-	\$-		
-	-	-	-	-	22,500	-		
-	-	- 4	-	- 195	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
13,863	-	13,863	-	-	-	3,663		
74	-	74	-	-	- 780	-		
- 3	- 14	- 17	-	-	-	- 12		
39	-	105	-	-	-	-		
	190	201			11			
13,979	204	14,264		195	23,291	3,675		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
-	-	-	68	65 131	18,193 13,087	45,000		
-	-	-	- 7	-	-	-		
-	-	-	-	-	-	4,790		
157	-	727	-	-	-	-		
45,009 45,166	5,871 5,871	82,043 82,770	- 75	- 196	31,280	49,790		
(31,187)	(5,667)	(68,506)	(75)	(1)	(7,989)	(46,115)		
-	3,225	11,518	75	20	8,221	-		
-	-	(20)	-	-	-	-		
11,740 119	-	40,800 430	-	-	-	-		
11,859	3,225	52,728	75	20	8,221			
(19,328)	(2,442)	(15,778)	-	19	232	(46,115)		
49,817	5,899	84,718		186	138	124,117		
\$30,489	\$ 3,457	\$68,940	\$ -	\$ 205	\$ 370	\$ 78,002		

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT C-2 (Continued)** NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands) **Debt Service Funds**

(in thousands)							
-	Highway User Revenue Bond Redemptic		Asse B	ecial ssment ond mption	Total Debt Service Funds	Gov	l Nonmajor ernmental Funds
Revenues:	^		•		<u>^</u>	•	1= 000
Sales Taxes	\$-		\$	-	\$ -	\$	45,390
Property Taxes	-			-	22,500		22,500
Occupancy Taxes	-			-	-		1,894
Special Assessments	-			861	1,056		1,062
Licenses and Permits	-			-	-		3,441
Intergovernmental	-			-	3,663		72,999
Charges for Services	-			-	-		11,277
Fines and Forfeitures	-			-	780		1,878
Investment Income	-			-	12		458
Contributions	-			-	-		1,147
Miscellaneous Revenues	-			-	11		3,026
Total Revenues	-			861	28,022		165,072
Expenditures: Current:							
General Government	-			-	-		5,763
Public Safety	-			-	-		25,931
Cultural-Recreational	-			-	-		6,293
Community Environment	-			-	-		48,523
Debt Service:							,
Principal Retirement	6,94	15		744	71,015		71,015
Interest on Bonds	5,47			217	18,907		18,907
Interest on Leases	-	_		-	7		7
Interest on Notes	-			-	4,790		4,790
Cost of Issuance	-			-	-		727
Capital Outlay	-			-	_		94,804
Total Expenditures	12,41	7		961	94,719		276,760
	12,41			001	04,710		210,100
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	(12,41	7)		(100)	(66,697)		(111,688)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Transfers In	12,41	8		100	20,834		32,389
Transfers Out	, _			-	-		(16,309)
Face Amount of Bonds Issued	-			-	-		40,800
Premium on Issuance of Bonds	-			-	-		430
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	12,41	8		100	20,834		57,310
Net Change in Fund Balances		1		-	(45,863)		(54,378)
Fund Balances - Beginning				-	124,441		265,714
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	1	\$	-	\$78,578	\$	211,336
		-					

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the government and to other government units, on a cost reimbursement basis.

Warehouse, Maintenance and Services Fund was established to finance and account for services and commodities furnished by Fleet Support, Materials and Supply, and Printing and Graphics.

Property and Public Liability Self-Insurance Fund was established to account for the cost of claims incurred by the City under a self-insurance program.

Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Fund was established to account for the costs of maintaining a self-insurance program for industrial insurance at the City.

Employee Benefit Self-Insurance Fund was established to account for the costs of maintaining the City's self-insurance health program.

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT C-3 INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

(in thousands)	Warehouse, Maintenance and Services	Property and Public Liability Self Insurance
ASSETS		
Current Assets:	¢ 1.100	^
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 1,122	\$ 9,812
Accounts Receivable	128	-
Accrued Interest Receivable	-	15
Due from Other Governments	5	-
Inventory	5,841	-
Prepaid Costs	1	510
Total Current Assets	7,097	10,337
Capital Assets:		
Buildings	2,061	-
Other Improvements	430	-
Machinery and Equipment	6,489	-
Intangibles	3	-
Infrastructure	32	-
Construction in Progress	252	<u>.</u>
Less Accumulated Depreciation and Amortization	(7,609)	-
Net Capital Assets	1,658	
Net Capital Assets	1,000	
Total Assets	8,755	10,337
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION Current Liabilities:		
Warrants Outstanding	-	24
Accounts Payable	772	40
Accrued Expenses	10	-
Other Accrued Expenses:		
Estimated Liability For Claims:		
Incurred-Not Reported	-	3,786
Incurred and Pending	-	5,795
Current Portion of Compensated Absences	1	
Total Current Liabilities	783	9,645
Long-Term Liabilities		
Compensated Absences	632	-
Post Employment Benefits	8,746	-
Total Long-Term Liabilities	9,378	-
Total Liabilities	10,161	9,645
Net Position:		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	1,658	-
Unrestricted	(3,064)	692
Total Net Position	\$ (1,406)	

EXHIBIT C-3 (Continued)

Com	orkers' pensation Insurance	Employee Benefits Self Insurance		Total
•		^ 10.070	<u>,</u>	
\$	6,316	\$ 48,650	\$	65,900
	-	1,977		2,105
	6	68		89
	-	-		5
	-	-		5,841
	204	-		715
	6,526	50,695	·	74,655
	-	-		2,061
	-	-		430
	_	_		6,489
	_	_		3
	_	_		32
	_	_		252
	_	_		(7,609)
	-	-		1,658
	6,526	50,695		76,313
	42 96 -	466 1,192 210		532 2,100 220
	6,232 16,575	4,669		14,687 22,370
	-	-		[′] 1
	22,945	6,537		39,910
	-	-		632
	-	-		8,746
		- - -		
	- - - 22,945	6,537	- <u> </u>	8,746
	- - - 22,945	6,537	·	8,746 9,378
	- - - 22,945 -	- - - 6,537 -	·	8,746 9,378
	- - - 22,945 - (16,419)	- - - - 6,537 - 44,158	. <u> </u>	8,746 9,378 49,288

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT C-4** INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

(in thousands)		Duou ontro on d
	Warehouse, Maintenance and Services	Property and Public Liability Self Insurance
Operating Revenues:		
Charges For Services:		
Warehouse	\$ 7,380	\$-
Fleet Support Services Printing and Graphics	20,137 782	-
Self-Insurance Contributions:	702	-
Employee	-	-
City	-	3,509
State Retirement System	-	-
Other Misselleneous Bevenue	304	-
Miscellaneous Revenue Total Operating Revenues	<u>14</u> 28,617	3,509
Total Operating Revenues	20,017	3,303
Operating Expenses:		
Warehouse	7,334	-
Fleet Support Services	21,224	-
Printing and Graphics Administrative Costs	937	-
Claims and Premiums Paid	-	969 642
Total Operating Expenses	29,495	1,611
Operating Income (Loss) Before Depreciation	(878)	1,898
Depreciation	(330)	
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,208)	1,898
Nonoperating Revenues (Expense):		
Investment Income	-	65
Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	6	
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	6	65
Income (Loss) Before Transfers and Capital Contributions	(1,202)	1,963
Capital Contributions	93	
Change in Net Position	(1,109)	1,963
Total Net Position - Beginning	(297)	(1,271)
Total Net Position - Ending	\$ (1,406)	\$ 692

EXHIBIT C-4 (Continued)

Workers' Compensation Self Insurance	Employee Benefits Self Insurance	Total
\$ - - -	\$ - -	\$ 7,380 20,137 782
4,400 - 98	14,578 44,304 4,001 532	14,578 52,213 4,001 934 14
4,498	63,415	 100,039
-	-	7,334 21,224
- 930 <u>4,848</u> 5,778	- 4,288 54,954 59,242	 937 6,187 <u>60,444</u> 96,126
(1,280)	4,173	 3,913
-		 (330)
(1,280)	4,173	 3,583
28	284	 377 6
28	284	 383
(1,252)	4,457	3,966
		 93
(1,252)	4,457	4,059
(15,167)	39,701	 22,966
\$ (16,419)	\$ 44,158	\$ 27,025

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT C-5 INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	Mair	ehouse, ntenance Services	Publi	perty and c Liability nsurance
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from Users Cash Payments to Suppliers Cash Payments to Employees Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Operating Activities	\$	28,489 (20,892) (8,210) (613)	\$	3,509 (4,528) (930) (1,949)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets Contributions Net Cash Provided by / (Used) for Capital and Related Financing Activities	:	(58) 93 35		- - -
Cash Flows from Investing Activities: Interest Received on Investments Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities		<u>-</u>		<u>61</u> 61
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(578)		(1,888)
Pooled Cash and Investments at Beginning of Year		1,700		11,700
Pooled Cash and Investments at End of Year	\$	1,122	\$	9,812
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:				
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(1,208)	\$	1,898
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Changes in Assets and Liabilities: (Increase) Decrease in Receivables (Increase) Decrease in Inventory (Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Costs (Decrease) Increase in Accounts Payable (Decrease) Increase in Other Accrued Expenses		330 (128) 268 - (797) 922		- (97) 35 (3,785)
Total Adjustments		595		(3,847)
Net Cash Provided by/(Used for) Operating Activities	\$	(613)	\$	(1,949)

EXHIBIT C-5

(Continued)

Com	orkers' pensation Insurance	Be	mployee nefits Self isurance	 Total
\$	4,499 (4,274) (398) (173)	\$	63,332 (56,728) (1,109) 5,495	\$ 99,829 (86,422) (10,647) 2,760
	-		-	 (58) 93
				 35 355 355
	(146)		5,762	 3,150
\$	6,462 6,316	\$	42,888 48,650	\$ 62,750 65,900
\$	(1,280)	\$	4,173	\$ 3,583
	-		-	330
	(47) 53 1,101		(83) - - 582 823	 (211) 268 (144) (127) (939)
	1,107		1,322	 (823)
\$	(173)	\$	5,495	\$ 2,760

FIDUCIARY FUND

The Fiduciary Fund accounts for assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the City.

The **Payroll Agency Fund** accounts for all payroll transactions.

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT C-6 AGENCY FUND STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

PAYROLL AGENCY FUND		alance y 1, 2013	A	dditions	De	eductions		alance e 30, 2014
Assets:	•	10.000	•		•		•	
Pooled Cash and Investments	\$	13,390	\$	629,340	\$	628,669	\$	14,061
Total Assets	\$	13,390	\$	629,340	\$	628,669	\$	14,061
Liabilities:								
Accounts Payable	\$	1,532	\$	44,697	\$	44,510	\$	1,719
Accrued Payroll Payable		11,858		388,731		388,247		12,342
Total Liabilities	\$	13,390	\$	433,428	\$	432,757	\$	14,061



Supplemental Information

Higher Education Starts Here



Albright College



Benedictine University



Upper Iowa University



Wilkes University

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT D-1** GRANTS AND SPECIAL PROGRAMS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

(in thousands)		Budgeted	l Amo	unts				
	Or	iginal		Final	ļ	Actual		ance with al Budget
Revenues:	•		•		•		•	
Occupancy Taxes	\$	300	\$	300	\$	1,894	\$	1,594
Special Assessments		17,700		17,700		-		(17,700)
Licenses and Permits		598		598		-		(598)
Intergovernmental		32,554		32,554		6,596		(25,958)
Charges for Services		239		239		182		(57)
Fines and Forfeitures		267		267		814		547
Investment Income		-		-		7		7
Contributions		387		387		1,042		655
Miscellaneous Revenues		3,062		3,062		2,585		(477)
Total Revenues		55,107		55,107		13,120		(41,987)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General Government		36,364		36,761		1,684		35,077
Public Safety		9,768		8,720		4,726		3,994
Cultural-Recreational		1,363		1,394		1,022		372
Community Environment		200		228		118		110
Capital Outlay		7,317		6,521		4,564		1,957
Total Expenditures		55,012		53,624		12,114		41,510
Net Change in Fund Balances		95		1,483		1,006		(477)
Fund Balances - Beginning		7,458		7,458		3,239		(4,219)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	7,553	\$	8,941	\$	4,245	\$	(4,696)

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT D-2 HIGHWAY USER REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

(in thousands)	Budgeted	d Amounts		
_	Original	Final	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues:	\$ 32,394	¢ 22.204	\$ 30.913	\$ (1,481)
Intergovernmental Charges for Services	\$ 32,394	\$ 32,394	\$	\$ (1,481) 9
Investment Income	-	-	9	5
Total Revenues	32,394	32,394	30,923	(1,471)
Expenditures: Current:				
Community Environment	20,148	20,148	15,984	4,164
Capital Outlay			282	(282)
Total Expenditures	20,148	20,148	16,266	3,882
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues				
Over (Under) Expenditures	12,246	12,246	14,657	2,411
Other Financing Uses:				
Transfers Out	(12,418)	(12,418)	(12,418)	-
Total Other Financing Uses	(12,418)	(12,418)	(12,418)	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(172)	(172)	2,239	2,411
Fund Balances - Beginning	172	172	(26)	(198)
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 2,213	\$ 2,213

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA EXHIBIT D-3 MESA HOUSING AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

	C	original		Final		Actual		ance with al Budget
Revenues:	•	~~~~~	•	~~~~~	•	17 00 1	•	(11000)
Intergovernmental	\$	32,332	\$	32,332	\$	17,964	\$	(14,368)
Charges for Services		1		1		-		(1)
Investment Income		1		1		-		(1)
Miscellaneous Revenues		-		-		7		7
Total Revenues		32,334		32,334		17,971		(14,363)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public Safety		149		203		166		37
Community Environment		33,745		33,606		17,742		15,864
Capital Outlay		-		628		78		550
Total Expenditures		33,894		34,437		17,986		16,451
Net Change in Fund Balances		(1,560)		(2,103)		(15)		2,088
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,659		1,659		1,184		(475)
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	99	\$	(444)	\$	1,169	\$	1,613

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT D-4** QUALITY OF LIFE SALES TAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Budgeted Amounts

	Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues:								
Sales Taxes	\$	19,246	\$	19,246	\$	20,639	\$	1,393
Licenses and Permits		-		-		80		80
Investment Income		-		-		12		12
Total Revenues		19,246		19,246		20,731		1,485
Expenditures: Current:								
Public Safety		19,246		19,311		19,263		48
Total Expenditures		19,246		19,311		19,263		48
Net Change in Fund Balances		-		(65)		1,468		1,533
Fund Balances - Beginning		-		-		2,236		2,236
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	-	\$	(65)	\$	3,704	\$	3,769

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **EXHIBIT D-5** STREET SALES TAX SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

Budgeted Amounts

-	Original		Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget	
Revenues: Sales Taxes	\$	23,033	\$	22.022	\$	04 754	\$	1 710
Licenses and Permits	Ф	23,033 175	Φ	23,033 175	Ф	24,751 189	Φ	1,718 14
Charges for Services		94		94		248		14
Fines and Forfeitures		204		204		- 240		(204)
Investment Income		71		71		281		210
Miscellaneous Revenues		2		2		221		219
Total Revenues		23,579		23,579		25,690		2,111
Expenditures: Current:								
General Government		4,863		5,065		3,637		1,428
Public Safety		319		319		314		5
Cultural-Recreational		11		11		11		-
Community Environment		28,377		24,216		12,232		11,984
Capital Outlay		470		1,583		7,178		(5,595)
Total Expenditures		34,040		31,194		23,372		7,822
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over (Under) Expenditures		(10,461)		(7,615)		2,318		9,933
Other Financing Uses:								
Transfers Out		(725)		(725)		(725)		-
Total Other Financing Uses		(725)		(725)		(725)		-
Net Change in Fund Balances		(11,186)		(8,340)		1,593		9,933
Fund Balances - Beginning		28,388		28,388		40,349		11,961
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	17,202	\$	20,048	\$	41,942	\$	21,894



Statistical Section

Riverview Park Splash Pad



STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Mesa's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	108
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help readers assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the sales tax.	120
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current level of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	123
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	131
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	133

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA

TABLE I

NET POSITION BY COMPONENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	769,924	\$ 765,875	\$ 791,592 \$	794,720
Restricted		68,487	84,386	95,107	86,252
Unrestricted		62,539	 85,735	 128,548	 125,128
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$	900,950	\$ 935,996	\$ 1,015,247 \$	 1,006,100
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	424,821	\$ 390,100	\$ 366,498 \$	410,074
Restricted		101,566	89,383	96,756	94,133
Unrestricted	_	219,104	 268,388	 308,375	 308,216
Total Business-type Activities	\$	745,491	\$ 747,871	\$ 771,629 \$	 812,423
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT					
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	1,194,745	\$ 1,155,975	\$ 1,158,090 \$	1,204,794
Restricted		170,053	173,769	191,863	180,385
Unrestricted		281,643	 354,123	 436,923	 433,344
Total Primary Government	\$	1,646,441	\$ 1,683,867	\$ 1,786,876 \$	 1,818,523

TABLE I (Continued)

	2008-09		2009-10	 2010-11	 2011-12	 2012-13	2013-14
\$	791,523 \$	\$	844,777	\$ 872,302	\$ 913,702	\$ 902,397 \$	866,332
	92,533		86,955	39,296	41,257	56,719	60,555
	91,363		3,651	 (6,376)	 (96,986)	 (184,355)	(120,803)
\$	975,419 \$	₿	935,383	\$ 905,222	\$ 857,973	\$ 774,761 \$	806,084
\$	413,944 \$	\$	434,814	\$ 430,436	\$ 412,016	\$ 346,352 \$	393,720
	82,697		47,011	55,873	69,739	37,795	43,023
_	278,892		271,706	 258,131	 254,189	 271,619	178,702
\$	775,533_\$	₿	753,531	\$ 744,440	\$ 735,944	\$ 655,766_\$	615,445
\$	1,205,467 \$	6	1,279,591	\$ 1,302,738	\$ 1,325,718	\$ 1,248,749 \$	1,260,052
	175,230		133,966	95,169	110,996	94,514	103,578
	370,255		275,357	 251,755	 157,203	 87,264	57,899
\$	1,750,952 \$	\$	1,688,914	\$ 1,649,662	\$ 1,593,917	\$ 1,430,527 \$	1,421,529

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE II** CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

(in thousands)

EXPENSES		2004-05		2005-06	 2006-07	 2007-08
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:						
General Government	\$	48,722	\$	44,568	\$ 48,201	\$ 63,633
Public Safety		204,366		212,011	232,100	292,396
Cultural-Recreational		62,870		65,389	64,592	72,999
Community Environment		86,363		97,613	91,664	99,415
Interest in Long-term Debt		15,504		16,061	 18,037	 19,083
Total Governmental Activities Expenses		417,825		435,642	 454,594	 547,526
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:						
Electric		27,119		26,817	26,281	31,612
Gas		33,830		38,743	37,826	43,247
Water		54,248		54,111	59,965	59,225
Wastewater		47,799		67,181	60,603	61,293
Solid Waste		23,864		25,070	27,891	32,877
Airport		2,120		4,194	2,721	3,317
Golf Course		2,966		2,524	2,602	3,012
Convention Center		4,260		4,822	5,667	5,447
Hohokam Stadium/Fitch Complex		-		-	-	-
Cubs Stadium		-		-	-	-
District Cooling		-		67	1,090	769
Economic Investment	_	-	_	-	 -	 -
Total Business-type Activities Expenses		196,206		223,529	 224,646	 240,799
Total Primary Government Expenses	\$	614,031	\$	659,171	\$ 679,240	\$ 788,325

TABLE II (Continued)

_	2008-09		2009-10		2010-11	_	2011-12	_	2012-13	 2013-14
\$	54,226	\$	54,863	\$	59,552	\$	57,472	\$	105,410	\$ 103,819
	290,928		288,929		273,320		287,918		287,451	277,614
	67,039		54,010		54,550		57,171		61,717	49,275
	121,736		104,096		106,434		97,593		129,164	125,700
_	18,659	· <u> </u>	20,013		21,078	_	21,631	_	23,443	 24,431
	552,588		521,911		514,934	_	521,785	_	607,185	 580,839
	27,634		27,106		26,817		29,751		28,897	30,044
	35,992		35,466		36,020		34,275		35,653	35,020
	68,956		80,915		82,378		74,162		103,432	93,871
	80,349		70,228		63,613		68,540		91,739	65,637
	31,953		31,504		31,462		32,485		33,694	32,908
	3,703		3,944		3,972		3,737		4,300	4,343
	3,083		2,715		2,679		2,589		3,353	2,555
	4,558		4,158		3,849		3,486		3,946	3,060
	-		7,408		8,324		8,525		9,094	2,879
	-		-		15		54		-	6,201
	976		1,000		965		974		1,081	1,153
	-	. <u> </u>	-	_	-	_	-		3,653	 -
	257,204		264,444		260,094	_	258,578	_	318,842	 277,671
\$_	809,792	\$	786,355	\$	775,028	\$_	780,363	\$	926,027	\$ 858,510

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA TABLE II (Continued)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

(in thousands)

PROGRAM REVENUES	 2004-05		2005-06		2006-07		2007-08
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
Charges for services:							
Licenses and Permits	\$ 18,818	\$	23,145	\$	20,128	\$	23,342
Charges for Services	13,048		17,650		22,039		23,703
Fines and Forfeitures	9,247		9,049		10,277		10,761
Other activities	117		282		433		324
Operating Grants and Contributions	60,813		68,784		74,498		63,787
Capital Grants and Contributions	 25,513		16,777		44,858	· —	21,916
Total Governmental Activities Program Revenues	 127,556	. <u> </u>	135,687		172,233		143,833
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:							
Charges for services:							
Electric	30,984		36,113		34,519		34,148
Gas	35,131		44,089		45,250		46,540
Water	79,725		88,498		92,007		97,559
Wastewater	46,025		49,618		55,398		53,951
Solid Waste	36,639		38,899		42,895		46,168
Airport	1,941		2,087		2,954		3,192
Golf Course	2,328		2,522		2,457		2,448
Convention Center	2,571		3,728		4,746		3,658
Hohokam Stadium/Fitch Complex	-		-		-		-
Cubs Stadium	-		-		-		-
District Cooling	-		55		193		229
Economic Investment	-		-		-		-
Operating Grants and Contributions	275		141		147		11
Capital Grants and Contributions	 15,586		27,692		20,724	· —	80,570
Total Business-type Activities Program Revenues	 251,205		293,442		301,290		368,474
Total Primary Government Program Revenues	\$ 378,761	\$	429,129	_	473,523	_	512,307
NET (EXPENSE)/REVENUE							
Governmental Activities	\$ (290,269)	\$	(299,955)	\$	(282,361)	\$	(403,693)
Business-type Activities	 54,999		69,913		76,644	. <u> </u>	127,675
Total Primary Government Net Expense	\$ (235,270)	\$	(230,042)	\$	(205,717)	\$	(276,018)

	2008-09		2009-10		2010-11		2011-12		2012-13		2013-14
\$	13,426	\$	11,824	\$	12,577	\$	13,359	\$		\$	18,797
	24,740		20,419		20,304		25,779		27,675		32,106
	10,215		10,135		11,820		11,294		9,885		9,890
	78		9		8		18		2,945		400
	63,055		72,812		65,284		60,355		55,312		29,514
	35,436	. <u> </u>	30,343		31,461		23,503		25,049		20,714
	146,950		145,542		141,454		134,308		138,559		111,421
	35,313		33,079		33,138		34,625		31,075		31,198
	41,708		38,924		41,370		39,139		39,125		38,600
	95,995		98,806		102,215		113,418		111,933		112,003
	54,720		57,699		59,659		64,544		64,413		66,457
	46,762		46,685		47,538		47,631		47,369		47,452
	2,959		3,125		3,318		3,271		3,484		3,813
	2,310		2,265		2,250		2,169		1,472		1,622
	2,687		1,971		2,826		2,122		2,597		2,057
	-		5,837		6,161		6,074		5,496		36
	-		-		52		825		-		174
	834		984		945		1,092		975		1,142
	-		-		-		-		148		-
	101		210		25		2,126		9,401		9,056
	31,222		17,782		10,774		15,814		7,997		17,331
	314,611		307,367		310,271		332,850		325,485		330,941
_	461,561	: _	452,909		451,725		467,158		464,044	_	442,362
¢	(405 600)	¢	(276.260)	¢	(272 400)	¢	(207 477)	¢	(469,600)	¢	(460,440)
\$	(405,638)	Φ	(376,369)	Φ	(373,480)	Φ	(387,477)	Φ	(468,626)	φ	(469,418)
	57,407	. <u> </u>	42,923		50,177		74,272	_	6,643		53,270
\$	(348,231)	\$	(333,446)	\$	(323,303)	\$	(313,205)	\$	(461,983)	\$	(416,148)

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA TABLE II (Concluded)

CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES

IN NET POSITION	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
Sales Taxes	\$ 112,529 \$	128,372 \$	155,817 \$	147,763
Property Taxes	-	-	-	-
Occupancy Taxes	1,857	2,190	2,390	2,395
Unrestricted Intergovernmental Revenues	90,868	103,849	113,049	122,561
Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs	10,726	12,206	14,038	14,746
Investment Income	1,905	5,431	7,825	6,282
Miscellaneous	9,741	10,052	7,054	6,679
Transfers	 76,360	72,902	61,440	94,121
Total Governmental Activities	 303,986	335,002	361,613	394,547
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:				
Occupancy Taxes	-	-	-	-
Investment Income	1,579	4,819	8,125	6,546
Miscellaneous	85	554	429	694
Special Item - Gain on Sale of Capital Assets	32,678	-	-	-
Transfers	 (76,360)	(72,902)	(61,440)	(94,121)
Total Business-type Activities	 (42,018)	(67,529)	(52,886)	(86,881)
Total Primary Government	\$ 261,968_\$	267,473 \$	308,727 \$	307,666
Change in Net Position				
Governmental Activities	\$ 13,717 \$	35,047 \$	79,252 \$	(9,146)
Business-type Activities	 12,981	2,384	23,758	40,794
Total Primary Government	\$ 26,698 \$	37,431 \$	103,010 \$	31,648

TABLE II (Concluded)

	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
\$	126,520 \$	121,557 \$	121,046 \$	126,644 \$	137,280 \$	140,567
	-	14,318	14,244	14,234	14,354	22,549
	1,808	1,581	2,148	2,019	1,903	1,919
	117,543	104,580	92,613	86,103	104,462	135,075
	14,741	14,757	15,610	17,171	49,569	88,646
	1,896	261	617	1,503	1,692	966
	15,849	13,846	7,060	8,939	7,424	5,550
_	96,599	65,433	83,334	83,615	83,615	109,520
_	374,956	336,333	336,672	340,228	400,299	504,792
	-	-	-	-	825	851
	1,894	508	839	850	860	1,453
	407	-	-	-	-	288
	-	-	-	-	-	18,697
_	(96,599)	(65,433)	(83,334)	(83,615)	(83,615)	(109,520)
	(94,298)	(64,925)	(82,495)	(82,765)	(81,930)	(88,231)
\$_	280,658 \$	271,408 \$	254,177 \$	257,463 \$	318,369 \$	416,561
\$	(30,682) \$	(40,036) \$	(36,808) \$	(47,249) \$	(68,327) \$	35,374
_	(36,891)	(22,002)	(32,318)	(8,493)	(75,287)	(34,961)
\$	(67,573) \$	(62,038) \$	(69,126) \$	(55,742) \$	(143,614) \$	413

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE III** FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (modified accrual basis of accounting) (in thousands)

		2004-05		2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
GENERAL FUND			_			
Reserved (1)(2)	\$	37,872	\$	61,257	\$ 77,177	\$ 84,886
Unreserved		19,310		27,994	57,030	50,283
Nonspendable		-		-	-	-
Restricted		-		-	-	-
Committed		-		-	-	-
Unassigned	_	-		-	 -	 -
Total General Fund	\$	57,182	\$_	89,251	\$ 134,207	\$ 135,169
ALL OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS						
Reserved	\$	10,335	\$	8,392	\$ 5,885	\$ 8,643
Unreserved, Reported in:						
Special Revenue Funds		23,499		21,746	24,627	24,922
Capital Project Funds		15,681		18,611	17,568	11,143
Nonspendable		-		-	-	-
Restricted (3)(4)		-		-	-	-
Committed		-		-	-	-
Unassigned	_	-		-	 -	 -
Total All Other Governmental Funds	\$	49,515	\$	48,749	\$ 48,080	\$ 44,708

(1) During fiscal Year 1998-99, a voter-approved 1/2 percent increase to sales tax was enacted. This additional tax is restricted to fund improvements to quality of life projects and is reported as reserved fund balance in the General Fund.

(2) During FY 2006-07, a quarter percent portion of the sales tax increase described in (1) above to fund capital improvements to quality of life projects expired and was not renewed. Also during FY 2006-07, a voter-approved 1/2 percent increase to sales tax was enacted. This additional tax is restricted to fund street improvements and is reported as restricted fund balance in the General Fund.

(3) Effective with fiscal year 2010-11 the fund balance related to the sales tax for street improvements was moved to the Special Revenue funds.

(4) Effective with fiscal year 2011-12 the fund balance related to the sales tax for Quality of Life projects was moved to the Special Revenue funds.

TABLE III (Continued)

 2008-09	 2009-10	-	2010-11	-	2011-12	_	2012-13	_	2013-14
\$ 51,862	\$ 4,048	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
74,711	92,187		-		-		-		-
-	-		405		754		1,724		2,956
-	-		1,992		2,012		284		188
-	-		4,898		4,992		1,185		1,484
 -	 	-	93,875	_	78,035	_	50,426	_	72,683
\$ 126,573	\$ 96,235	\$_	101,170	\$_	85,793	\$_	53,619	\$_	77,311
\$ 17,013	\$ 53,674	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
24,816	31,871		-		-		-		-
28,442	15,724		-		-		-		-
-	-		2,906		84		55		23
-	-		112,538		211,279		243,831		190,609
-	-		19,166		16,360		23,005		21,379
 -	 -	-	-	-	(1)	_	(1,177)	-	(675)
\$ 70,271	\$ 101,269	\$_	134,610	\$_	227,722	\$_	265,714	\$	211,336

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA

TABLE IV

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

(in thousands)

(in thousands)	20	04-05	2005-06	 2006-07	 2007-08
REVENUES					
Sales Taxes (1)(2)	\$	112,259	\$ 128,372	\$ 155,817	\$ 147,763
Property Taxes		-	-	-	-
Occupancy Taxes		1,857	2,190	2,390	2,395
Special Assessments		5	5	417	1,218
Licenses and Permits		18,818	23,145	20,128	23,342
Intergovernmental		153,369	178,553	190,826	193,585
Charges for Services		13,048	17,650	22,039	23,703
Fines and Forfeitures		9,247	9,049	10,277	10,761
Investment Income		1,353	4,376	6,463	5,178
Capital Contributions		-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous		9,562	9,633	 6,366	 6,422
Total Revenues		319,518	372,973	 414,723	 414,367
EXPENDITURES					
General Government		38,364	36,731	40,662	48,112
Public Safety		182,224	190,762	210,542	233,507
Cultural-Recreational		54,762	56,188	54,711	57,765
Community Environment		56,953	60,080	65,314	66,616
Miscellaneous Expenditures		-	-	-	-
Debt Service					
Principal		7,692	8,857	8,358	25,871
Interest		15,369	16,181	18,151	19,230
Issuance Cost on Refunding Bonds		-	234	-	-
Service Charges		62	56	57	58
Cost of Issuance		-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay		62,392	79,317	 77,475	 77,309
Total Expenditures		417,818	448,406	475,270	 528,468
Excess of Revenues Under Expenditures		(98,300)	(75,433)	 (60,547)	 (114,101)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers In		104,643	106,254	99,901	147,478
Transfers Out		(28,066)	(32,340)	(33,233)	(53,960)
Face Amount of Bonds Issued		21,930	26,410	30,682	15,450
Face Amount of Notes Issued		-	-	-	-
Premium on Issuance of Bonds		640	2,004	573	195
Premium on Issuance of Notes		-	-	-	-
Proceeds from Obligations of		0.740	0.400	0.014	0.500
Capital Leases		6,746	6,402	6,911	2,529
Proceeds From Refunding Issue		26,420	25,482	-	-
Refunding Advance Payment to Refunded Bond Escrow Agent		- (26,156)	- (27,475)	-	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		106,157	106,737	 104,834	 111,692
Net Change in Fund Balances	\$	7,857		\$ 44,287	\$ (2,409)
Debt Service as a percentage of Noncapital					
Expenditures		6.51%	6.86%	6.68%	10.01%

(1) During fiscal year 1998-99, a voter approved one-half percent increase to sales tax was enacted.

(2) During fiscal year 2006-07, a voter approved one-half percent increase to sales tax was enacted.

In addition, a quarter percent portion of the sales tax described in (1) above expired and was not renewed by the voters.

TABLE IV (Continued)

	2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
	126,520 \$	121,557 \$	121,046 \$	126,644 \$	137,280 \$	140,567
	-	13,886	14,274	14,323	14,404	22,500
	1,808	1,581	2,148	2,019	1,903	1,919
	806	923	1,069	996	897	1,062
	13,426	11,824	12,577	13,359	17,693	18,797
	191,085	190,731	174,781	168,433	184,823	185,303
	24,343	20,419	20,304	25,779	27,675	32,106
	10,215	10,135	11,820	11,294	9,885	9,890
	2,018	191	587	1,284	1,501	589
	-	-	-	-	2,264	1,212
	14,755	13,675	7,417	7,573	5,940	4,524
	384,976	384,922	366,023	371,704	404,265	418,469
	26 507	40 112	20.042	41 092	74 506	75 077
	36,507 230,864	40,113 216,026	38,843 215,166	41,083 226,429	74,596 226,677	75,077 231,364
	53,171	40,150	42,191	43,904	37,787	38,788
	72,647	72,081	68,463	43,904 64,404	55,197	56,573
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	36,906	34,846	31,690	25,513	31,519	71,015
	18,845	21,186	21,211	22,643	23,433	23,704
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	28	9	10	8	10	-
	-	539	29	870	1,448	727
	77,899	82,530	60,173	66,951	91,537	102,657
	526,867	507,480	477,776	491,805	542,204	599,905
	(141,891)	(122,558)	(111,753)	(120,101)	(137,939)	(181,436)
	155,697	149,437	128,065	121,459	147,818	141,909
	(59,106)	(66,654)	(44,418)	(38,136)	(64,203)	(32,389)
	61,830	30,865	29,320	27,290	62,672	40,800
	-	45,000	-	77,835	-	-
	437	402	360	8,027	3,681	430
	-	869	-	8,250	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	67,238	17,415	-
	-	-	-	- (74,127)	(19,889) -	-
	158,858	159,919	113,327	197,836	147,494	150,750
\$					9,555 \$	(30,686)
^ф	16,967 \$	37,361 \$	1,574 \$	77,735 \$	9,000 \$	(30,000)
	12.42%	13.19%	12.67%	11.34%	12.20%	19.05%

\$

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE V** SALES TAX COLLECTIONS BY CATEGORY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

	 2004-05	 2005-06	_	2006-07 (1)	 2007-08
Utilities	\$ 6,692	\$ 7,539	\$	9,116	\$ 9,668
Communications	3,241	2,839		3,939	4,312
Publishing	1,564	1,792		1,963	1,923
Printing & Advertising	367	454		478	375
Contracting	12,074	14,581		21,424	19,301
Retail Sales	64,266	74,421		85,015	77,308
Restaurants & Bars	8,484	9,418		11,726	12,039
Amusements	1,071	1,210		1,457	1,349
Rentals	14,380	15,786		20,534	21,369
Miscellaneous	 118	 332	_	165	 119
Total	\$ 112,257	\$ 128,372	\$	155,817	\$ 147,763
City Direct Tax Rate	1.50%	1.50%		1.75%	1.75%

Note: Amounts shown include penalties and interest. Occupancy tax not included.

(1) During FY 2006-07, 1/4 percent of the 1/2 percent voter-approved sales tax increase that was enacted in August 1998 to fund capital improvements to quality of life projects expired and was not renewed. Also during FY 2006-07, a voter-approved 1/2 percent increase to sales tax was enacted and is restricted to fund street improvements.

Source: City of Mesa Tax & Licensing Division

TABLE V (Continued)

	2008-09	09 2009-10		0 2010-11			2011-12	2012-13		2013-14	
\$	9,654	\$	9,757	\$	11,104	\$	11,878	\$	12,549	\$	12,344
	3,749		3,809		4,456		4,483		4,651		4,230
	1,402		1,102		999		934		866		830
	280		175		342		336		434		455
	15,263		10,913		8,388		9,962		12,402		13,794
	63,230		63,469		60,266		62,191		66,789		69,276
	10,956		10,948		11,165		11,864		12,577		12,972
	1,363		1,176		1,433		1,434		1,432		1,469
	20,514		20,123		22,219		22,968		24,847		24,374
_	107		84		674		595		732	_	823
\$	126,518	\$	121,555	\$	121,046	\$	126,645	\$	137,279	\$	140,567
	1.75%		1.75%		1.75%		1.75%		1.75%		1.75%

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE VI** DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING SALES TAX RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	City Direct Rate	. .	Maricopa County		State of Arizona	
2004-05	1.50	%	0.70	%	5.60	%
2005-06	1.50		0.70		5.60	
2006-07	1.75		0.70		5.60	
2007-08	1.75		0.70		5.60	
2008-09	1.75		0.70		5.60	
2009-10	1.75		0.70		6.60	*
2010-11	1.75		0.70		6.60	
2011-12	1.75		0.70		6.60	
2012-13	1.75		0.70		5.60	
2013-14	1.75		0.70		5.60	

Source: City of Mesa Tax & Licensing Office

*Note: The State of Arizona increased its tax to 6.60% effective 6/1/10 for a 3 year period



CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE VII** RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands, except per capita)

				Governme	nta	I Activities			
Year	 General Obligation Bonds	_	Municipal Development Corporation Bonds	 Highway User Revenue Bonds	-	Special Assessment Bonds	 Community Facility District	 Capital Leases	 Notes Payable
2005	\$ 198,770	\$	9,970	\$ 120,410	\$	36	\$ -	\$ 24,968	\$ -
2006	207,860		9,970	131,950		5,049	-	23,273	-
2007	223,115		9,970	142,460		8,798	-	22,989	-
2008	221,625		9,970	142,290		8,046	-	17,503	-
2009	267,063		-	140,265		7,294	-	9,730	-
2010	273,869		-	134,545		6,550	-	5,406	45,000
2011	281,514		-	128,515		5,806	-	2,166	45,000
2012	288,669		-	121,395		5,062	-	822	122,835
2013	327,265		-	120,942		4,318	2,712	140	129,435
2014	346,860		-	112,882		3,574	5,897	72	78

(1) Information on personal income and population is presented on Table XII.

_					Bu	siness-type Ac	tivi	ties							
_	Utility System Revenue Bonds	 General		Excise Tax Revenue Obligation Bonds		Municipal Development Corporation Bonds	Notes Payable	Capital Leases		Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income (1)		Per Capita (1)		
\$	549,415	\$ 3,290	\$	-	\$	13,500	\$	921	\$	21,641	\$	942,922	9.24 %	\$	2,090
	655,085	3,290		-		9,600		760		4,301		1,051,139	9.97		2,309
	723,185	3,290		-		5,100		589		2,869		1,142,365	10.54		2,483
	767,445	3,290		-		-		432		1,541		1,172,141	10.68		2,529
	817,530	2,957		-		-		333		158		1,245,330	11.03		2,677
	857,435	2,691		-		-		2,964		-		1,328,460	11.49		2,843
	898,800	2,221		-		-		2,731		-		1,366,753	13.06		3,101
	952,500	1,601		-		-		2,493		-		1,495,377	14.10		3,390
	973,670	887		105,079		-		2,370		-		1,666,818	16.09		3,747
	987,454	605		104,499		-		2,244		-		1,564,165	14.63		3,438

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA TABLE VIII RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands, except per capita)

Gen						al Bonded Debt Outsta	Ind	ling					
Year		Secondary Assessed Value (1)	_	General Obligation Bonds	_	Less: Amounts Available in Debt Service Fund	_		Total	Percentage Of Secondary Assessed Value		_	Per Capita (2)
2005	\$	2,648,163	\$	202,060	\$	-	5	\$	202,060	7.63	%	\$	448
2006		2,921,999		211,150		-			211,150	7.23			464
2007		3,083,070		226,405		-			226,405	7.34			492
2008		4,114,527		224,915		-			224,915	5.47			486
2009		4,793,082		259,895		-			259,895	5.42			559
2010		4,749,617		276,560		-			276,560	5.82			592
2011		4,094,037		283,735		134			283,601	6.93			645
2012		3,164,277		290,270		1			290,269	9.17			658
2013		2,770,422		328,152		138			328,014	11.84			739
2014		2,559,634		347,465		372			347,093	13.56			765

Source:(1) Maricopa County Finance Department Assessor's Office.(2) Population figures are found on Table XII.

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE IX** DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT (1) JUNE 30, 2014 (in thousands)

			Propor	ortion Applicable			
		Debt	to the	e City of	Mesa		
Governmental Unit	Ou	tstanding (2)	Percent (2)		Amount		
Debt repaid with property taxes							
Maricopa County Community College District	\$	712,735	7.94 %	\$	56,591		
Mesa Unified School District No. 4		276,400	86.40		238,810		
Gilbert Unified School District No. 41		135	26.16		35		
Queen Creek Unified School District No. 95		36,565	30.96		11,321		
Higley Unified School District No. 60		61,195	95.00		58,135		
Tempe Union High School District No. 213		80,225	20.00		16,045		
Tempe Elementary School District No. 3		97,230	47.00		45,698		
Eastmark Community Facilities District		3,250	100.00		3,250		
Other Debt:							
Maricopa County		148,595	7.94		11,798		
Subtotal, overlapping debt					441,683		
City direct debt (3)					552,895		
Total Direct and Overlapping Debt				\$	994,578		

(1) Does not include Salt River Project Agricultural Improvement and Power District debt, which is considered self-supporting from earnings of the district or special assessment debt of the City of Mesa, which is considered a junior lien.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Mesa. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

Proportion applicable to the City is computed on the ratio of secondary assessed valuation as calculated for fiscal year 2013/14 for the overlapping jurisdiction to the amount of such valuation which lies within the City.

Source:

- (2) Wedbush Securities
- (3) Includes: General Obligation Bonds, Highway User Revenue Bonds, Special Assessment Bonds, Community Facility District Bonds, Deferred Amts on refundings, Capital Leases, Highway Project Advancement Notes, and Unamortized Bond Premiums

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE X** LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

		2004-05	2005-06	 2006-07		2007-08
6% Limitation Legal Debt Limitation Equal to 6% of Assessed Valuation	\$	158,890	\$ 175,320	\$ 184,984	\$	246.872
Total Net Debt Applicable to 6% Limit	·	110,085	115,400	 22,453	·	17,688
Margin Available for Future General Obligation Bond Issues for 6% Bonds	\$	48,805	\$ 59,920	\$ 162,531	\$	229,184
Total Net Debt Applicable to the 6% Limit as a Percentage of the 6% Legal Debt Limitation		69.28%	65.82%	12.14%		7.16%
20% Limitation Legal Debt Limitation Equal to 20% of Assessed Valuation	\$	529,633	\$ 584,400	\$ 616,614	\$	922,905
Total Net Debt Applicable to 20% Limit		91,975	95,750	 203,952		207,227
Margin Available for Future General Obligation Bond Issues for 20% Bonds	\$	437,658	\$ 488,650	\$ 412,662	\$	715,678
Total Net Debt Applicable to the 20% Limit as a Percentage of the 20% Legal Debt Limitation		17.37%	16.38%	 33.08%		22.45%
Total Margin Available	\$	486,463	\$ 548,570	\$ 575,193	\$	944,862

(1) Under Arizona law, cities can issue General Obligation Bonds for all purposes other than those listed in Note 2 below, up to an amount not exceeding 6 percent of assessed secondary valuation.

(2) Under Arizona law, cities can issue General Obligation Bonds for purposes of water, wastewater, artificial light, open space preserves, parks playgrounds and recreational facilities up to an amount not exceeding 20 percent of assessed secondary valuation.

TABLE X

(Continued)

					Secondary Assesse	ed V	-		argin Calculation id	\$	2,559,634
									6% Bonds (1)		20% Bonds (2)
					Legal Debt Limitation Debt Applicable to L General Obligation	imi		\$	153,578	\$	511,927 344,040
					-					-	
					Total Net Debt A Margin Available for				605		344,040
					Obligation Bond	lssu	les	\$	152,973	\$	167,887
					Total Margin Availa	ble				\$	320,860
	2008-09		2009-10		2010-11		2011-12		2012-13	-	2013-14
•	007 505	•	004.077	•	045.040	•	100.057	•	100.005	•	450 570
\$	287,585	\$	284,977	\$	245,642	\$	189,857	\$	166,225	\$	153,578
	13,569		6,064		5,326		1,370		175	-	605
\$	274,016	\$	278,913	\$	240,316	\$	188,487	\$	166,050	\$	152,973
	4.72%		2.13%		2.17%		0.72%		0.11%		0.39%
\$	958,616	\$	949,923	\$	818,807	\$	632,855	\$	554,084	\$	511,927
	246,326		270,496		278,409		288,900		300,735	-	344,040
\$	712,290	\$	679,427	\$	540,398	\$	343,955	\$	253,349	\$	167,887
	25.70%		28.48%		34.00%		45.65%		54.28%		67.20%
\$	986,306	\$	958,340	\$	780,714	\$	532,442	\$	419,399	\$	320,860

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2013-14

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE XI** PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (in thousands)

Utility System Revenue Bonds											
	_				Net Revenue Available				_		
		Operating Revenues (1)	Operating Expenses		for Debt Service	_	Debt Principal	Serv	/ice Interest	Coverage Ratio	
2004.05	¢.	220 502 (450 570	¢	74.005	<u>۴</u>	240	¢.	22.445		
2004-05	\$	228,503 \$	/	\$	71,925	\$	310	\$	23,445	3.03	
2005-06		254,216	174,561		79,656		340		25,844	3.04	
2006-07		270,070	175,942		94,128		340		29,305	3.18	
2007-08		278,366	196,130		82,236		7,960		34,658	1.93	
2008-09		274,497	197,992		76,505		9,815		37,225	1.63	
2009-10		275,193	194,159		81,034		10,475		40,380	1.59	
2010-11		283,921	190,441		93,480		12,585		42,814	1.69	
2011-12		299,356	180,296		119,060		21,365		43,465	1.84	
2012-13		293,915	241,128		52,787		21,630		46,412	0.78	
2013-14		295,710	203,187		92,523		22,550		51,927	1.24	

Highway User Revenue Fund Revenue Bonds

	 Highway User Fund Revenues	 Debt Principal	Serv	vice Interest	Coverage Ratio
2004-05	\$ 35,370	\$ 135	\$	5,400	6.39
2005-06	38,285	135		5,830	6.42
2006-07	40,975	135		6,401	6.27
2007-08	38,512	170		6,828	5.50
2008-09	34,260	2,025		6,823	3.87
2009-10	31,791	5,720		6,691	2.56
2010-11	32,053	6,030		6,365	2.59
2011-12	27,825	3,290		5,563	3.14
2012-13	30,046	6,145		5,627	2.55
2013-14	30,923	6,945		5,472	2.49

(1) Includes electric, gas, water, wastewater and solid waste systems.

(2) Excise tax revenues include city use and sales taxes, unrestricted license, fees and permits, fines and forfeitures, state-shared sales tax, state revenue sharing, and state shared vehicle license tax.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

-	Special Assessment Bonds				Community Facility District Bonds			
	Special Assessment	•		Community Coverage Facility District		Debt Se	Coverage	
-	Collections	Principal	Interest	Ratio	Collections	Principal	Interest	Ratio
\$	6 \$	12 \$	3	0.40 \$	- \$	- \$	-	-
	188	12	185	0.96	-	-	-	-
	851	343	357	1.21	-	-	-	-
	1,710	752	457	1.41	-	-	-	-
	1,202	752	417	1.03	-	-	-	-
	923	744	377	0.82	-	-	-	-
	1,088	744	337	1.01	-	-	-	-
	996	744	297	0.96	-	-	-	-
	897	744	257	0.90	-	-	7	-
	861	744	217	0.90	195	65	131	0.99

Municipal Development Corporation Bonds

Highway Project Advancement Notes

	Excise							Excise					
Тах		_	Debt Service		Coverage	Coverage Tax		_	Debt Service			Coverage	
-	Revenues (2)		Principal	-	Interest	Ratio	· <u> </u>	Revenues (2)		Principal		Interest	Ratio
\$	162,556	\$	3,400	\$	625	40.38	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	-
	187,580		3,900		479	42.83		-		-		-	-
	216,897		4,500		309	45.10		-		-		-	-
	226,910		5,100		108	43.57		-		-		-	-
	203,198		9,970		17	20.35		-		-		-	-
	-		-		-	-		208,547		-		449	464.30
	-		-		-	-		200,873		-		1,576	127.48
	-		-		-	-		199,949		-		4,312	46.37
	-		-		-	-		213,309		-		5,404	39.47
	-		-		-	-		221,355		45		4,790	45.78

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE XII** DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population (1)	Personal Income (2) (in thousands)	Per Capita Personal Income (3)	Median Age (3)	Public School Enrollment (4)	Unemployment Rate (5)
2005	451,223	\$ 10,203,506	\$ 22,613	32.5	74,070	3.6 %
2006	455,151	10,539,477	23,156	32.6	74,626	3.8
2007	460,155	10,840,792	23,559	32.9	74,128	2.9
2008	463,397	10,977,412	23,689	33.1	73,054	4.3
2009	465,272	11,288,895	24,263	33.3	70,297	8.0
2010	467,355	11,563,297	24,742	33.6	67,749	8.7
2011	440,677	10,465,197	23,748	32.6	66,144	9.0
2012	441,160	10,603,281	24,035	34.3	65,662	7.5
2013	444,856	10,361,141	23,291	34.4	64,892	7.2
2014	454,981	10,687,959	23,491	35.3	64,932	6.5

Sources:

(1)	2005-2013 City of Mesa Development Services (estimate), 2014 ESRI Community Analyst
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- (2) 2005-2010 Claritas (estimate), 2011-2013 SitesUSA (estimate), 2014 ESRI Community Analyst
- (3) 2005-2010 Claritas, 2011-2013 SitesUSA, 2014 ESRI Community Analyst

(4) Mesa Public Schools

(5) AZ Dept of Economic Security. Data is Phoenix - Mesa Metropolitan Area. Beginning in 2011 unemployment rate is not seasonally adjusted.

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE XIII** PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2014			2005	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Banner Health System	9,573	1	7.71 %	6,100	2	3.01 %
Mesa Public Schools	8,770	2	7.06	10,000	1	4.94
Boeing	4,700	3	3.78	4,300	3	2.13
City of Mesa	3,519	4	2.83	3,700	4	1.83
Maricopa County Government	2,644	5	2.13	-		0.00
Wal-Mart	2,533	6	2.04	1,775	6	0.88
Maricopa Community College	1,951	7	1.57	-		0.00
Kroger (Fry's)	1,210	8	0.97	-		0.00
Gilbert Unified School District	1,087	9	0.88	-		0.00
Aviall Inc	842	10	0.68	-		0.00
TRW/Vehicle Safety Systems, Inc.	-		0.00	1,450	7	0.72
AT&T	-		0.00	2,800	5	1.38
Empire Southwest Machinery	-		0.00	1,000	8	0.49
Bashas'	-		0.00	860	9	0.43
Special Devices			0.00	750	10	0.37
Total	36,829		29.66 %	32,735		16.18 %

Source: City of Mesa Office of Economic Development

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE XIV** FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Function/Program				
General Government	1,005	934	979	966
Police	1,325	1,311	1,332	1,306
Fire	446	454	468	472
Cultural-Recreational	511	462	445	417
Community Environment	170	161	183	181
Energy Resources	129	115	125	132
Water Resources	148	156	177	166
Solid Waste	135	138	132	136
Airport	9	11	10	9
Total	3,878	3,742	3,851	3,785

Source: City of Mesa Budget and Research Division

TABLE XIV

(Continued)

2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
838	835	824	870	864	880
1,282	1,240	1,163	1,158	1,163	1,173
470	455	457	473	479	482
335	329	334	332	313	317
189	184	189	184	183	178
140	122	116	115	117	117
213	232	230	233	229	238
126	124	120	117	127	125
10	10	9	9	10	10
3,603	3,531	3,442	3,491	3,485	3,520

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA TABLE XV OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Function/Program				
Police				
Major Crimes	25,853	24,904	22,437	21,388
Traffic Accidents	10,121	9,205	12,184	7,578
Fire				
Fires	1,386	1,605	1,428	1,200
Rescue or Emergency	41,689	43,073	38,003	34,207
False Alarms	2,021	2,595	2,875	2,456
Hazardous Conditions	591	676	608	567
Other Calls	7,738	7,820	11,792	12,976
Libraries				
Number of Registered Borrowers	193,722	233,836	266,839	275,449
Total Attendance	1,208,594	1,195,075	1,161,887	1,165,451
Access to Electronic Resources	1,835,867	2,307,051	3,029,001	2,910,088
Electric Connections	15,652	15,806	15,723	15,215
Gas Connections	45,435	48,622	50,478	51,454
Water				
Connections	131,141	133,105	133,249	133,086
Average Daily Consumption (mgd)*	93.6	94.5	89.6	85.8
Peak Daily Consumption (mg)**	137.95	131.28	128.83	125.72
Wastewater				
Connections	114,500	116,282	116,190	116,465
Average Daily Sewage Treatment (mgd)*	38.9	41.8	38.1	38.0
Solid Waste				
Customers Served	114,112	113,146	115,305	112,632
Refuse Collected (tons)	248,255	261,369	266,817	243,208
Recyclables Collected (tons)	36,264	32,869	38,660	39,296
Green Waste Collected (tons)	16,983	17,500	18,215	17,601
Falcon Field				
Average Number of Aircraft Based	922	924	901	934
Aircraft Operations (annual)	255,069	271,295	261,623	337,178

* mgd - millions of gallons per day ** mg - millions of gallons

TABLE XV

(Continued)

2008-09	2009-10	2010-11	2011-12	2012-13	2013-14
18,482	17,345	16,623	16,740	16,149	14,561
6,256	5,890	5,952	6,047	6,186	6,107
0,200	0,000	0,002	0,011	0,100	0,101
1,165	1,048	981	1,012	929	1,075
32,478	34,079	38,788	42,925	43,416	44,885
2,125	1,478	1,478	1,292	1,255	1,176
663	701	478	446	454	477
11,923	12,819	11,840	11,192	11,803	9,403
306,427	352,607	220,812	142,943	166,492	196,020
1,348,555	1,367,667	1,095,196	1,143,718	1,178,137	1,166,560
3,661,261	2,542,927	1,691,966	1,566,775	1,515,299	1,541,323
14,546	14,738	15,064	15,841	13,815	16,460
51,911	52,832	53,434	55,828	55,544	58,011
132,771	133,701	134,072	135,138	136,640	137,910
79.7	72.7	76.2	81.6	78.2	76.7
108.68	111.14	114.30	122.30	115.68	117.13
116,721	117,831	118,413	119,615	120,953	122,623
36.0	33.6	33.7	33.4	33.8	33.1
112,832	113,079	115,811	118,949	119,142	121,674
234,709	217,295	223,217	209,116	215,463	217,745
37,841	36,490	35,486	34,443	34,616	34,629
18,936	18,588	19,149	17,882	19,878	18,854
873	841	789	749	700	729
283,336	248,381	221,910	222,650	190,605	276,731

CITY OF MESA, ARIZONA **TABLE XVI** CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2004-05	2005-06	2006-07	2007-08
Function/Program				
Police Stations				
Stations	4	4	4	4
Vehicular Patrol Units	321	285	351	368
Fire Stations	17	17	17	17
Libraries	3	3	3	3
Parks and Recreation				
Developed Parks (acres)	1,149	1,184	1,184	1,180
Undeveloped Acres	1,230	1,251	1,251	1,251
Swimming Pools	12	12	12	12
Recreation Facilities	6	6	6	6
Community Environment				
Streets (miles)				
Paved	1,160	1,162	1,169	1,178
Unpaved	12	12	12	12
Storm Sewers (miles)	296	298	303	308
Gas Mains (miles)	1,037	1,121	1,147	1,202
Water				
Mains (miles)	2,004	2,022	2,008	2,068
Storage Capacity (millions of gallons)	97	117	117	117
Wastewater				
Mains (miles)	1,512	1,522	1,544	1,577
Treatment Capacity (millions of gallons per day)	56	56	60	60
Solid Waste				
Collection Trucks	69	78	68	70
Golf Courses	2	2	2	2

TABLE XVI

(Continued)

2008-09	2009-10	2010-11 2011-12		2012-13	2013-14
4	4	4	5	6	8
330	289	290	267	267	291
17	18	18	19	20	20
3	3	4	4	4	4
1,180	1,154	1,154	1,553	1,177	1,232
1,251	1,078	1,074	705	1,104	1,157
12	12	13	9	9	9
6	6	6	6	6	4
1,182	1,184	1,190	1,303	1,307	1,418
12	12	12	1	1	1
316	321	329	438	432	440
1,223	1,243	1,247	1,240	1,256	1,256
·	·	·	·	·	
2,104	2,127	2,136	2,270	2,284	2,315
125	125	125	125	125	125
1,598	1,606	1,613	1,652	1,677	1,677
60	60	60	60	60	60
69	69	69	70	72	72
2	2	2	1	1	1





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